May 7, 1772. NUMB. 2263.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

COPENHAGEN, January 25.

THE 22d inſtant the Chamberlain Lerſher and Captain Duval received their diſmiſſion, with orders to leave this reſidence in three days time, and never to appear in the kingdom again.

The new Chamberlain Bergenſkiold is ordered to quit this city, and go to Wardinberg.

Counſellor Nielſen, and the diſmiſſed Lieutenant Struenſee, have each received 200 rix-dollars, with orders to quit this kingdom.

The Chamber of the Police has publiſhed an order, "That all trades-people do keep their children, apprentices, and family at home, on the 28th and 29th inſtant, being the birth days of the King and Prince Royal; and the inhabitants are alſo forbidden to illuminate, or make any open demonſtrations of joy on thoſe days."

Jan. 27. His Majeſty has committed the Prince Royal, his ſon, to the care of the Queen Dowager Julia Maria, and has appointed the lady of Marſhal Numſen to be his governeſs.

Jan. 28. The diverſions of the carnival go on here in the ſame manner as if there had not been any revolution. The King dines commonly at two o'clock with the Queen-mother Julia Maria, the Hereditary Prince Frederick, and ſome foreign miniſters, with their ladies.

Extract of a Letter from Mittau, Jan. 19.

"I have this inſtant received by a courier paſſing to Peterſburgh the agreeable news from Dantzick, that the reſident miniſter from the King of Poland, chamberlain Uerſhewſky, has received information from his court, that the Ruſſian ambaſſador had declared to the king his maſter, by order of his court, that a general amneſty with the Porte is juſt agreed on: So that a peace is not ſo far diſtant as we had imagined.

"The ſaid letter from Dantzick is dated the 13th inſtant."

Hague, Feb. 7. Laſt Wedneſday the Daniſh Reſident had a conference with the States General, when he communicated to them the great revolution, which happened at Copenhagen on the 17th of January laſt, with all the circumſtances which gave riſe to it; at which their High Mightineſſes expreſſed great ſurprize and concern.

The laſt letters from Dantzick of good authority adviſe, that an Officer from the Grand Signor is now at Jaſſy, the capital of Moldavia, the head-quarters of the Field Marſhal Count Romanzow, negotiating a treaty of peace, which it is ſuppoſed will be preceded by a ſuſpenſion of arms, as an inſurrection is apprehended at Conſtantinople, unleſs the populace are appeaſed, on account of the high price of proviſions, which nothing can remedy but the reſteration of peace.

Warſaw, Feb. 5. We have juſt received accounts that the Confederates have taken Cracow, with all the magazines and artillery.

Copenhagen, Feb. 11. *The Commiſſioners charged with carrying on the proceſs againſt the priſoners of ſtate, have juſt iſſued an ordinance, by virtue of which all thoſe who have received any preſents from the Counts de Struenſee and Brandt, in the name of the King and Queen, muſt reſtore them.*

The expedition projected againſt Algiers will not take place; in conſequence of which, the ſailors who were here on that occaſion, have all received paſſports to return to their habitations.

Bruſſels, Feb. 21. Laſt night the Hereditary Princeſs of Brunſwick arrived here in perfect health, and this morning her Royal Highneſs proceeded to Brunſwick.

Cadiz, Jan. 24. By virtue of orders from the Court, a reduction of 25 men per company is now making in the regiments of Spaniſh infantry in garriſon here.

Dublin, January 18. Yeſterday the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Common Council, in reſpect to the memory of the late Dr. Lucas, his great merit, and behaviour in Parliament for the city of Dublin, granted a penſion of 50l. a year to his widow Mrs. Lucas, and his three youngeſt children, to commence from the 4th of laſt November, on which day he died.

LONDON.

Jan. 30. General Paoli (it is reported) has received letters from the Republic of Genoa, offering to reinſtate him in his former poſt, and to continue him in it for life, if he would return.

Feb. 4. To the honour of our moſt amiable Queen, a Correſpondent obſerves that ſhe never intermeddles in the politics or party diſputes of this country.

A Correſpondent ſays, "In England, as ſoon as any great character is called in queſtion, the more conſpicuous the ſtation, the more illiberal ſarcaſms are thrown upon it; this is verified in many examples, but in none ſo much as at preſent; no ſooner did the unhappy news arrive from Denmark, but the public prints teemed with ſcandalous accounts, abſurd, contradictory and puerile, villainous ſongs are publiſhed, and bawled all about London, even in the ears of an unfortunate family at St. James's.

To add to the preſent uneaſineſs in the Royal Family, it is reported that a divorce is in agitation between another married couple of high rank.

Letters from Gibraltar mention, that the Spaniards are augmenting their lines near that place, and re-inforcing the garriſons of Malaga, St. Reach, &c. by detachments from Grenada, and other places.

Feb. 13. The late Princeſs of Wales uſed conſtantly to relieve, with a guinea each, forty poor people every Levee-day, and alſo ſeveral poor families, who were recommended, by her own deſire, by her tradeſmen.

Extract of a letter from Vienna, January 25.

"The Court has lately ſent another courier to Conſtantinople, with diſpatches relative to the negotiation of peace, the mediation of which becomes daily more and more difficult; for the Court of Ruſſia inſiſts upon the independency of Crimea, which the Porte can never conſent to, as it would be contrary to the conſtitutions of the empire, by which it is ſtipulated, that in caſe of failure of ſucceſſors to the Ottoman Throne, of the preſent family, the Chan of Crimea ſhall ſucceed to it; ſo that neither the Grand Signor nor his Divan would dare conſent to the demand above-mentioned, for fear of an inſurrection."

It has been remarked by many, that the order iſſued at Copenhagen to forbid the people from ſhewing any demonſtrations of joy on the 28th and 29th of January, being the birth days of his Majeſty and the Prince Royal, plainly ſhews, that all power is taken from his Daniſh Majeſty, and that he is only a nominal King.

Feb. 15. A loan of 2,000,000 of ducats is negociating at the Hague, for the uſe of the Emperor of Germany.

A Morning Paper ſays, that the large diamond, which the French Monarch purchaſed ſome years ſince, as a button for his hat, is pawned to the Bank at Stettin for 1,500,000 ducats.

A Correſpondent from the I---- H---- has juſt informed us, that the four mates of the Company's ſhip the Duke of P------d, lately returned from Aſia, have proteſted againſt Captain H-----, for carrying out warlike ſtores in favour of Heyder Ali, the Company's enemy. It ſeems a ſhip had been contracted for to carry theſe ſtores to the Canaries, where they were to be taken on board, but were nevertheleſs ſhipped in England.

Extract of a letter from Hamburgh, January 28.

"Advices from Saxony bring the moſt dreadful accounts of the miſery and want which reign in ſome provinces of that Electorate, particularly in the circle of the mountains named Ertzgebourg, where the inhabitants die of hunger, and the want of every neceſſary. The garriſon of the little town of Senftenburg is retired, on account of a contagious diſtemper which has broke out among them."

Her Imperial Majeſty of all the Ruſſias has done Admiral Elphinſton the honour to ſend him a very large and curious medal, ſtruck in commemoration of the burning the Ottoman fleet at Cheſme.

Feb. 18. *It was confidently ſaid yeſterday, that the Q. of D. has been privately releaſed from her confinement, and has left the Daniſh dominions, under the protection of ſome perſons ſent from hence for that purpoſe. It is moreover ſaid, that ſhe is not to return here at preſent, but is to reſide ſome time in Germany, and that the Princeſs of Brunſwick has taken her leave at this Court, in order to go and receive her. We are not willing to give credit haſtily to this piece of intelligence, as it ſeems to fix a ſtain on that Q's character.*

We are deſired to ſay, that no advice has been received by our Court from Copenhagen, reſpecting an intrigue between the Q. and her Phyſician, and therefore there is no reaſon to think ſuch report is true. The only intelligence reſpecting any tranſactions in that kingdom yet received, which may be relied on, is, that there has been a revolution there, and that the Queen and many of her friends are impriſoned.

They write from Holland, that the French King has abſolutely been refuſed a loan in the Dutch funds---If this is true, French credit is at a very low ebb.

We learn by our letters of the 17th of December, from Conſtantineple, that Signor di Ludolph, Envoy from his Neapolitan Majeſty to the Ottoman Porte, as he was going to make a viſit to the Pruſſian Miniſter there, was attacked and robbed in the public ſtreets. By the ſame channel we are informed, that ſeveral Ruſſian frigates have been lately ſeen in the Euxine or Black Sea, which have even fired upon ſome Turkiſh ſhips there, and which *latter* had, with great difficulty, made their eſcape from the former. This event having been authentically aſcertained, and duly notified to the Marine department in Conſtantinople, 6 xebeques, and four gallies, were immediately ordered out on the cruiſe in the Black Sea, and particularly at the mouth of it, for the ſafety of the caſtles called the CAVAX. And in a poſtſcript to this letter we have advice that Ali Bey had taken by ſtorm the city of Scidia, otherwiſe *Sidon*, in Syria, on the 29th of October, which he intends to make the capital ſeat of his government in all Syria, to which he invites all the Jews from every quarter of the globe to come and ſettle, promiſing them not only to have the free exerciſe of their religion, but alſo full liberty of trading, and even admiſſion into all the departments of government, as natural members of the ſame.---At Gaza, Damaſcus, and Aleppo, Ali Bey has an army of 60,000 men.

His Majeſty having been informed how injurious a mourning of four months continuance would be to many of his ſubjects, we hear, has graciouſly declared, that the preſent mourning ſhall be limited to two months.

We hear that his Majeſty, on retiring from Carlton-houſe laſt Saturday morning, carried a caſket of jewels with him in his ſedan chair, which are valued at two hundred thouſand pounds.

Feb. 19. The Funeral of her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of Wales was very ill conducted, on Saturday night; the mob were ſo numerous and inſolent, that great part of the black cloth that covered the ſides of the platform was torn off before the proceſſion was half over, and the ſoldiers, inſtead of ſeizing or keeping off the offenders, only ſeemed deſirous of ſharing in the ſpoils. The ceremonial was literally *darkneſs viſible*, which aroſe from every tenth ſoldier only having a lighted flambeau. The Chapel was as gloomy as the Abbey; and when the body was carried to the Vault, the bearers were greatly diſtreſſed for want of lights. Many Ladies had the whole ſkirts of their gowns cut off, by a ſett of ruffians who got into the Abbey, and the pickpockets were ſo audacious, that they reſcued ſeveral of their companions who were taken into cuſtody, from the ſoldiers, and carried them off in triumph.

The character of the late Princeſs Dowager ſhines with new luſtre every day, and ſome of her greateſt opponents have declared themſelves, ſince her death, aſtoniſhed at the uncommon acts of benevolence her Highneſs conferred, in the moſt private manner, upon the unfortunate and deſerving.

All the chaplains who attended the funeral of her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Dowager of Wales on Saturday evening, had orders to provide themſelves with gloves and ſcarfs, which was actually done at their own expence. And we further hear (ſo univerſal was the œconomical plan upon this occaſion) that not a glaſs of wine was to be had.

A Pruſſian Ambaſſador extraordinary is on his way to Paris.

It is now beyond all doubt that a certain Northern Hero is at the bottom of the late revolution in Denmark.

It is ſaid that there are now ſeveral men of war lying off Portſmouth, that have received orders to hold themſelves in readineſs for an important expedition, the particulars of which will ſoon be made public.

Letters from Leghorn adviſe, that a ſmart engagement had happened betwixt a Ruſſian frigate of 26 guns, and a Daniſh ſhip of the ſame force, in which the latter blew up, and the Ruſſians narrowly eſcaped the ſame fate.

We are told that the diſtreſs of a great family at the Weſt end of the town has much abated, ſince the arrival of the laſt advices from Copenhagen.

Mr. Smith, a Merchant of the firſt rate in London, received advice yeſterday, about one o'clock, by a ſpecial Meſſenger from Amſterdam, that the preliminary articles of peace between the Porte and the Empreſs of Ruſſia, had been happily adjuſted; and that the Belligerent Powers had agreed to open a congreſs immediately, to conclude this weighty negociation, and that the town of Jaſſy had been fixed upon by all the high contracting parties, as the moſt convenient for the holding of this congreſs.

In a letter received on Saturday laſt from Berlin, by the way of Holland, there is advice that Meſſengers are conſtantly paſſing between that Court and Copenhagen, the Daniſh Preſident there (at Berlin) has frequent conferences with his Pruſſian Majeſty, and is in high favour at Court.

Feb. 29. Struenſee, the State Priſoner at Copenhagen, was at leaſt as great a favourite of his Daniſh Majeſty, as he was of the Queen.

ALL Perſons who are poſſeſſed of Bills of Credit, iſſued by Act of Aſſembly of the Province of Pennſylvania, dated June 15, 1767, denominated SIX POUNDS, FOUR POUNDS, and FORTY SHILLINGS; and alſo the Bills of Credit of ſaid Province, iſſued 1ſt March, 1769, denominated THREE POUNDS, THIRTY SHILLINGS, TWELVE SHILLINGS, and EIGHT SHILLINGS, are requeſted to bring them to the Provincial Treaſurer, and receive their reſpective Value.

May 4, 1772. *thqm.* OWEN JONES.

JACOB HOWELL,

Has for ſale, at his ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the Old Ferry-houſe, and next door to Joſhua Howell's,

AN aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, imported in the laſt ſhips from London. *May* 1, 1772.

Alſo a few Hogſheads of RED PORT. ¶ 8 *W.*

VARIETY of SILKS,

RICH plain black and white half ell ſattin; rich figured ditto, neweſt faſhion; mantuas, half ell and 3-qr. of the following colours, viz. Moreen, garnet, brown, light colours, green, black, white, Queen's grey, ſky blue, yellow and white, buff and white, orange and white, green and garnet, green and orange, green and purple, pink and white, purple and orange; mazareen and ſcarlet, black and white, brown and white, brown and yellow, brown and orange, blue and orange.---- Striped lutеſtrings, dark and light colours; rich buff and blue flowered and ſtriped ducapes; plain brown ditto, black India and Engliſh paduaſoys; black, blue and cloth coloured India taffeties and perſians; black, blue, pink and bluſh half yard perſians; half ell wide ditto; half yard and half ell wide ſarſnet; black, blue, Queen's grey, white, crimſon, crimſon laced, and white laced 3-qr. ſattin for cloaks; black peelong; white, black, crimſon, and green, figured modes and ſarſnets; Marſeilles quilting. With a neat aſſortment of European and East-India GOODS; imported in the laſt veſſels from London, Briſtol and Liverpool, and to be ſold, wholeſale and retail, by

THOMAS WEST,

In Second-ſtreet, a few doors below Market-ſtreet. *Tf.*

CADWALLADER and SAMUEL C. MORRIS,

Have juſt imported, by the laſt veſſels from England, a large and compleat aſſortment of European and India GOODS, which will be ſold by them, on the moſt reaſonable terms, at their ſtore, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, three doors below the corner of Second-ſtreet, conſiſting of

A GREAT variety of the neweſt faſhioned cottons and calicoes, ſtriped and plain bengals, ſtriped and plain perſians, coſſaes, humhum and tanjeel muſlins, bandanoes and romal handkerchiefs, a well aſſorted parcel of linen handkerchiefs, black Barcelona handkerchiefs and cravats, black taffeties, cotton, thread and ſilk hoſiery, worſted breeches patterns, purple, coloured and white gloves and mitts, mens beaver and tanned gloves, womens blue worſted hoſe, yard wide Iriſh linens, beſt flaxen ſprig ozenbrigs, Iriſh dowlas, brown hollands, ſtriped linen and cotton hollands, pillow fuſtians, Wilton cloths, blue, green and drab ſaggathies, perſians and ſarſnets, callimancoes, ſhaloons and durants, of all ſorts, plain and ſtriped camblets, black and drab velverets, apron width, yard wide and 7-8ths linen and cotton checks, black and blue figured made cardinals, cloth ditto, furniture checks, neweſt patterns, blue and drab broadcloths, brown buckrams, beſt white Ruſſia ſheetings, red, ſtriped and emboſſed flannels, blue duffils, double and ſingle damaſks, ribbons, of all ſorts, pins and needles, a great variety of cutlery, and hardware of moſt kinds, powder, ſhot, and lead, nutmegs, cotton, wool and tow cards, brown heſſians and roles, quality bindings, ſilk ferreting, Belladine ſewing ſilks, writing paper, ſilk knee garters, horn and ivory combs, &c. &c. &c.

Philadelphia, May 1, 1772.

On the 11th inſtant, being the ſecond day of the week, at ſix o'clock in the evening, will be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the premiſes,

A CONVENIENT well built DWELLING-HOUSE, almoſt new (lately occupied by Benjamin Kendall) ſituate on the north ſide of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, near Third-ſtreet, 24 feet 6 inches front, and 42 feet deep, with good dry cellars, and well built vaults under them; alſo commodious back buildings, 3 ſtories high, including a piazza of 9 feet deep, and 8 feet wide, the kitchen 14 feet by 18 feet, a good vault under the yard; the lot, extending 90 feet from Cheſtnut-ſtreet, is free of groundrent; a paſſage of 4 feet to be left into Third-ſtreet.

At the ſame time will likewiſe be ſold, in like manner,

A houſe and lot contiguous to the above, at the north eaſt corner of Cheſtnut and Third-ſtreets, with the ſtables, &c. having been many years a well accuſtomed Inn, the ſign of the Croſs Keys, and now letts for £ 80 per annum. The houſe being 26 feet front on Cheſtnut-ſtreet, and about 40 feet on Third-ſtreet, not long ſince compleatly repaired, the lot is 86 feet deep; alſo free of groundrent.

Alſo 14 acres and 3 quarters of meadow ground, in Paſſyunk townſhip, on Greenwich Iſland, about 3 miles from the city.

MOORE AND SNOWDON,

At the Union Brewery, the corner of Race and Fourth-ſtreets,

BEG leave to acquaint the Public, and particularly thoſe who are curious in malt liquors, that they have prepared from the choiceſt materials, and now ready for uſe, a large quantity of beſt pale BOTTLED BEER, which they will deliver any where in the city at the rate of ſix ſhillings per dozen, excluſive of bottles; Merchants, Captains of veſſels and others, who ſhall be pleaſed to favour them with their orders, may be ſupplied on the ſhorteſt notice with any quantity, carefully packed and wired for exportation. ‡ May 6.

Maidenhead, April 20, 1772.

GRANBY,

WILL cover this SEASON at Mr. Wilſon Hunt's, at *Three Pounds* a Mare; he is a ſon of the Beilfize Arabian, from a ſhock mare; his grandam was got by Old Cade, a ſon of the late Lord Godolphin's famous Arabian, whoſe blood has been ſo highly eſteemed for many years, his great grandam was a Hartly mare, known by Sportſmen to be the beſt in England. Granby is a fine bay, fifteen hands one inch high, with ſtrength in proportion, and equal in form and beauty to any horſe in America. ¶

[*For more new Advertiſements, ſee fourth Page.*]

HAGUE, *February* 14.

THE States of Holland have propoſed to the States of the other provinces to revoke the prohibition of the exportation of corn out of their reſpective territories, and to permit the inhabitants to ſend corn from one province to another for their mutual aſſiſtance, but the States of Friſeland have abſolutely refuſed their conſent to this propoſition; in conſequence of which the States of Holland have offered premiums to ſuch ſhips, as ſhall bring into their ports the greateſt quantity of corn within a certain time.

Dantzick, Jan. 15. The calamities of the times have had an influence upon the corn trade, which is carried on by this city with the greateſt part of Europe. Laſt year we received but 28,787 Laſts, whereas in the year 1770, 69,500 Laſts were landed at this port. This great diminution has occaſioned the ſcarcity complained of in the countries which get their ſubſiſtence from Poland by way of Dantzick.

Madrid, Jan. 15. Notwithſtanding the accommodation of this Court with that of London, our Miniſtry aſſemble frequently; and their project is to put the forces of this crown, both by ſea and land, upon the moſt reſpectable footing.

Warſaw, Feb. 6. The Ruſſians are forming a large magazine of corn and hay in the Palatinate of Sendomir. They have cut off the Confederates almoſt from all communication with Little Poland, and, at the ſame time, the Pruſſians cover the greateſt part of Great Poland.

Marſeilles, Feb. 5. They write from the Dardanelles, that what enraged the Governor of Metelin againſt the Greeks was the cowardice diſcovered, when the Ruſſians invaded that Iſland; for they not only made no reſiſtance, but even diſguiſed themſelves in womens cloaths, to avoid fighting.

Copenhagen, Feb. 8. Count Struenſee was laſt Monday carried to the houſe of the commandant of the citadel, and interrogated, for the firſt time, by the commiſſioners appointed to examine the ſtate priſoners, and in order to prevent the people from crowding, the draw-bridges were raiſed up.

Thorn, Feb. 8. We learn from Dantzick, that the Pruſſian troops continue not only to demand larger contributions than heretofore, but that they likewiſe occupy all the avenues to that city, by which they prevent corn being brought thither; and all the neighbouring inhabitants are forbid to carry corn to Dantzick, on pain of having it confiſcated.

Hamburgh, Feb. 7. The moſt authentic accounts from our Correſpondents at Denmark, do not pretend to penetrate the real cauſe of the late revolution, which ſeems to have taken its riſe more from the political views of the Courts of Paris and Berlin, than from any infidelity exerciſed towards the King by thoſe who ſhould have been the moſt attached to him. Our ſituation is at any rate a very precarious one, for if the Courts of Sweden, Paris, Berlin and Copenhagen, unite to oppoſe the Ruſſians, which is generally believed to be the caſe, we cannot long maintain our independency, and in all probability the Hanſe Towns, which from the twelfth century have made ſo reſpectable a maritime figure, and poſſeſſed the greateſt part of the trade of Europe, will in a ſhort time become the wretched appendages to the dominions of a great Northern Monarch. But to the preſent matter: The King of Denmark, once a Monarch of unlimited power, is now a ſlave in his own palace, and acts juſt as he is dictated to by the Queen Dowager and the new Council. The parade they made on his birth-day the 29th ult. was truly ridiculous, and even penetrated by the meaneſt of the populace, who could not but perceive this appearance of attention to his Majeſty, as only a cover to the horrid ſcene that will in a ſhort time take place, and end in the deſtruction of himſelf, Queen and eldeſt ſon.---How far Great-Britain will be a tame ſpectator of theſe wrongs, the politicians muſt decide.

We have advice from Peterſburgh, that the Empreſs of Ruſſia hath juſt permitted the exportation of corn in all parts of her empire. This important news, conſidering the ſcarcity and dearneſs of grain, affords great joy to the traders and people of this city.

Our correſpondent at Vienna writes, that they are carrying on all ſorts of preparations for an approaching war, with indefatigable diligence. An immenſe quantity of biſcuit is ordered to be made directly, all the Officers have received orders to be with their reſpective regiments with the utmoſt diligence and diſpatch, and eleven regiments of cavalry are ordered to march immediately from Hungary into Walachia.

Warſaw, Jan. 29. Notwithſtanding the many checks the Confederates have met with, and among the reſt Colonel Dobrowlſki, a Jew, baptized about ten years ſince (who, willing to ſignalize his zeal for his new religion, exacted heavy contributions from all the boats on the Viſtula, by which he collected above five thouſand ducats; but who, at length, fell into the hands of the Ruſſians) we have not the leaſt proſpect of tranquillity for this country; the indiſcreet zeal of the Monks, together with that of many devout ladies, continuing to ſow diſcord, where it had not taken root before. Great numbers of Grandees likewiſe find their advantage during the continuation of the troubles, being involved in debts, which could they be judicially purſued, they would never be able to pay.---We reckon no leſs than thirty-ſix officers of the Confederates, and five hundred ſoldiers, whom General Bibikow has ſent hither, whoſe declared profeſſion was that of being ravagers of the country.

Vienna, Feb. 8. It is reported that the Imperial troops, to the number of 80,000 men, will ſhortly encamp at Peterwaradin; and that eight regiments of cavalry, and ſix of infantry, will be ſent to Koniggratz.

Hamburgh, Feb. 14. A letter, addreſſed to the King of Denmark, by M. Suhm, one of the three Counſellors of Conference, appointed to examine the State Criminals, has been ordered to be printed; it contains, among other things, the following paſſages: "Recal ſuch as have been diſmiſſed without reaſon, eſtabliſh them in their poſts, and admit into your ſervice none but perſons of real deſert; retrench your diverſions; examine ſcrupulouſly into the ſtate of the debts of the Crown, and diſcharge ſuch as are juſt; forget not the ſituation of the Bank and of Commerce, and ſuffer not the one or the other to be a means of enriching a few individuals: If poſſible, diſcharge your ſubjects from the burdens under which they groan, or at leaſt make them more equal, that they may be more eaſily borne. By theſe, and other like regulations, this country will become the ſeat of proſperity, of liberty, of joy, of abundance, and of public ſecurity, with a much juſter title than that of England, where, when low and intereſted Miniſters cannot ſtifle the cries of the people from reaching the Throne, they have nevertheleſs prevented their having any good effect, and dared even to impriſon thoſe who acted in defence of the people, and of their moſt ſacred rights and privileges."

LONDON.

Feb. 8. The toaſt of the day is, *Serenity of mind to our King amidſt all his troubles.*

The Houſe of Commons in Ireland are in a violent ferment; they totally diſapprove of the meaſures of the Lord Lieutenant; they deſpiſe the politics of the Caſtle, and are actually about to depute twenty of their members, to bring their complaints, drawn up in form, and preſent them to the King.---*This inſtance is ſo extraordinary, that it is not to be paralleled in hiſtory ſince the days of Oliver Cromwell.*

Feb. 15. The Princeſs Dowager, ſome days before her death, made the Prince of Wales a preſent of a fine enamel picture of his Grandfather, richly ſet with diamonds.

There is certain information received that the K. of Pruſſia is the main ſpring in a Northern Revolution. He has ſecured Sweden, he perſuades Ruſſia, he rules the Councils of Holland, he commands in Denmark; the whole North is at his devotion.

Feb. 18. By the death of her late Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Dowager of Wales, the King gains an acceſſion to his civil liſt of 60,000l. a year; 50,000l. having been ſettled upon her as her dowry, and 10,000l. added to it, for the maintainance of the younger children; nor do we hear that this 10,000l. was ever withdrawn after her children were ſettled in the world. The Miniſter, therefore, has now 60,000l. a year more than he had formerly, to gratify his needy and numerous dependents.

It appears by the *Acta Regia*, or Royal Law of Denmark, that, "if the Queen Mother is dead, or married again, then ſhall the next Prince of the Blood, if in his eighteenth year, and can always abide in the kingdom, be Regent, and have two votes in the Council." Now as Frederick, the King's half brother (by the Queen Dowager Juliana) compleated his eighteenth year on the 11th of October, 1771, a tolerable gueſs may be given at the intentions of the Chiefs in the late revolution, and why it did not take place before, ſeeing, by the accounts lately received from thence, that Prince Frederick has been declared Regent of that kingdom, under the direction of his Mother; but, before this could legally take place by the above Royal Law, the King and Queen muſt be ſuppoſed to be no more; and the appointment of the Queen Dowager to be guardian of the ſon of the King (as the laſt advices from Copenhagen tell us is the caſe) has but a gloomy aſpect, as thoſe who have ſet aſide and impriſoned father and mother, will not heſitate, when it will ſerve their turn, to ſet aſide the ſon.

We are aſſured, that meaſures are already taken for the removal of a certain Queen from the place of her confinement, to ſome obſcure retreat in Hanover.

We hear a paper has been found in the late Princeſs Dowager of Wales's bureau, directing the debts of the late Prince of Wales, her huſband, to be paid. If her money is inſufficient, her plate, jewels and pictures, are to be ſold. The creditors, we are informed, are to apply to Samuel Martin, Eſq; her Royal Highneſs's Treaſurer.

Feb. 25. Her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Dowager of Wales made a preſent to her Majeſty of the diamonds and jewels ſhe wore at his Majeſty's Coronation, and to his Majeſty ſhe gave the large table diamond ring, which her Royal Conſort, his Father, uſed to wear.

Her Royal Highneſs alſo preſented the Princeſs of Brunſwick with a caſket of jewels, and her own, and the late Prince of Wales's picture in miniature, ſet round with diamonds and rubies.

It is certain that the additional force to our navy has been made chiefly with a view to the Eaſt Indies, becauſe it is in that quarter the ſtorm will break, if it breaks at all.---The recruiting of the French both in their land and ſea ſervice, in that part of the world, has given riſe to a ſuſpicion which ſeems but too well founded, that their intentions are far from being pacific.

Mr. Cornwall, and Mr. Dowdeſwell, were very ſevere on the Clergy, in the debate on Mr. Seymore's motion for the Eccleſiaſtical Nullum Tempus Bill on Monday laſt. The latter threw out many ſevere ſarcaſms on Church rapacity, and Mr. Cornwall ſaid, that to his knowledge there were Clergymen now in England who had livings of 1000l. per annum---and yet had the conſcience to keep Curates in theſe livings, ſtarving on thirty or forty pounds a year. In Ireland we ſee too many inſtances of this nature.

Extract of a letter from Italy, Feb. 2.

"They write from the Mantuan, that the greateſt part of the troops of that State have taken the route of Germany, and that new recruits are continually raiſing to replace them. It is added, that great quantities of corn, drawn from Breſſano, the Cremoneſe, and Bergameſe, are continually ſending off for the ſame deſtination. All theſe preparations make it believed that we are upon the eve of ſome great events, eſpecially if we may give credit to ſome letters from Germany, which bring, that the Court of Vienna, ſurpriſed at the great number of Pruſſian troops filing off towards Pruſſian Pomerania, demanded the occaſion thereof of the Court of Berlin; and that the latter replied, it was in conſequence of the laſt alliance concluded with Ruſſia, England, and Poland."

Extract of a Letter from a Merchant in Copenhagen, dated February 21, 1772.

"As to public affairs, take the following: The Queen's party grows into conſideration at Court, and a third intereſt is riſing for moderate meaſures, which ſeems to lean alſo to the Queen. You have heard, that the Queen's infidelity to the King's bed was long ago ſuſpected; but many ſay that this bold inſinuation was propagated by the party which now prevails, to draw the Queen from Struenſee into their own power. The Dowager, I can aſſure you, has been at the bottom of all. She is a woman of great intrigue, ambition, and daring Spirit. She had formed her favourites to her own liking, before the young Queen could ſee the neceſſity of ſecuring to her own family the power of the Crown, which the other deſired to weaken, that ſhe might controul it.

"Neceſſity, therefore, and not choice, impoſed Struenſee upon the young Queen. He has confeſſedly great abilities, but he wanted every thing elſe requiſite to form an abſolute Miniſter, in the arbitrary Court of a weak King, and a young, amiable, but not inſtructed Queen; ſubjected as it has been, for a long reign, to a graſping, turbulent nobility, unuſed to the exerciſe of power over their Sovereign. No wonder, therefore, if Struenſee was ſometimes extravagant, and that he appeared anxious to raiſe up friends to ſupport him, from families, which the pride of nobility had not placed beyond his reach.

"The revenge of the Dowager, whoſe conſequence in the ſtate was reduced to a cold ceremonial; the reſentment of the nobles, whoſe harveſt was reaped by thoſe who had not ſown, were long ſeen, but neglected. Struenſee temporiſed, when he ſhould have been moſt reſolute, with ſome; he deſpiſed others, whom he ſhould have cajoled; he did half the work for his enemies, to accelerate his own deſtruction. The diſbanding of the guards was an ill-tempered and an ill-timed meaſure; but the ſubmiſſion of the King's power, in the conduct of it, and in the timid remedy applied to the effects, gave the finiſhing ſtroke to his exiſtence as a miniſter. In ſhort, it is difficult to point out, with preciſion, where the revolution began, and it is impoſſible to foreſee where it will end. Some people, from a partiality to their own ſagacity, pretend to penetrate into the ſeveral motives of all the actors that have figured upon the ſtage. I will tell you what I have heard.

"The Dowager had long entertained a deſign to guide the helm. Had the young Queen uſed her ſtep mother with more ceremony, and appearance of reſpect, ſhe might have remained quiet. All ſides have long agreed, that the King is unfit to govern; ſome ſay the Act of renunciation was thought of equally by both parties; but the reigning Queen ſought it independent of the Dowager, and carried her meaſures with a high hand, as if ſhe was convinced of the rectitude of her intentions. People are divided about the infidelity to the Kings's bed; and the moſt violent ſpeak only of it in terms of ſurmiſe, from appearances. The King, amidſt all his weakneſs, is determined not to ſign any more orders of commitment and proſecution till he ſees his conſort, and they even talk of her return to the palace."

Laſt night ſome letters, ſaid to contain ſome unpleaſing accounts, were received from the ſuperintendant of Indian affairs in Weſt Florida.

Six men of war are fitting out at Portſmouth, to cruiſe in the bay of Biſcay. They are ordered to be victualled for 3 *months; Admiral Pye is to command.*

Feb. 27. The debt due from the French Court to the Britiſh ſubjects of Canada, contracted there for ſtores and proviſions during the laſt war, amounted to the ſum of thirty-five millions of livres, or 1,531,250l. ſterling; for which paper money had been iſſued, and the payment thereof was ſecured by an article in the definitive treaty of peace.

Laſt Saturday ſeveral of the North Country pilots were ordered to attend the Trinity-houſe. Various are the conjectures: Some ſay they are to pilot a Ruſſian fleet expected to arrive from the Straits, but others ſay they were ordered to attend upon a different occaſion.

This morning ſome different diſpatches, ſaid to be of importance, were ſent off from the Secretary of State's office for Gibraltar. It is ſaid that orders have been ſent to the Governor to lay a boom acroſs the Harbour, to prevent ſurpriſe.

Feb. 28. Yeſterday in the Lower Aſſembly, Sir George Saville made his annual Proteſt, againſt the illegality and injuſtice of the proceeding with regard to the deciſion of the Middleſex election.

Feb. 29. Advice was yeſterday received, that the Commons of Ireland had agreed to the following reſolution:

Reſolved, That whoever adviſed the carrying into execution the encreaſe of the Commiſſioners of the Revenue, beyond ſeven, after the reſolution which hath been now read---(which reſolution was ſubſequent to the date of his Majeſty's letters for appointing the ſaid Commiſſioners, agreeable to the ſeveral acts of Parliament, empowering him ſo to do, but prior to the carrying into execution by letters patent, under the Great Seal, his Majeſty's intentions, expreſſed in his Majeſty's letters) adviſed a meaſure contrary to the ſenſe of this houſe contained therein. Ayes 106, Noes 106: The Chairman declared for the Ayes.

Letters juſt received from Copenhagen adviſe, that the King of Denmark has appointed two new Governors to his ſettlements at Tranquebar and Danſburg, in the Eaſt-Indies.

They write from Paris, that the French Court are on the point of ſurrendering the Kingdom of Corſica to the Infant Duke of Parma, for the ſum of 11,000,000 livres.

By a veſſel from Liſbon they adviſe, that the King of Portugal has juſt publiſhed an edict, prohibiting the importation of linens and woollens from France and Holland, and allowing them from England and Ireland duty free.

All the intelligence, papers, &c. relative to the Daniſh revolution, are, we hear, to be laid before the Privy Council.

Extract of a Letter from Copenhagen, Feb. 8.

"It is remarkable that no notice is taken of the King's ſon in any of the accounts publiſhed under the direction of the new Council, but the Queen Dowager and her ſon are extolled to the ſkies. In a letter (which hath been printed and publiſhed here) wrote to the King by M. Suhm, one of the three Counſellors of Conference, appointed to examine the papers of the State priſoners, are the following paſſages.

"Bleſſed be Julia! Exalted be the name of Frederick! Thanks be to the Patriots, to all thoſe who have removed the miſt from thine eyes! Thou haſt received from God, and from thy people, power ſupreme; to God muſt thou render an account of the uſe thou makeſt of it. Be mindful, thyſelf, to ſet ſome bounds to this power, by acknowledging God for thy Lord and Maſter, by ſeeking the good of thy people, by chooſing worthy Miniſters;---and thou had the moſt worthy of all in thy brother. Fear God, love thy people, give thy confidence to thy brother, and reign by thyſelf; then ſhall we call thee, in proceſs of time, Chriſtian the Great, the Wiſe, the Good. Our eſtates, our children, our blood, are at thy ſervice: This blood we are ready to ſhed for thee, for Julia, for Frederick, for our country."

The D. of C---------, we hear, has declared, that ſhould any Bill take place to the excluſion of his poſterity, he will quit a kingdom for ever, where vice alone is the road of proſperity, and reformation of manners, the grand barrier to juſtice and advancement.

It is reported that Lord Irnham will be appointed one of the Lords of the Admiralty, in the room of Mr. Fox.

We hear that a parliamentary enquiry into the conduct of the Eaſt-India Company in Bengal, was originally propoſed by a Great Perſonage, who was much ſhocked with the accounts he received of the oppreſſions exerciſed over the poor natives.

On Thurſday Mr. Wedderburne divided with the Minority, for Sir George Saville's motion, relative to the Middleſex election.

Wedneſday his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland came to town from Windſor, with an intent to enter his proteſt againſt the bill now depending before the Lords for regulating Royal marriages. His Royal Highneſs was prevented taking this ſtep by their Lordſhips ordering that clauſe in the bill, which had a retroſpect to the deſcendants of His late Majeſty to be eraſed. So that the bill in queſtion relates to the marriages of the Children of the preſent King. His Highneſs behaved in the Houſe with great manlineſs.

The following we are told, is the ſubſtance of his Royal Highneſs's Speech upon the occaſion:

"My Lords,

"The Bill now in agitation, ſeems framed by the Miniſter with an intention of doing an injury to my family; I profeſs myſelf a married man, and I appeal to your Lordſhip's humanity, whether any Bill ought to paſs this Aſſembly, which contains a retroſpective clauſe, evidently inſerted to advert to a prior matter? I truſt your Lordſhips will not ſuffer ſo material an injury to be done me and my family."

It is computed that the amount of the gold, ſilver and jewels, excluſive of other merchandize, brought over to England from the Eaſt-Indies within theſe four years, is no leſs than ſix millions.

It is ſaid that a Privy Council was held yeſterday after the levee at St. James's, in conſequence of advices from Admiral Rodney on the Jamaica ſtation received yeſterday. Some diſpatches were ordered to be got ready with all poſſible ſpeed, to be ſent to the above Gentleman.

It is ſaid that the advices received from Admiral Rodney contain intelligence no ways pleaſing.

They write from Paris of the 16th inſtant, that the ſenate of Genoa had lately ſent a very ſpirited memorial to the French Court, relative to the iſland of Corſica.

Laſt night ſome diſpatches, ſaid to be of a very important nature, were received at the Ruſſian Ambaſſador's from the Court of Peterſbourg.

A change of Adminiſtration is again talked of.

March 3. Letters from Copenhagen mention, that the Queen is now permitted to walk out two miles diſtance from the Caſtle of Cronenbourg. Her name is omitted in the public prayers.

On Friday Governor Johnſton offered to the Houſe a petition from an Armenian merchant, named Cojamaul, complaining of the unparallelled cruelty he had ſuffered from the *nominal Nabobs*, and other ſervants of the Eaſt India company in Bengal, without ever being able to know of what crime he was accuſed, and begging ſome regulations of government for his future ſecurity, as well as the reſt of the miſerable inhabitants, who were equally expoſed to the ſame oppreſſions. The ſubject was opened with great perſpicuity, modeſty and force, ſtating the tyranny that exiſted, and the neceſſity of ſome relief. The Houſe was uncommonly full, and liſtened with reſpectful attention; though moſt of the Nabobs and Directors who are in Parliament were preſent, yet they choſe to leave impreſſions, which were made by Governor J-----n's ſpeech and the petition, uncontradicted; the petition was therefore brought up without oppoſition.

We hear that a new Daniſh Ambaſſador Extraordinary is expected in town ſoon, a houſe being taken for him, ſix footmen hired, and elegant liveries making for them.

It is imagined that the Queen of Denmark will be permitted to live any where but in Denmark. The choice of her place of reſidence will be left to her own option.

We hear that the 39 articles were ſo *ſweated* in the Houſe of Commons the 6th ult. that they will not paſs current again, even among their old friends.

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, Feb. 15.

"*The examined papers of the State priſoners turn clearly againſt them, notwithſtanding the Court ſhews all the lenity poſſible to them. Yeſterday afternoon the Engliſh Miniſter, Col. Keith, had an audience of his Daniſh Majeſty, in the preſence of his Privy Council, on account of diſpatches he received from his Court.*

"*Two Cabinet Secretaries, two Ladies belonging to the Queen, the waiting women belonging to the young Prince, the two young blacks, that attended occaſionally upon the Queen, and upon the Royal Family, and about* 20 *other perſons, were this week examined before the Commiſſioners, and next week the examination of the State priſoners will begin. General Schmidt is appointed ex parte to the commiſſion of the Inquiſition. Admiral Hanſon is ſo far free, that he has no guard upon him, but is not permitted to go out of his houſe; one of the Queen's Ladies, who was under arreſt, is ſet at liberty. On Wedneſday morning arrived Monſieur Erneſt, Col. Keith's Secretary, from England, who was ſent over from hence thither the* 18*th of laſt month. In the Caſtle* 3 *rooms are fitted up for Col. Falkenſcield, Lieut. General Weſſelburg, and Counſellor Sturk. This is done for the convenience of the Commiſſioners, that they may be near at hand; their examination will begin on Thurſday next. Counſellor Sturk was, for the firſt time, under examination on Friday laſt by the Members of the Commiſſion, and was permitted pen, ink and paper; but after he had written about two ſheets, they were taken from him by the Major of the guard. The Daniſh Ambaſſador to the Britiſh Court, Baron de Dieden, who had leave of abſence, it*

ordered to repair to London. *The two Clergymen, belonging to the garrisons of Helsingor and Cronenbourg, have received orders from the King to preach by turns before the Queen, the one in German, the other in the Danish language.*"

We are informed, that the last packet from Denmark contained a letter from the Queen Consort to his Majesty, the contents of which are kept a profound secret.

Orders are sent over to Ireland, to make a draught of 20 men from every regiment in that kingdom, which are to march with all expedition for Kinsale, in order to embark for Quebec.

A report prevailed yesterday, that an attempt had been made on the life of the Prince of Orange, by shooting at him as he was riding in his garden on horseback at his seat of Harlmstadt.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, Feb. 25.

"*Baron de Dieden, envoy extraordinary from the King of Denmark to the Court of Great-Britain, passed by here last Saturday in his way to London.*"

The Ministry have given orders to their Secretaries, Clerks, &c. to be very cautious how they mention the affairs of state before any person.

It is said that this morning his Excellency the Russian Ambassador, attended by Lord Rochford, waited on his Majesty with some dispatches received last night from Petersburgh.

March 5. The King of Prussia has sent a letter to our Sovereign, as Elector of Hanover, which occasioned an express to be sent off late on Sunday night to that Electorate.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Copenhagen, to his friend in town, dated February 16.

"Notwithstanding every art is used by the Queen Mother and her party, to blacken the character of the Queen of Denmark, it is generally believed, by all sober and sensible people, that she is innocent of every charge brought against her; the Queen Mother seems to think she has gone a step too far, for the spirited Ambassador, Mr. Keith, whose services ought never to be forgot, represented to her, in the presence of the Privy Council, the high affront she had put upon the King his master, and that she might expect it would be resented in a proper manner, as soon as the season would admit of it; on which, orders were immediately sent to Cronenbourg, that the Queen should be treated in a different manner, and indulged with the liberty to go out in her carriage, and to have all attendance suitable to her dignity."

By a private letter from Copenhagen we are informed, that the opinion of the British Judges, as handed about there, was to the following effect: "That every Queen, by virtue of her marriage, was no less a natural born subject than a native of the kingdom; and that the King of Great-Britain would not meddle with the laws of Denmark, which he considered as founded in equity; nor would he interfere in the present troubles, beyond what the dignity of his Crown, inseparable from the true interests of his people, and built both upon truth, moderation and justice, shall prompt him to."

Letters from St. Lucar mention the loss of 15 or 16 sail of ships on the coast of Spain, between St. Vincent and the river St. Peter.

We hear that a person is now at the Hague from Berlin, negociating the loan of a large sum.

It is said that Britain, about a month ago, sold his body to an eminent surgeon at Reading for a weekly stipend, to be anatomized after his death.

BOSTON, *April* 27.

Last Monday the Wife of one Mr. Stetson, of Braintree, was delivered of the fourth Pair of Twins, within Eight Years, besides having had two single Births between.

NEW-YORK, *May* 3.

Between two and three o'Clock Yesterday Morning, a terrible Fire broke out in or near the Distillery back of Mr. Benjamin Hildreth's, in St. George's Square, in this City, and rented by Messrs. Bolitho and Springall. It being a dead Time of the Night, the Fire had got to a great Heighth before the Inhabitants could assemble. The Wind being at about N. W. the Flames soon reached the Wooden Buildings adjoining, and carried all before them to the Front of Water-street; and notwithstanding every Inhabitant present did all in their Power on this very melancholy Occasion, the following Houses were burnt on the North Side of Water-street, viz. Two Houses wherein Mrs. Finley, and John Bennet, lived, owned by Thomas Arden; that wherein Alexander Montgomery lived, his own Property; that wherein William Irwin lived, owned by Benjamin Hildreth, as also a Store-house and Stable; that wherein John Freeborn lived, owned by one Willis; that occupied by Pelathia Haws, belonging to Augustus Van Horne; with a Store-house and Stable, the Property of the Widow Walton.

The House on the South Side of Water-street, wherein Mr. Springall lives, was twice caught by the Flames, but was as often happily extinguished; and two Houses in a narrow Street, to the Eastward of where the Fire originated, the Property of Henry Kip, and occupied by Peter Hansen, and John Moore, were much burnt.

Captain English, in a Sloop from Jamaica, for this Port, about 5 Weeks ago, was cast away 40 Leagues from the Havanna; 4 Days after which Misfortune the Captain died. The Vessel entirely lost, and the Part of the Cargoe that was saved by the Crew, was carried off by the Spaniards to the Havanna, and the People all stripped, and put in Goal.

Governor Hutchinson, of Boston, has dissolved the General Assembly of that Province.

PHILADELPHIA, May 7.

On the 8th ult. departed this Life, at Barbados, to which Island he had gone for Recovery of his Health, Mr. CHARLES PEMBERTON (Son of Mr. ISRAEL PEMBERTON, of this City) in the 24th Year of his Age; a Gentleman of an engaging facetious Disposition, and promising Genius, which rendered him beloved and esteemed, and his Death much lamented.

Yesterday Se'nnight Mr. RICHARD BACHE, Merchant, of this City, arrived here from London, by Way of New-York.

By Captain Burchmore, from the Grenades, we learn, that Writs for the Election of Members of an Assembly for that Island, were lately issued by his Excellency Governor Leyborne, which have been strenuously opposed by the patriotic Merchants, Freeholders, and other Inhabitants, who complained loudly of the former and present illegal Proceedings of the Governor and Council; and presented a Petition to his Excellency, couched in the strongest terms, setting forth, That according to the Laws of England, no Roman Catholick can be admitted as a Member of their Assembly; intreating that his Excellency would be pleased to recal the present Writs, and issue others for convening an Assembly in the Form and Manner prescribed by the Laws of Great-Britain and that Colony: That a Protest was also entered by Twenty-one Freeholders, against all the Transactions of the Assembly, that should meet in Consequence of the said Writs; declaring that such Assembly would not be a lawful Representation of the Inhabitants, and consequently, would be without Power to make Laws, or do any other Act, Matter or Thing, to bind them. Notwithstanding which Petition and Protest, we further learn, that on the 9th of March the General Assembly of Grenada met, and the Members present were sworn before the Governor in Council.

Last Week Captain Williams arrived here from Barbados, with whom came Passengers Mr. WILLIAM STRICKER, and his Lady. On the 25th ult. in Lat. 33:38, Long. 73:30, he spoke a Sloop, from Hispaniola for Rhode-Island, 8 Days out, all well.

Captain Waide, from Jamaica, on the 11th ult. off the Grand Commanders, about 10 Minutes before 8 o'Clock in the Evening, felt a smart Shock of an Earthquake, which lasted about Half a Minute. On the 14th, in Lat. 21:40, Long. 84, spoke a Brig, Captain Chubb, and a Ship, Captain Taylor, both for Bristol; a Ship, Captain Kerr, for London; and a Brig, Captain Gilbert, for New-York, all from Jamaica, and three Days out; and on the 17th, off the Havanna, he spoke the Snow Molly, Captain Gilbert, from the Bay of Honduras for this Port, out 11 Days, all well.

Captain Warden, from Cape Nichola, on the 28th of April, in Lat. 35:42, Long. 72:30, spoke a Schooner, Captain Riddle, from St. Thomas's for New-York, out 16 Days; and on the First Instant, in Soundings, off Indian River, he spoke a Sloop, from New-York for North-Carolina.

Captain Dean, from Liverpool, on the 25th of February, in Lat. 47:57, spoke the Ship Charming Polly, Captain Eares, from Charlestown for Gosport, 5 Weeks out; and on the 21st of April, in Lat. 35, he spoke a Schooner, from Turks Island for Marblehead, out 7 Days.

Captain M'Culloch, from St. Christophers, on the 30th ult. in Lat. 38:22, Long. 73, spoke a Sloop, Captain Forster, from Rhode-Island for Georgia, out 4 Days.

Captain Williams, from St. Kitts, on the 24th of last Month, in Lat. 32:37, Long. 72:34, spoke a Sloop, Captain Gilbert, from Barbados for New-York.

The Snow Penn, Captain M'Cain, of this Port, is arrived at St. Christophers from Cork. As is also Captain Gilbert, from Wilmington.

From Bristol there is Advice of the Death of ABRAHAM TAYLOR, Esq; in the 70th Year of his Age; formerly a worthy Inhabitant of this Place, and many Years Collector of the Customs for this Port.

At an annual Meeting of the Contributors to the Pennsylvania Hospital, held pursuant to the Law of the said Corporation on the 4th Instant, the following Members were elected Managers and Treasurer for the ensuing Year, viz. *John Reynell, James Pemberton, Isaac Jones, Israel Pemberton, Isaac Cox, Samuel Rhoads, Jacob Lewis, Thomas Mifflin, Daniel Roberdeau, Thomas Wharton, Joseph Morris, William Logan*, Managers. *Joseph King*, Treasurer.

Last Friday Night the Shop of Mr. Thompson, on Society-hill, was broke open, and robbed of Goods to a considerable Value.

Saturday last Patrick Kennedy was executed at Chester, pursuant to his Sentence, for committing a Rape on the Body of Jane Walker. Thomas Fryer, Neill M'Carraher, and James Davis, who received Sentence of Death with him for the same Offence, were reprieved under the Gallows.

At a Court of Oyer and Terminer, and General Goal Delivery, held last Week at Salem, Mr. Talbert, who had been confined in Goal on Suspicion of murdering his Wife, was honourably acquitted, there being no Bill found against him.

Arrived at Cork. The Diana, Wilson, from New-York.

At Plymouth. The Scarsdale, Reed, from Virginia.

Deal, Feb. 24. Came down and sailed, The Hanbury, Easton, for Virginia. *(Feb.* 28*)* In the Downs, The Peace and Plenty, Smith, for Maryland.

Bristol, Feb. 22. Entered out, The Restoration, Thomas, for New-York and Maryland. Sailed, The York, Mereweather, for Virginia.

March 5. Entered out, The Warwick, Smith, for Philadelphia.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Molly, J. Mullet, from St. Kitts. Brig Adventure, C. Hamery, Western-Islands. Snow Live-Oak, R. Moore, Honduras. Schooner Chance, W. Greenway, St. Martins. Sloop Banister, Z. Burchmore, and Brig Unity, G. Ord, Grenades. Sloop Success, W. Laurence, Coracoa. Sloop Hannah, J. Chapman, Hispaniola. Brig Carpenter, S. Williams, and Schooner Industry, R. Parker, Barbados. Brig Lovely Lass, A. Waid, and Brig Mary, D. B. Edwards, Jamaica. Schooner Hansford, C. Wilson, Antigua. Ship Concord, J. Volans, and Ship Betsy, S. Hood, Bristol. Schooner Bonaventure, J. Waterman, Nantucket. Schooner Rebecca, J. Holden, Virginia. Schooner William, J. Gorham, Schooner Susanna, J. Somes, and Sloop Peggy, S. Hinckly, from Boston.

OUTWARDS. *Sloop Hope, S. Seymour, for Surrinam. Sloop Adventure, T. Powell, Ship Britannia, J. Brown, and Sloop Deborah, B. Canby, Jamaica. Brig Nancy, W. Hawkins, Barbados. Ship Joseph, J. Crew, Newfoundland. Sloop Bonaventure, J. Waterman, Boston. Sloop Success, W. Laurence, Porto-Rico. Snow Barbados-Packet, W. Sutton, Lisbon. Sloop Banister, Z. Burchmore, for Dominica.*

CLEARED. *Schooner Betsy, J. Green, Brig Jenny, W. Brown, and Brig Dolphin, J. Russell, to Grenades. Brig Charlestown Packet, S. Wright, South-Carolina. Schooner Delaware, B. Goodhue, Salem, N. E. Sloop Sally, S. Alderson, North-Carolina. Schooner Fanny, W. Cannon, St. Croix. Schooner Seaflower, E. Forster, Halifax. Brig Favourite Molly, J. M'Daniel, Barbados. Brig Molly, J. Mullett, St. Kitts. Sloop John, A. Lowell, Salem, N.E. Ship Lark, C. Biddle, Hispaniola. Snow Neptune, T. E. Wallace, Lisbon.*

A COMPLETE Edition of the genuine LETTERS of the late Rev. Mr. GEORGE WHITEFIELD, in 3 vols. octavo, bound, received from his Executors, by Captain Falconer, are to be sold, by

DANIEL ROBERDEAU.

"In which are displayed that spirit and simplicity, so eminently conspicuous in the author's life and conversation. "His friends, and even his enemies (should there be any such) "will here openly behold his unwearied diligence, undaunted "firmness, noble disinterestedness, and eminent usefulness, in "the work of the gospel ministry; also, his remarkable fidelity in friendship, exemplary piety, and fervent zeal for the "prosperity of pure and undefiled religion."

At the same place may be had, not exceeding 12 setts of a late publication of excellent SERMONS, in 2 volumes octavo, bound, the posthumous works of the late Reverend Mr. SAMUEL DAVIES, by Dr. THOMAS GIBBONS, the editor. Also a few setts of a former publication of sermons, by the same eminent author, in 3 volumes octavo, unbound, for the benefit of his orphan children. *Theof.*

SAMUEL HOWELL and SON,

At their store, in Chestnut-street, near Front-street,

HAVING determined to decline the importation of dry goods, will sell their stock of goods on hand much lower than their general prices, either for cash or short credit.

Lately imported, per the Concord, Captain Volans, the Betsy, Capt. Hood, and other vessels from England, and to be sold, by

JAMES BRINGHURST,

At his Warehouse, in the Bank, on Front and Water-streets, between Walnut-street and the Drawbridge,

A LARGE and general ASSORTMENT of Ironmongery, Cutlery, &c. also sheet glass, window glass, and Painters colours, both dry and ground in oil, Painters best brushes, and tools, &c. a few pieces of hair seating, for chairs, clout leather, for pump boxes, &c. and best Glocester cheese. Also has for sale, good linseed oil, by the barrel, or smaller quantity. ¶

IF GASPARD de MURALT, a Native of Switzerland, who is said to be settled in or near this city, will apply to JOSHUA FISHER and SONS, he will hear of something to his advantage. *

A QUANTITY OF

CHOICE SPANISH HIDES,

To be SOLD by

LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH,

On Stamper's Wharff, or by

SAMUEL RHOADS, junior,

At the Bird-in-Hand Wharff. ¶

Philadelphia, May 2, 1772.

WHEREAS JUDAH FOULKE, Esq; Sheriff of the county of Philadelphia, in the Pennsylvania Gazette and Journal, of the 30th of April last, did advertise to be sold, by public vendue, on the 8th of this inst. May, one full, equal, and undivided moiety, or half part, of and in a certain two story frame tenement, and lot of ground, containing in breadth 20 feet, and in depth about 100 feet, bounded by said Front-street, Dock-street, and by ground of Jedediah Snowden, John Leacock, and others, seized and taken in execution by the said Sheriff, as the estate of a certain Emanuel Rouse. Now I do hereby warn all persons against purchasing the said estate, as I have an undoubted title to the whole of the said tenement, and lot of ground, and intend to take the proper steps for recovering the possession thereof. NATHANIEL REYNOLDS. ¶

MEADOWS,

IN DIFFERENT PARCELS,

SITUATE in Passyunk Township, about 3 or 4 Miles from Philadelphia, to be LETT, for the present Season. Enquire of JOSEPH FOX, ABEL JAMES, or MICHAEL HILLEGAS.

Just imported, in the ship Britannia, Captain Falconer, from LONDON, and to be sold by

RICHARD BACHE,

At his store, on the south side of Market-street, between Third and Fourth-streets, for cash only, the following GOODS, at the most reasonable rates;

OZENBRIGS, 7-8ths and yard wide Irish LINENS, printed calicoes and cottons, of the newest patterns, nankeens, printed linen handkerchiefs, 3-qr. dowlas, 7-8ths and 3-qr. garlix, double and quadruple silesias, white and brown clouting diaper, damask and diaper table-cloths, fringed and plain, yd. wide muslins, humhums, long lawns, broad lawns, pistol lawns, and clear lawns, demy cambricks, pomeranias, bordered and spotted bandanoes, silk lungee romals, silk pullicat, cotton ditto, black and coloured Persian and China taffeties, &c.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to All whom it may concern, that by Order of the Honourable the Judges of the Supream Court, of the province of Pennsylvania, a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Goal Delivery, will be held at Philadelphia, for the city and county of Philadelphia, on Monday, the 15th of June next. JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

A QUANTITY of excellent CAROLINA SOAL LEATHER, and dried HIDES, to be sold by

DANIEL ROBINSON,

At his store, on Mr. Joseph Sims's wharff, below the Drawbridge; where he also has for sale, as usual, West-India, Philadelphia, and New-England RUM; Muscovado and loaf SUGAR; Bohea TEA, coffee, chocolate, pepper, piemento, Boston mackarel; Teneriffe, Fyal, and Malaga wines, &c. &c.

WANTED, a pair of genteel, gentle, well broke horses, bays, or blacks, will be preferred. Any person having any such to dispose of, may apply as above. ¶

THE MEMBERS of the BLOCKLEY and MERION united LIBRARY, are hereby notified to meet at the Library Room, the 29th Instant, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, to consult on a Matter of Consequence to the Company.

¶ *By Order of the Directors,*

May 1, 1772. LEWIS JONES, Secretary.

Imported in the ship Britannia, Captain Falconer, from London, and ship Bridge, Captain Rogerson, from Liverpool, by

GEORGE FULLERTON,

A NEAT assortment of European and East-India GOODS, suitable to the season; which he will sell on very low terms, for cash, or the usual credit, at his store, in Chestnut-street, between Front and Second-streets.

Just imported in the ship Betsey, Capt. Hood, and to be sold by

TIMOTHY BERRETT,

In Arch-street, between Second and Third-streets,

A Large and neat assortment of HARDWARE, *viz.* Set stone shoe, knee and stock buckles, broaches, ear-rings, hair pins of different patterns, Boulton and Fothergill's best plated candlesticks of the newest patterns, plated spurs, plated shoe and knee buckles, Prince metal and brass candlesticks, Pinchbeck shoe and knee buckles, gilt buttons, men and womens steel watch chains, seals and keys. Also, an assortment of watchmaker's tools, consisting of main springs, best inside chains, square nose watch pliers, round nose ditto, pendulum ditto, slip tongs, vize chops, cutting nippers, spring dividers, hand vizes, tail vizes, round noses, screw plates of different sizes, cock saws, saws with nuts, flat faced hammers, gravers, scorpion knives, bench vizes, tools, &c. A variety of the most fashionable japanned ware, consisting of square and round waiters, from 9 to 24 inches, square and 8 square bread baskets, quadrill pools, bottle stands, paper boxes, and sundry articles, too tedious to insert.

To be SOLD, at public SALE,

On Friday, the Twenty-second day of May instant, at the Coffee-house, in this city, at Six o'clock in the evening,

A CERTAIN Piece or Tract of three Acres of LAND, fronting Fourth-street continued, and Poplar Lane, and joining to Lands of Thomas Riche and Oswald Eve, in the Northern Liberties of this city, it is clear of ground-rent, its high and pleasant situation renders it agreeable either for a Gentleman's country seat, or other improvement, it being excellent pasture ground; further information may be had by Christian Lehman, Notary Publick, at the corner of Third and Race-streets, and by OWEN OWEN, EBENEZER OWEN, May 4. ‡ JERAD IRWIN, and WILLIAM BRYAN.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away the 22d of April, from the subscriber, living in Chestnut-street, Philadelphia, an Irish servant man, named JOHN ARCHEACON, by trade a Taylor; took with him, when he went away, a dark brown coat, a green jacket, a light coloured ditto, with a pair of light coloured breeches, and two pair of mixed ribbed stockings, one pair new. The brown coat, green jacket, and new ribbed stockings, he stole. He is a well set fellow, has a good look, with short black hair, is about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high. He has been formerly in Maryland, and may perhaps shew a pass. Some times he goes by the name of COATES. Whoever takes up said servant, so as his master may get him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN COTTRINGER. ¶

To be SOLD, or LETT,

A LOT of GROUND, containing 4 acres, in good order for pasturage or mowing, has a never-failing stream of water running through the same, situated on the north side of Hickory Lane, adjoining lands of Jacob Steinmitz, and ground late of Thomas Campbell, deceased, about one mile and a half from the Court house; subject to a groundrent of Eighteen Shillings per acre. Whoever inclines to purchase or rent said lot, may know the terms, by applying to the subscriber, living in Second-street. JEREMIAH ELFRETH. ¶

THREE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN *from the subscriber, living in the County of Middlesex, and in the Corporation of New-Brunswick, a large brown HORSE, about 15 hands high, trots and paces, his mane hanging all on the left side, with a small star on his forehead, a long tail, and is a flat sided horse, 7 years old. Whoever takes up the said horse and thief, and secures the thief in any goal, so that the owner may get his horse, and have the thief brought to justice, shall receive the above reward, or Four Dollars for the horse only, and all reasonable charges, paid by* SAMUEL WILLIAMSON. ¶

For BRISTOL,

The Ship BETSEY,

SEYMOUR HOOD, MASTER,

IS a good vessel, and well accommodated for passengers, chief part of her cargoe being already engaged, will sail with all convenient speed. For freight, or passage, apply to THOMAS CLIFFORD and SONS, or said Master on board, at their wharff.

Red-Lion Hundred, New-Castle County, May 2, 1772.

STOLEN, from the subscriber, the 30th. day of April last, at Cantwell's Bridge, New-Castle County, a sorrel HORSE, 7 years old, white face, the off hind foot white, half blooded, with a new saddle, and blue and white cross-barred saddle-cloth. Whoever takes up said horse and thief, shall have THREE POUNDS reward, or TWENTY SHILLINGS for the horse only, and reasonable charges, paid by me

¶ JOHN TOBIN.

Kingſeſs, May 2, 1772.

STOLEN, on the 29th of April laſt, in the night, a large BRASS KETTLE, holding above 22 gallons, out of the ſubſcriber's waſh-houſe. Whoever will diſcover the thief, and the kettle, ſhall have a reward of TWENTY SHILLINGS, from DAVID GIBSON. ¶

Cheſter, April 28, 1772.

BY Virtue of a writ to me directed, on the 16th day of May next, will be expoſed to ſale by public vendue, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, a certain piece or parcel of land, ſituate in Lower Chicheſter townſhip, Cheſter county, containing about thirty two acres and a half, be the ſame more or leſs, bounded by lands of John Price, Eſq; by lands formerly of Jeremiah Collet, and others (the above deſcribed piece of land will be ſold altogether, or be divided into lots, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſer or purchaſers) late the eſtate of Hannah Clayton, deceaſed, ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by

JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On the Premiſes, on Monday, the 25th inſtant May, at two o'clock in the afternoon,

A LARGE commodious ſtone dwelling Houſe, ſituate on the weſt ſide of the main ſtreet of Germantown, a little above the Market-houſe, adjoining to Dr. Benſell, and Jacob Coleman's, at the ſign of the King of Pruſſia, with the Lot of ground thereunto belonging, now occupied by Abraham Paſtorius, Sadler. It is well ſituated for a ſtore or Gentleman's country ſeat. Any perſon inclining to view the premiſes, may apply to THOMAS ROSE, in Germantown, or to purchaſe the ſame at private ſale, may apply to ſaid THOMAS ROSE, or CLEMENT BIDDLE, in Philadelphia. The payment will be made eaſy to the purchaſer, on giving ſecurity. †

Fourth Month 28th, 1772.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On the 26th day of the Fifth Month, called May, next,

THAT valuable Plantation and Tract of Land, late of Daniel Walker, deceaſed, ſituate in Tredyffrin, Cheſter county, containing about one hundred and thirty acres of good limeſtone land, about ninety cleared, the remainder well timbered, about ten acres of valuable meadow, moſt part of it well watered by a conſtant ſtream that runs through it, a good orchard, which is remarked for its bearing, it conſiſts of about one hundred and ſixty apple trees, about ninety whereof are grafted with the houſe-apple, the reſt natural fruit, a good frame dwelling-houſe two ſtories high, 26 feet by 29 feet, three rooms on the lower floor, with fire places in two of them, four rooms on the ſecond floor, with a fire place in one of them, a good garret, the outſide boarded and ſhingled with cedar, the inſide done with lime, a good cellar under it, a ſtone ſpring-houſe, with a conſtant ſpring riſing in it, a kitchen, weaver's ſhop, log barn, &c. Likewiſe to be ſold on the premiſes, the ſame day, ſome houſhold goods and implements of huſbandry; attendance, and reaſonable credit, will be given, and the conditions of ſale made known, by

JACOB WALKER, and SAMUEL RICHARD, Executors.

N. B. The Sale to begin at 10 o'clock. ¶

To be LETT or SOLD,

And entered upon immediately,

A FULLING MILL, ſituate in the diſtrict of Oley, in Berks county, Pennſylvania, near Spring Forge, upon Manatawney, and about two miles from the great road leading to Reading; the ſtock, wheel and tenters, are all new, and plenty of water in the drieſt ſeaſon. Any body inclined to rent or purchaſe the ſame, may apply to GILES HALLIDAY, living on the Place, or Mr. OLD, at Spring Forge. §

WILLIAM WILL, Pewterer, in Philadelphia,

HEREBY acquaints the PUBLIC, that he is removed from the houſe he lately lived in, oppoſite to that of the late William Clampfer, deceaſed, to a houſe on the weſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, next to the corner of Vine-ſtreet, and nearly oppoſite to Mr. George Schloſſer's; where he continues the Pewterer's buſineſs, in all its branches, and makes and ſells, wholeſale and retail, at the loweſt rates, all ſorts of Pewterer's WARE. He alſo makes WORMS for DISTILLERS. Thoſe who will be pleaſed to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on being ſerved in the beſt manner.

N. B. He gives the beſt price for OLD PEWTER. §6w.

Kennet Square, April 20, 1772.

LIGHTFOOT,

THE noted Bucks county brown STALLION, to be kept at the ſtables of JOSEPH MUSGRAVE, at the ſmall ſum of Ten Shillings each mare this ſeaſon. A horſe without blemiſh, 15 hands high, 6 years old this graſs, well ſhaped, and marked, a genteel carriage, is very well gaited as a hackney, and is allowed, by the beſt judges, to be as ſwift a pacer as they have ſeen on the continent. ¶

Lampeter townſhip, Lancaſter county, Fourth-Month 27, 1772.

THIS may inform the wife of a certain JOHN WHITE, *late of ſaid townſhip, deceaſed, if any ſuch there be, or other proper and legal repreſentative thereof, that what effects were left (after his funeral expences, and juſt debts, due in the neighbourhood, were paid) are in the hands of the ſubſcriber, in ſaid townſhip and county.* JAMES GIBBONS.

N. B. He came from New-Caſtle county. ½¶

RUN AWAY the 27th inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, living in Londonderry townſhip, Cheſter county, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named CONNEL O NELIS, *about 18 years of age, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, of a dark complexion, dark brown hair, a down look, and freckled face; he took with him a ſaggathy coat, of a light drab colour, ſtriped cotton jacket, blue broadcloth ditto, brown and white cotton breeches, two pair of new ſhoes, thread and woollen ſtockings, and a felt hat. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have* THIRTY SHILLINGS *reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me*

April 28, 1772. THOMAS STRAWBRIDGE. ¶

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN AWAY *from the ſubſcriber, living in Kent county, near the province Bridge, an apprentice lad, named* JOSHUA REW, *aged 17, about 5 feet 6 inches high; had on, and took with him, a lightiſh brown coat, of coating, an unfulled kerſey jacket, with ſleeves, a blue cloth jacket, without ſleeves, old buckſkin breeches, an ozenbrigs ſhirt, mixed blue yarn ſtockings, and a new felt hat. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by*

JOHN LEWIS.

N. B. He was born in Bucks county, but I ſuppoſe is gone to ſome part of Queen-Anne's. He is a well ſet fellow, but a remarkable ſlowen. ¶

May 1, 1772.

RUN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Baltimore county, between the 22d and 23d of February laſt, an Engliſh ſervant man, named BENJAMIN PENNY, *about 5 feet 5 inches high, and about 35 years of age, he is a Plummer by trade, wears his own hair, has a ſcar on his face; it is probable he may forge a paſs, and change his name. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant man, and brings him to his ſaid maſter, at Deep Creek Furnace, in Worceſter county, or* CORBIN LEE, *Eſq; at Nottingham Forge, in Baltimore county, Maryland, ſhall have a reward of FIFTY SHILLINGS, if taken in this province, and FOUR POUNDS reward, if taken out of the province, and all reaſonable charges, paid by* JAMES SMITH. § 6 *W.*

Elſenborough, April 22, 1772.

WHEREAS *there hath been a petition preſented to the honourable Houſe of Aſſembly of New-Jerſey, at a ſeſſions held at Burlington, in December laſt, by Samuel Nicholſon, John Maſon, William Hancock, junior, and Thomas Hancock, praying leave to bring in a bill to regulate certain meadows in Elſenborough, Salem County, and it appearing by the minutes of ſaid Aſſembly, that the ſaid petitioners have leave to bring in a bill for the purpoſe, the next ſeſſion of Aſſembly for doing public buſineſs, provided they give public notice thereof.---Now theſe may inform all whom it may concern, that we, the aforeſaid petitioners, intend to bring in a bill, the next ſeſſion of Aſſembly, for the purpoſe aforeſaid.* ¶

NOTICE is hereby given, that I, the ſubſcriber, gave a Note for Fourteen Pounds, to SARAH BROWN, *in Derry townſhip, Lancaſter county, the latter end of February, or beginning of March laſt, payable the 1ſt day of February, 1773, which I will not pay, until ſaid* Sarah Brown *ſhall make it appear, that the Horſe ſhe ſold me was her own property; all perſons are therefore hereby forbid to take an aſſignment of ſaid Note, as it will not be paid, unleſs the above is complied with. Witneſs my hand, this 22d day of April, 1772.* JOHN BROWN. ¶

Baltimore, May 1, 1772.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, called SWAN HARBOUR, containing 1290 acres, and ſituate about 10 miles from Baltimore-Town, on navigable water of Patapſco River, in Patapſco Neck. The ſoil is well adapted to farming and grazing, and there is a great quantity of valuable ſhip and ſtave timber on the uncultivated parts of the ſaid tract; about 200 acres are cleared; on which are ſome neceſſary buildings, and an orchard. The whole will be ſold together, or in ſmall parcels, from 50 to 100 acres, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. For terms, apply to ALEXANDER LAWSON. *ff.*

WHEREAS WILLIAM BURNEY, of the townſhip of Horſham, and county of Philadelphia, but late of Warminſter townſhip, in the county of Bucks, died poſſeſſed of a conſiderable eſtate at the time of his death, notice is hereby given, that the ſaid William Burney died without wife or child, or any known heir to ſaid eſtate. Any perſon claiming to be heir to ſaid eſtate, properly proving themſelves to be ſuch, may, by applying to the ſubſcriber, be ſatisfied reſpecting the premiſes.

OLIVER O HAUGHAN, Adminiſtrator.

N. B. The ſaid *Burney* came from Ireland, about 30 years ago, from the county of Tyrone. *April* 29, 1772. ¶

PURSUANT to an order of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas, of the county of Somerſet, in the province of New-Jerſey, NOTICE is hereby given, to the creditors of ABRAHAM COVENHOVEN, junior, an inſolvent debtor, that, having filed his ſchedule, and complied with the directions of a late Act of the Governor, Council, and General Aſſembly of the province of New-Jerſey, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, that the ſaid creditors be and appear at the Court-houſe, at Millſtone, in ſaid county, on Friday, the 5th day of June next, at 12 o'clock of ſaid day, before Philip Van Horn, Peter Schenk, Walter Livingſton, and John Roy, Eſquires, or any two of them, Judges of the ſaid Court, to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why the ſaid Abraham Covenhoven, junior, ſhould not be diſcharged, agreeable to the directions of the ſaid act. Dated April 30, 1772. ¶

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Bladenſburgh, on Sunday night laſt, a convict ſervant man, named *William Daniel Angeſs*, a Shoemaker by trade, an Engliſhman, about 5 feet high, aged 25 years, light brown hair, round face, dark hazle eyes, a very fair ſkin, and has a ſcar under the left knee, about the ſize of a round half dollar; is a pert ſpoken, ſquare made man, and likely to behave with a great deal of aſſurance, if examined. Had on, when he went away, a brown jacket, made of coarſe rough cloth, with turned up ſleeves, and an under ditto, ſomething lighter, with white metal buttons, and pale blue breeches, and had both pumps and ſhoes, with yellow metal buckles; but may have changed his dreſs, and forged himſelf a paſs, a practice he has uſed. Whoever ſhall take the above ſervant, and bring him to his maſter, ſhall have the above reward; or if any body will give intelligence of him, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall receive Three Pounds, from

December 18, 1771. JOHN FRANCIS. ¶

NOTICE is hereby given, to all Perſons indebted for EXCISE on ſpirituous Liquors, within the County of Northampton, that they come and pay their Arrears unto the Subſcriber, at his Houſe in the ſaid County, before the next June Court; otherwiſe, on Failure, he will be obliged to proceed againſt the Delinquents as the Law directs. JESSE JONES, Collector, for the ſaid County of Northampton. ¶

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away on the 27th of February laſt from the ſubſcriber, in Weſt-Nantmell townſhip, Cheſter county, an Iriſh Servant Man, named EDWARD GODFREY, but 'tis thought he will change it, as he has been known to call himſelf *Samuel Johnſton*; he is about 5 feet 2 and a half inches high, has ſtrait brown hair, a mild countenance, is fair faced, pretty hollow and dark about the eyes, and has a ſmall ſcar on his forehead; had on and took with him a lightiſh grey nap ſurtout, dark grey broadcloth coat and waiſtcoat, with yellow carved buttons, dark fuſtian breeches, all too large for him, and it is likely he will diſpoſe of them; he alſo took a half worn beaver hat, with a black ribbon round the crown, and a yellow buckle, two or three fine ſhirts, ſwanſkin trowſers, with blue ſpots, three pair of ſtockings, one blue and white worſted, one grey ditto milled, one white yarn ditto ribbed, ſtrong ſhoes, with carved pinckbeck buckles, a pair of ſpatterdaſhes, and an old ſilver watch, Maker's name Williams, with a ſteel chain and ſilver ſeal, with a red ſtone in it. Said ſervant came in waitingman with a Gentleman from Ireland ſome years ago, and profeſſes tutoring of horſes, or waiting on table in an inn or Gentleman's houſe, which buſineſs he would rather follow than hard labour. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his Maſter ſhall have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by

May 6. ¶ AZARIAH THOMAS.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be ſold, agreeable to adjournment, on the 9th day of May inſt. on the premiſes, a valuable plantation, or tract of land, containing 218 acres, ſituate on Oldman's Creek, in Upper Penn's Neck, within half a mile of the river Delaware, 124 acres being good meadow, within bank, now in the tenure of David Clayton, at £ 100 per annum, with a good dwelling-houſe, with two rooms on a floor, a good barn and ſtables. Alſo another plantation, adjoining the above, containing 200 acres, 100 thereof good drained meadow, within bank, with a dwelling-houſe thereon; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by

¶ BATEMAN LLOYD, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Friday, the 8th of May, at ſix o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, one full, equal, and undivided moiety, or half part, of and in a certain two ſtory frame tenement, and lot of ground, ſituate in the city of Philadelphia, on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, containing in breadth, 20 feet, and in depth about 100 feet; bounded by ſaid Front-ſtreet, Dock-ſtreet, and by ground of Jedediah Snowden, John Leacock, and others; late the eſtate of Emanuel Rouſe, ſeized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

STEPHEN CARMICK,

HAS juſt imported, from London, a large aſſortment of DRY GOODS, ſuitable for the ſeaſon, which he will ſell on the loweſt terms, for caſh, or the uſual credit, at his ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, the 3d door above Market-ſtreet.

Exceeding good DRY HIDES to be ſold by

JOHN ROSS,

Near the Bird-in-hand Wharff, below the Drawbridge.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Saturday, the 9th of May, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon (and to be ſtruck off preciſely at 6) at the houſe of James Nevill (the ſign of the Rainbow) in the Northern Liberties; a certain frame tenement, and lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Third-ſtreet continued northward beyond the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 40 feet, and in length, or depth, 230 feet; bounded by ground of James Grayſbury, and others; ſubject to a groundrent of Five Pounds, Pennſylvania currency, per annum; late the eſtate of Peter Plum, deceaſed, ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Saturday, the 9th of May, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon (and be ſtruck off preciſely at 6) at the houſe of James Nevill (the ſign of the Rainbow) in the Northern Liberties; a certain lot, or piece of ground, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Third-ſtreet continued northward beyond the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 20 feet, and in length, or depth, 230 feet; bounded by Third-ſtreet aforeſaid, and by ground of Joſeph Sims, and others; ſubject to a groundrent of Fifty Shillings, Pennſylvania currency, per annum; late the eſtate of Ephraim Sherrald, ſeized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Monday, the 11th of May, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon (and to be ſtruck off preciſely at 6) at the houſe of Henry Mack, in Paſſyunk townſhip, all the eſtate, right, title, and intereſt whatſoever, of Chriſtian Ungar, of and in one full, equal, and undivided half part, of and in a certain frame tenement, and tract of land, ſituate in Paſſyunk townſhip, containing about 11 acres and a half, ſhould the ſame be more or leſs; bounded by lands of John Rouſe, and others, ſeized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Monday, the 11th of May, at ſix o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, two certain brick meſſuages or tenements, and lots or pieces of ground, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of a certain 8 feet 3 inch alley, extending weſtward from Front-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, one of them containing in breadth 24 feet, and in length or depth 15 feet 9 inches, or thereabouts; bounded by the next deſcribed lot, by the ſaid 8 feet 3 inch alley, and by ground of Martha Brooks, and others; the other of them containing in breadth 52 feet 6 inches, and in length or depth 15 feet 9 inches, or thereabouts; bounded by the above deſcribed lot, by the ſaid 8 feet 3 inch alley, and by ground of George Cambion, and others; late the eſtate of William Faries, ſeized and taken taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

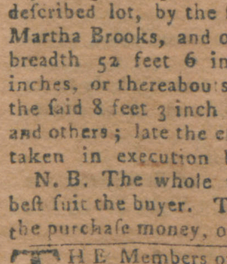
N. B. The whole to be ſold together, or ſeparate, as it may beſt ſuit the buyer. The purchaſer may have credit for £ 300 of the purchaſe money, on giving good ſecurity, and paying intereſt.

THE Members of the Corporation of Contributors for the RELIEF and EMPLOYMENT of the POOR, are deſired to attend at the Court-houſe, on Second Day, the Eleventh of next month (May) at three o'clock, in the afternoon, to chooſe Managers and a Treaſurer. 2 w.

To be SOLD by the ſubſcriber, at public vendue, on the premiſes, at 2 o'clock, on Thurſday, the 14th day of May,

A SMALL plantation, ſituated on Wiſſahickon road, near the Banks of Schuylkill, adjoining the lands of the Widow Harriſon and Captain Macpherſon, and the road that leads down to Schuylkill, it is between 3 and 4 miles from the city, and contains 24 acres, has on it a large brick houſe, 34 feet front by 20, likewiſe a ſmall brick houſe, near the end of the others, alſo a barrack and ſtable, a large garden, with a good board fence, there are near 4 acres of orchard, of the beſt grafted fruit trees, there is alſo a ſmall garden, with a variety of fruit trees, ſuch as peach, pear, cherry, plumb, &c. for thoſe that delight in a ſummer retreat, the ſituation is ſuch, it being very high, and no obſtruction to the air, it muſt afford the greateſt ſatisfaction, beſides it commands an agreeable proſpect of a great number of the neighbouring country-ſeats, which adds greatly to the elegance of the place; the ground has been well dunged and limed, and ſome part of it produces a quantity of the beſt clover hay. There is alſo to be ſold, at the ſame time and place, a lot, adjoining the above deſcribed plantation, containing 12¼ acres, lying on Wiſſahickon road, and the lane that leads down to Captain Macpherſon's place, being a corner lot, a part of it is meadow, and the other part is woodland, this ground is excellently ſituated for improvement. The money will not be wanted, the greateſt part may remain in the hands of the purchaſer, paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity. NATHAN COOK. ¶

JUST ARRIVED, from IRELAND,



THE Brig PATTY, *ROBERT HARDIE*, MASTER, having on board about 100 Servants and Redemptioners, Men, Women, Boys, and Girls; among which are ſundry Tradeſmen, ſuch as Smiths, Nail-makers, Shoe-makers, Taylors, Skinners, Carpenters, Gardiners, Grooms, and Farmers; whoſe Times are to be diſpoſed of by the Maſter, on board ſaid Brig, lying off the Drawbridge, or ANDREW DOZ, at the Houſe of Mr. Nathaniel Donnell, in Front-ſtreet. ¶

For LONDON,

The SHIP *BRITANNIA*,

NATHANIEL FALCONER, Commander,

HAS extraordinary accommodations for paſſengers, and will ſail with all convenient expedition. For freight or paſſage, apply to JOSHUA FISHER and SONS, or ſaid Commander on board at their wharff, or at the London Coffee-houſe.

Fourth Month 27, 1772.

FOR LONDON,

THE ſhip Catherine, JAMES SUTTON Maſter; ſhe is a new cedar ſhip, and a prime ſailer, has extraordinary accommodations for paſſengers, and will ſail with all convenient expedition. For freight, or paſſage, apply to HENRY KEPPELE, JOHN STEINMETZ, HENRY KEPPELE, junior, or ſaid Maſter on board, at Bickley's wharff, or at the London Coffee-houſe.

Juſt imported, in the above ſhip Catherine, Captain Young, from LONDON, and to be ſold by Henry Keppele, ſenior, in Market-ſtreet, on the loweſt terms, for caſh, or ſhort credit, ozenbrigs, brown heſſens, large blue and writing paper, paſteboard, Cheſhire cheeſe, beſt old porter, in bottles, juniper berries, brimſtone, copperas, ſtone and delph ware, in crates, white and red lead, Spaniſh brown, yellow oaker, whiting, ſmall and large caſks, ſhot No. 1 to 8, lead in ſmall bars, German and T. Crawley's ſteel, pewter, nails, wool, cotton, and tow cards, double and ſingle F powder, &c. Likewiſe, wine, rum, melaſſes, ſugar, &c. by wholeſale, as uſual.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

May 14, 1772. NUMB. 2264.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

Dr. *GENERAL STATE of the* ACCOUNTS *of the* CONTRIBUTORS *to the Relief and Employment of the* POOR, *in the City of* Philadelphia, *from* May 13, 1771, *to* May 11, 1772. Cr.

TO Balance due to the Treaſurer per laſt Year's Settlement,	£ 221	14	8½
Paid Tradeſmens Accounts,	49	1	0
Steward and Servants Wages	73	16	0
Materials for building, repairing, &c.	45	6	2
Raw Materials, Implements, &c. for Manufactory,	416	5	4
Proviſions,	2600	13	4¾
Fire Wood,	519	13	10
Penſions,	144	16	0
Manufacturers Wages,	162	0	11½
Incidental Charges,	143	10	4
Funeral Expences,	18	18	6
Intereſt paid for Money borrowed,	24	0	0
Bills of Credit burnt by the Committee of Aſſembly,	121	5	5
Paid a Reward, agreeable to Act of Aſſembly, on Conviction of Joſiah Pitt, of counterfeiting the Bills of Credit, emitted for the Benefit of this Inſtitution,	10	0	0
Balance in the Hands of the Treaſurer,	188	14	7¼
Ditto in the Steward's Hands,	38	15	7
	£ 4778	11	10

BY Balance in the Steward's Hands, per State of Accounts laſt Year,	£ 22	6	0
Contributions received within the Year paſt,	50	0	0
Thomas Robinſon's Legacy,	50	0	0
Nicholas Kriſman's ditto,	10	0	0
Payments received in Part of Lots ſold,	1383	10	2
Groundrents received,	75	0	0
Intereſt received for Money outſtanding,	255	19	8
Taxes received from the Overſeers of the Poor, viz.			
City of Philadelphia, £ 1741 15 9			
Northern Liberties, 287 9 2			
Southwark, 168 11 11			
Paſſyunk, 80 11 11			
Moyamenſing, 66 19 8			
	2345	8	5
Board, &c. of ſundry Perſons,	51	10	9
Charity Boxes,	50	7	6½
Received for Goods manufactured in the Houſe, Bleaching, &c.	484	9	3½
	£ 4778	11	10

WE THE COMMITTEE, appointed to examine the Accounts of the Treaſurer, and Steward, and to prepare a general State of the Accounts of the Corporation of Contributors to the Relief and Employment of the Poor, having carefully examined the ſame, do find a Balance of £ 188 14 7¼ due from the ſaid Treaſurer; alſo, £ 38 15 7 in the Hands of the Steward, agreeing with the foregoing general State of the Accounts.

On Examination of the monthly Reports, ſince the 13th of May, 1771, it appears, there have been maintained during the Year, on a Medium, 358 Perſons.---It alſo appears, from the Minutes, that there have been manufactured in the Houſe of Employment, within the Year paſt, 5202 Yards of Linen, 1108 Yards of Linſey, 428 Yards of Saggathy, Serge and Coating, 190 Pair of Stockings, 306 Pair of Shoes, 7½ Tons of Oakum, and a conſiderable Quantity of Matts, Points and Gaſkets, beſides Weaving done on Hire, and about 12000 Yards of Linen bleached.

JOHN DRINKER,
STEPHEN COLLINS,
JAMES LOGAN.

By Captain COOPER, *from* Liverpool; *Captain* HATHORN, *from* Briſtol; *and Captain* MOODIE, *from* Glaſgow, *we have the following Advices.*

HAMBURGH, *February* 26.

WE are aſſured that the Sieur de Struenſee, Superintendant-General of the Churches, in the Duchies of Sleſwick and Holſtein, was ſtruck with an apoplectic fit, on hearing of the impriſonment of his ſon, the Count de Struenſee, at Copenhagen, and died immediately.---He often expreſſed great concern at the rapid advancement of his ſon, and when he heard that he was made Prime Miniſter, he ſaid with great warmth, that he had rather have received advice of his death.

Hague, March 3. Several of our politicians do not ſcruple to affirm, that the Emperor and his Mother the Empreſs Queen, by no means reliſh the progreſs which the King of Pruſſia has made in different Provinces of Poland, and ſeem inclined to call him to account for it. They alſo pretend, that his Pruſſian Majeſty not long ſince, expreſſed himſelf in the following terms to one of the foreign Miniſters at his Court: "I had rather ſet about reducing the whole Hiſtory of the Jews into poetry, than employ myſelf in reconciling three Sovereigns, eſpecially when two of them are women. If it depended upon me, the public tranquillity ſhould ſoon be eſtabliſhed every where."

Peterſburgh, Feb. 18. The cold has, for ſome time paſt, been very intenſe: It was for ſome hours at 32 degrees below the freezing point; many men who were expoſed were frozen to death.

LONDON, *March* 7.

Extract of a Letter from Copenhagen, February 22.

"Yeſterday morning the Commiſſion of Enquiry went to the citadel, and opened their commiſſion in the Governor's houſe, for the examination of the ſtate priſoners. They began with Count Struenſee, who was brought in the Governor's coach about ten o'clock, from his place of confinement, guarded by two ſerjeants, and four grenadiers, with their bayonets fixed. He had on a blue ſuit of cloaths, and as he had not been ſhaved for five weeks, his beard was very long. At the entrance of the room where the Commiſſioners ſat, his chains were taken off, and he was permitted to ſit down during his examination, which laſted till two o'clock, when he was ſent back to priſon; and at four o'clock he was brought back again, when his examination continued till after ſeven in the evening.

"He ſhewed a great deal of uneaſineſs all the time of his going and coming from examination. All we can learn with reſpect to his examination is, that he denied the charge that was laid againſt him. He was ſhewn the inſtruments of the torture he was to undergo, if he would not confeſs; but he ſaid they would get little out of him by ſuch means, as he always acted according to his conſcience. One of the Commiſſioners fell into a paſſion with him, to whom he replied, "that as he was cool, he hoped they would be ſo too," but at laſt he burſt into tears, confeſſed his guilt, and begged for mercy.

"When he was ordered back to priſon, he deſired to have a little time allowed him to compoſe himſelf. Major Falckenſhiold is taken into cuſtody, and guarded in his own houſe by two ſerjeants, and four ſoldiers. He wrote a note to his brother the Colonel, and gave it to his Friſeur, who put it under his neckcloth, but the officer obſerving it, took it, and delivered it to the Commiſſioners.

"The Cabinet Secretary Paning is, ſince his examination, cloſer confined than he was before; he cannot ſee his wife nor children.

"Three Secretaries are appointed to the commiſſion, for the more ſpeedy expedition of the trials of the State Priſoners. More perſons are taken into cuſtody every day for conſpiracy."

March 10. Advice (which it is greatly wiſhed may turn out premature) has been received, that a young Northern Queen will ſoon make her exit from the ſtage of life, either voluntarily, or agreeable to a ſentence which was every day expected to paſs: The former has been much apprehended, ſince ſome unfavourable circumſtances have tranſpired, which ſhe imagined could never be brought to light. She is moſt carefully watched, and two days before this advice came away, all acceſs to her perſon was denied. It is plain Struenſee employed all the villainous arts he was poſſeſſed of to enſnare her youth; but in a late confeſſion he proved himſelf a mean and atrocious villain, by exaggerating every youthful failing of his royal victim, and repreſenting her to be what decency forbids us to mention.

Advices from Copenhagen would aſſure us, that the King has teſtified lately ſome deſire of ſeeing the Queen once more, but that his Privy-Council had diverted him from it. Thoſe who ſpread this news, ſupport it with another, which perhaps is not at all more certain; that it was intended to remove her Majeſty from the caſtle of Cronenbourg to that of Abebourg, in Sutland, and that Col. Pentz, and Profeſſor Harſdorff, the Royal Architect, are gone there, by order of the Court, in order to make the neceſſary preparations.

A gentleman from Copenhagen, who was preſent at the revolution, declares, that the young Queen never once loſt her ſpirits, but that when the Count Rantzau arreſted her, ſhe denounced vengeance on his head, and declared he ſhould ſuffer as a traitor, for daring to commit ſuch an outrage upon the conſort of his Sovereign.

It is reported, that this morning a meſſenger arrived from Denmark with the agreeable news of the Queen being tried, and that nothing criminal being proved, ſhe was honourably acquitted.

Charitable men ought to be indulged in their doubts reſpecting the criminality of the Queen of D------, as every information againſt her originates from her enemies; even the confeſſion of Struenſee is evidently extorted by the terrors of intended torture.

Count Struenſee's brother will undergo nearly the ſame fate as himſelf, it appearing on the trial, that he was the Count's principal tool, and employed by him to bring over the Governors of the different places in the kingdom to an acquieſcence in all the changes and regulations made by the Queen, at the inſtigation of the Count.

A letter from Copenhagen ſays, that immediately after the Preſident made known to the King the reſult of the examination, which was, that the Queen had been found to be guilty of infidelity, as well as of many high crimes againſt the State, orders were immediately diſpatched to Cronenbourg, commanding that the Queen be very cloſely confined, and that all acceſs to her be denied. The Count, it is ſaid, will be beheaded in a few days before the very window of the Caſtle in which her Majeſty is confined. When the Preſident went to the King, to inform him of the examination, he was at the Levee, and on hearing the report thereof, his Majeſty ſhed tears, retired to another apartment, and was ſeen no more that day.

It is a certain fact, that his Majeſty cauſed to be conveyed from the late Princeſs Dowager's, immediately after her deceaſe, ſixteen cheſts of plate, which are now at the Queen's palace, in St. James's Park.

Many Farmers, in various counties, have revived the excellent cuſtom of working their teams and ploughs with oxen, inſtead of horſes, which muſt greatly tend to reduce the exorbitant price of proviſions in this country.

March 12. There was a warm debate in Council on Tueſday laſt, whether the news from Denmark ought to be publiſhed in England. It was at laſt, however, referred to his M------y, who was of opinion, that the publication of it would be only giving new opportunities to ſcandal, lies and defamation, which have already met with too much encouragement.

We are informed, that orders are given for four men of war, and one of the royal yachts, to be in readineſs to ſail for the port of Elſineur, ſuppoſed to bring over to England the Queen of Denmark from that kingdom.

Yeſterday his Excellency Baron Dieden de Furſtentein, attended the Levee at St. James's for the firſt Time ſince his Arrival from Copenhagen.

The following Changes in the Law are talked of to take Place after the Seſſion: Lord Mansfield to have the Seals; Sir Fletcher Norton to ſucceed Lord Mansfield; the Attorney General to ſucceed Lord Chief Juſtice De Grey, who is to retire; and Mr. Solicitor-General to be Attorney-General; who is to ſucceed Mr. Wedderburne, is not ſaid.

Yeſterday Morning his Grace the Duke of Grafton ſet off from his Houſe in Arlington-ſtreet, on a private Embaſſy to Paris.

It is ſaid his Grace's Embaſſy to France was entirely at the Requeſt of a Great Perſonage.

A Great Perſonage has lately expreſſed himſelf to the Premier to this Effect, "that he expected he would exert all his Influence to carry a certain Bill now agitating in the Houſe of Commons, as it was the only Favour he ever did, or ſhould aſk of a Miniſter."

The Duke of Cumberland, we hear, propoſes to give a grand Maſque-Ball, at his Houſe in Pall-Mall, to the Members of both Houſes who are in the Minority.

The Duke and Dutcheſs of Cumberland, it is obſerved, are now ſtealing, as it were, into Life; and though not with the Countenance, yet with the Permiſſion of their late enemies.

This morning ſome diſpatches were ſent off from the Secretary's office, Cleveland-row, to Copenhagen and the Hague, as alſo to Lord Grantham at Madrid.

[*For more European Intelligence, ſee the next Page.*]

Imported in the laſt veſſels from London, Briſtol, and Liverpool, a variety of MERCHANDIZE, and to be ſold, on the moſt reaſonable terms, for caſh or ſhort credit, by

THOMAS CLIFFORD and SONS,

At their ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets,

TICKLENBOURG, flaxen and hempen ozenbrigs, Scotch ozenbrigs, brown roles and heſſens, ravens duck, brown and white Ruſſia ſheeting, Ruſſia drilling, brown and white Iriſh ſheeting, German and Iriſh dowlas, Flanders bed tick, Ruſſia towelling, diaper napkening and table cloths, clouting diaper, cambricks and lawns, in patches, piſtol lawns, muſlins and humhums, 7-8ths and yard wide Iriſh linen; a neat aſſortment of printed linens, cottons and calicoes, with a few pieces of curtain patterns; printed linen and fine lawn, figured, map, and other handkerchiefs, bandanoe, romal, lungee, and other ſilk handkerchiefs, black fringed handkerchiefs, nankeen patterns, muſlin, Venetian plain and figured ſilk gauze, fringed and ſtriped bordered handkerchiefs, plain lawn ditto; a neat aſſortment of ſilks, containing white, black, flowered, and figured ſattin, rich light drab ditto, black paduaſoy and taffeties, 3-qr. ſtriped luteſtrings, of the following colours, pink and green, blue and white, ſcarlet, green and gold ſtraw, bloſſom and green, light drab plain, ruby and black, white and pink, ſtraw and white, green and orange, blue and white plain, black and gold mantua, mazarine and crimſon ditto, blue and garnet ditto, rich white and pink ducape, blue ditto, green ditto, bloom and drab ditto, morone ditto, white and ſtraw ditto, white, green, blue, and pink half yard and half ell perſians; a variety of ribbons and ferrets, quality and coat bindings, fine holland tape and bobbin, mens and womens thread, cotton and worſted hoſe; a large aſſortment of mens and womens beaver gloves, mens lamb, and Woodſtock ditto, womens lamb, and kid, white, purple, and coloured gloves and mitts, womens waſh leather ditto; a large aſſortment of common wove baſket, needle-work and death-head coat and veſt buttons, ſilk and hair, and ſcarf twiſt, black, white, light, and cloth coloured ſewing ſilk, wire and mould ſhirt-buttons; an aſſortment of ſhaloons, durants, tammies, dorſetteens, calimancoes, &c. plain and ſtriped camblets, worſted and ſilk ſaggathies, hairbines, Venetian poplins, meſſinets, ſilverets, ſtarrets; ſuperfine druggets and ſerges, black ſattinet, corderoys; ſuperfine, middling, and coarſe broadcloths, brown buckram, ſtriped and checked worſted luteſtrings, 10 nail, 11 nail, 3-qr. 7-8ths, yard wide, and yard 3-8ths linen and cotton checks, cotton holland and French ſtripe, coarſe white and Taylors coloured thread, Scotch thread No. 7 to 50, beſt Glouceſter pins, common and Whitechapel needles; an aſſortment of plated Bath and white metal, Pinchbeck, ſteel, and other ſhoe and knee buckles, white metal and horn coat and veſt buttons, ſtocklocks and padlocks, H and HL hinges, ſmiths anvils and vizes, carpenters augers, hammers, rules, &c. frying-pans, ſhovels and tongs, ſad irons, handſaws and millſaws, ſcythes, from 48 to 54 inches, iron candleſticks, ſteel ſnuffers, corkſcrews, marking irons, &c. an aſſortment of cutlery, conſiſting of bone ſham buck, buck ſtag, ebony, and other table and deſert knives and forks, piſtol cap, cutteau and butchers knives, Barlow and other penknives, ſciſſars, razors, ſhears, &c. 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 20d. nails, in half caſks, hob, pump, clout and trunk nails, Taylor's beſt window glaſs, 11 by 9, 10 by 8, and 9 by 7 (crates of cream-coloured ware, crates of flint glaſs ware, hogſheads of delph ware, all well aſſorted) boxes and kegs of large and ſmall bowl, long and ſhort pipes; an aſſortment of pewter diſhes, plates, baſons, mugs, ſpoons, &c, ſeaming and roping twine, common pack twine, and a quantity of ſeine twine, ſaſh-lines, a large aſſortment of iron pots, kettles, camp ovens, chair and cart boxes, window weights, &c. caſes of rolled plate iron, hogſheads of brimſtone, copperas, madder, redwood, allom, &c. red lead, Spaniſh brown, white lead, ground in oil, and unground, magneſia and lead ore, pigeon, duck, gooſe and ſwan ſhot, and bar lead, F and FF powder, wool and cotton cards, boxes of tin plates, Bullock's and Cook's ſail-cloth, heavy and light, iron and braſs wire, ſweeping and hearth bruſhes, boys, youths, and mens felt hats, boxes of womens calimancoe, laſting and damaſk ſhoes, aſſorted, 5, 6, and 7 dozen in a box, pott and foolſcap paper, and brown ſheathing paper; alſo cables of 10 and 12 inches, and a variety of other cordage, forge hammers and anvils, grindſtones, and a few hampers of good Briſtol beer.

Juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from London, Briſtol and Liverpool, and TO BE SOLD by

STEPHEN COLLINS,

At his ſtore in Second-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the Church, on reaſonable terms, for caſh or ſhort credit,

A NEAT and large Aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon. 2. m.

ABRAHAM USHER

Has juſt imported in the Severn, from Briſtol, Buchanan, from Scotland, and laſt veſſels from London and Liverpool,

A NEAT aſſortment of European and India goods, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, which he will ſell on the loweſt terms for caſh or ſhort credit, at his ſtore in Front-ſtreet, the fifth door above Walnut-ſtreet.

To be ſold by public vendue, on Saturday evening, the 23d inſtant, at ſix o'clock, at the houſe of Mrs. Malaby, the ſign of the Ship Hero, in Front-ſtreet, Southwark,

A NEW three ſtory BRICK HOUSE, and LOT of GROUND, in the Tenure of Captain Lawrence, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, Southwark, a little below John Hart's vendue-houſe, containing in breadth on Front-ſtreet about 13 feet, and in depth 32 feet, with a brick kitchen; the lot extends 60 feet deep from Front-ſtreet; ſubject to a ground-rent of Twenty-ſix Shillings and Three-pence Sterling per annum. The title is indiſputable. ¶

THE Creditors of JOHN REYNOLDS, of Upper Dublin townſhip, Shopkeeper, for debts contracted preceding November 1767, are requeſted to bring in their accounts, properly atteſted, to WILLIAM MILLER, before the ninth day of July next, when a dividend of his effects will be made, among ſuch of his creditors as ſhall then appear, and thoſe who do not apply, on or before that day, will be excluded. *May* 9, 1772. 2 *M.*

ELIZABETH KESHLER came to Philadelphia with her Father JOHN KESHLER, with JOHN BOLA, in 1764; the ſaid Elizabeth is deſired to come and ſee her Father, who lives in New Garden Townſhip, Cheſter County; if the ſaid Elizabeth is dead, any Perſon informing me, directing as above, will very much oblige JOHN KESHLER. §

CONSTANTINOPLE, *January* 3.

THE French having lately met with ſome inſults here, a guard is now placed, for their better ſecurity, at the two extremities of their quarter.

Saxe-Gotha, March 10. *This morning died, at his palace of Friedenſtein, after a long and painful illneſs, in the 73d year of his age, his Serene Highneſs Frederick, Duke of Saxe-Gotha, to the great grief of his ſubjects, over whom he had reigned near forty years, univerſally beloved and reſpected.*

Hague, March 9. A long letter from Copenhagen has been publiſhed here, by ſeeming authority, which contradicts, in a great meaſure, the accounts already given of the revolution there. It accuſes M. Struenſee as the author of certain projects, which were to the liking of the King, but that they all tended to aggrandize himſelf; and concludes with aſſerting, that Prince Frederick, the King's brother, is not Prime Miniſter, that he is no way ambitious of ſuch a title: And that his auguſt mother has an innumerable train of witneſſes and admirers of her conduct in this affair, to prove her guiltleſs of the baſe charges brought againſt her.

From the Frontiers of Poland, Feb. 28. The Baron Viomeſirel is at preſent at Teſchen with the principal chiefs of the Confederates, to concert with them the plan of operations for the enſuing campaign, which by all appearance will be very bloody in Poland, where the General Confederacy have ſeveral regiments, made up of deſerters from different nations, who are all in uniforms, and well diſciplined; and it is added, that the money with which they are furniſhed by the bankers of one of the principal cities in Germany, doth not amount to leſs than 1000 florins per day.

Mittau, Feb. 18. Count Tottleben is arrived at Riga, from whence he will ſet out ſoon to take the command of a corps of 30,000 Ruſſians, who are to enter Lithuania and Poland next ſpring. All the advices we receive from Peterſbourg bring favourable accounts regarding the plague, and that the contagion is entirely ceaſed at Moſcow.

Hamburgh, March 8. According to the laſt advices from Poland, the Ruſſians have entirely deſtroyed the remains of the little army of Count Oginſki, Grand General of Lithuania, which only conſiſted of 6500 men, of whom 500 were killed on the ſpot, and 150 taken priſoners.

Copenhagen, March 7. *The commiſſion of inquiſition is cloſely occupied in interrogating Count Brandt. The following has juſt appeared in one of the public papers of this city, with reſpect to Count Struenſee:* "*It is very certain, that Count Struenſee is convicted of more than one crime: He has confeſſed, in one of his examinations, that he has been guilty of high treaſon, in having, without his Majeſty's knowledge, expedited orders from the cabinet, by which he has made many uſeleſs and dangerous changes. It is farther ſaid, that there has been found among his papers, in his own hand-writing, an account, from whence it is ſtrongly ſuſpected that he has defrauded the Royal Treaſury of* 100,000 *rix-dollars, for his own uſe, or that of his creatures. There is the greater reaſon for this belief, from there having been found in his bureau, actions to a very great amount; and his appointments, as prime Miniſter, not amounting to* 3000 *rix-dollars, he has been too ſhort a time in office to acquire fairly the before-mentioned large ſums.*"

Warſaw, March 7. *Though we are aſſured preliminaries are ſigned between the Ruſſians and Turks, yet both ſides are buſy in preparing for war. However, we flatter ourſelves, that it is only making peace ſword in hand.*

Whitehall, March 14. The King has been pleaſed to appoint Molineux Shuldham, Eſq; to be his Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the Iſland of Newfoundland, and all the coaſt of Labradore, from the entrance of Hudſon's Streights to the river St. John.

LONDON.

March 7. It is well obſerved by a member of the Houſe of Commons on the Royal Marriage bill, that it was paving the way for the male iſſue of the Royal family to live in a continual courſe of debauchery and diſſoluteneſs; for if they are by this act debarred from marriage for ſo many years, contrary to law and nature, what can be expected but that they will give looſe to their paſſions, and gratify them in a private and clandeſtine manner, forming illicit connections with the wives and daughters of nobility and gentry, as they may happen to come in their way, and living at large through the kingdom?

Extract of a letter from a merchant at Magadore, in South Barbary, to his friend in London, Dec. 30.

"We are in the greateſt conſternation here, occaſioned by a late act of the Emperor. It is ſaid that ſome Jews in your metropolis (in particular one who in December, 1770, was turned out of Gibraltar) ſent information to the Emperor, of his having been overcharged fifty per cent. in the invoice coſt of ſome goods provided him on commiſſion, in the courſe of ſome years paſt, from England, by the Engliſh merchants reſiding in this country. In conſequence of this information, the Emperor has called up to Mequinez, a principal Britiſh merchant here, and, contrary to all the ſubſiſting treaties with Great Britain, has actually confined him there on this account. We are afraid this may have diſagreeable conſequences; and not knowing to what it may come, if you have not already diſpatched the ---------, Capt. ----------, freighted for this place, pleaſe to defer it until you hear further from me, &c.

The ſame gentleman who favoured us with the above letter aſſures us, that the truth of the following article may be relied on: The Emperor of Morocco has not only confined a Britiſh merchant at Mequinez, on a falſe, groundleſs information, ſent him from hence by Jews, but he has alſo diſclaimed the Britiſh Conſul general in Barbary as ſuch, and ſent him notice to depart his dominions forthwith.

March 9. According to letters from Berlin, the King of Pruſſia is preparing to form a camp in the neighbourhood of Potzdam, for which purpoſe ſeveral regiments of foot and horſe are preparing to march thither.

By his Majeſty's Royal Order, the Guards which uſed to attend his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, are to attend him no more on any occaſion, either public or private, nor have they attended his Highneſs ſince his late marriage.

Orders were ſent a few days ago to Woolwich, for manufacturing a conſiderable number of mooring chains, ſwivels, &c. which are to be tranſported to Gibraltar, on board of which the artillery companies are ſhortly to embark.

A ſecret treaty is now forming between the Courts of Vienna, Berlin, Madrid, and Holland; Couriers are continually paſſing and repaſſing between the above Courts, and their advices are received with the greateſt ſecrecy.

We hear that five ſail of the line, and three frigates, will ſail for the Eaſt-Indies the beginning of next month.

Yeſterday arrived a mail from New-York, brought by the Halifax Packet-boat, Boulderſon, in 25 days to Falmouth.

Our not immediately ſending a fleet to Copenhagen, in conſequence of the late national inſult thrown upon his Majeſty's ſiſter, has made us contemptible in the eyes of all our neighbours; ſcarce a letter arrives from any part of the Continent to our merchants here, but what is filled with marks of aſtoniſhment, at our tamely ſubmitting to ſo indelible a badge of diſhonour.

March 10. The minority are determined to oppoſe with all their force every line, and every clauſe, in the Royal Marriage Bill.

We are aſſured, upon good authority, that the Royal Marriage Bill is a meaſure of the King's againſt the judgment both of Lord Mansfield and Lord North.

The Right Hon. Lord Viſcount Howe is talked of to ſucceed to the vacancy at the Admiralty Board.

They write from the Hague, that very large inſurances on French ſhips and merchandize, bound from the Eaſt-Indies, is now making in all the ports of Holland.

Letters from Liſbon adviſe, that the Spaniards have lately committed ſeveral encroachments on the kingdom of Portugal, which have given great uneaſineſs to the Portugueſe.

Extract of a letter from Aleppo, Dec. 9.

"*The hopes of tranquillity being eſtabliſhed in Syria ſoon vaniſhed on the arrival of a reinforcement of Egyptian troops in the town of Acre (Ptolemais) conſiſting of* 2000 *horſe, and* 6000 *foot, and other forces were expected, which were all deſtined to join Chiek Daher, and the other Emirs allied to Ali Bey, to begin the operations by the ſiege of Jeruſalem, and from thence to proceed to Damaſcus. Ali Bey, far from abandoning his reſolution of conquering Syria, is redoubling his efforts to bring it under his ſubjection, and by that means to unite under his dominion all the country which formed the Empire of the ancient Sultans of Egypt. It is not known whether the Druſes intend oppoſing this conqueror or not. The Pacha of Damaſcus's ſon, who commanded at Seyde, retired with them to the mountains of Lebanon, and we do not know whether he is yet returned to Damaſcus. The Grand Signor ſeems not to be concerned in this war, and has not yet ſent any troops againſt him.*"

A report is current, that a certain Queen will be in England before the 22d day of July next.

March 11. The French and Spaniſh Ambaſſadors have become ſo cloſely connected of late, that they aſſociate on all occaſions, and are ſaid to tranſact no matters of importance for their reſpective Courts, without previouſly conſulting each other.

March 12. By letters from Poland, received by the laſt mail, we learn, that a peace is upon the eve of being concluded between Ruſſia and the Porte, through the joint mediation of the courts of Vienna and Berlin; which two laſt powers, it is ſaid, have at laſt amicably ſettled between themſelves the plan for diſmembering Poland; but what ſhare of that kingdom each of them is to have, has not yet tranſpired.

A correſpondent ſays, "The preſent appearance of tranquillity in the political world, is not owing to a certainty of the continuation of peace, or the ſeaſon of the year, but a determination of the Miniſtry to keep the train of their negociations an abſolute ſecret, till matters are finally concluded, either for peace or war."

A letter from Breſt mentions, that a ſquadron of 6 ſhips of the line, and a frigate of 30 guns, ſailed from thence on the 2d inſtant for America.

Extract of a letter from Fort Egmont, dated Nov. 10, 1771.

"We have ſettled very amicably with the Spaniards, and I really believe they have acted with good faith in the return of the ſtores. I wonder much how they could be jealous of our ſettling in this miſerable country, where, I aſſure you, it is hardly poſſible to bring up any produce to the ſmalleſt perfection, more eſpecially as they have the fine country of Buenos Ayres ſo near. At any rate, we can never defend a ſettlement in this part; ſo that it will be always a prey to the Spaniards, if they chuſe it."

By a private letter lately brought from Copenhagen, it appears a certain fact, that the unhappy young Queen is hourly expected to undergo the ſame ſentence as Count Struenſee; it ſeems there is one M. de Gronintet, a man of deſperate fortune, who has got acceſs to the Queen Dowager, and who, it is ſuppoſed, by her inſtigation, has offered to make a confeſſion of crimes which never exiſted, and to charge the young Queen with intentions ſhe never conceived. To keep up the farce, this villain is ſecured, and put in irons; but perſons of intelligence ſee through the ſcheme, as ſcarcely a day paſſes without a meſſenger being diſpatched to him from the Queen Dowager; he was to be examined the day after the perſon who brought the above letter left Copenhagen; ſo that, in all probability, by the arrival of the firſt foreign mails, we ſhall have a circumſtantial account of the horrid ſucceſs of their villainous ſtratagem; but that the young Queen is deſtined for a devoted ſacrifice, unleſs our Miniſtry interpoſe their timely aid, there can be no manner of doubt.

The Count Struenſee, though not a handſome man, is remarkably elegant in his perſon, and generally eſteemed the beſt bred man in Denmark; his politeneſs made him a univerſal favourite with the ladies, and the very night he was arreſted, he danced with the King and Queen at the maſked ball, which was given at the Court.

It is whiſpered, that the deciſions of the Court of Denmark are not intended to tranſpire in this kingdom, let their ſeverity or ſeeming injuſtice be what they may; it being a fixed point with G--------t to preſerve the peace of Great-Britain, though at the price of her honour.

It is ſtrongly reported, that a yacht, with ten ſail of the line, and three bombs, will ſhortly ſail for Copenhagen.

Advice is juſt received, that a ſecret negociation is now on foot between the Courts of Berlin and Denmark, highly detrimental to the intereſts of Great-Britain and her allies.

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, February 25.

"Laſt Saturday Major de Falkenſhoild, one of the ſtate priſoners, was releaſed from his confinement. The ſame day Count de Brandt was brought before the Commiſſioners at the Citadel, in the ſame manner as Count Struenſee had been before; his chains, which weighed 18lb. were taken off in the anti-chamber. When he was brought into the audience-chamber before the Commiſſioners, he ſeemed ſomewhat diſconcerted, but ſoon after recovered his ſpirits, and behaved with becoming reſolution. When his examination was finiſhed, that of Profeſſor Berger, the King's phyſician, came on, which laſted about three hours, and he has ſince been allowed the uſe of pen and ink, &c. but the depoſitions of both the above priſoners remain a ſecret as yet.

"By order of the Commiſſion, the Equipages, Horſes, &c. of Counts Struenſee and Brandt, have been ſold by public auction.

"The Engliſh Miniſter diſpatched a meſſenger to London the day before yeſterday, and laſt night his Excellency was at Court.

"Count Struenſee was this day again under examination."

The greateſt ſecrecy and ſilence are ſtill obſerved at St. James's on the affairs of Denmark: Several advices have been received from Copenhagen, but few, if any, of the contents have tranſpired even to the people in office.

The Friendſhip, Cowan, from Maryland to Clyde, is ſtranded near Wexford, in Ireland.

The laſt letters from Conſtantinople mention a dreadful earthquake having happened there lately, which occaſioned much damage, and ſeveral of the inhabitants were buried in the ruins.

March 13. It is ſaid that Lord Chatham has lately declared, that, in his opinion, the Bill for regulating the marriages of the Royal Family, is a more hateful ſtretch of deſpotiſm, than the Middleſex election was generally conſidered to be by the kingdom. "Parliamentary privilege (ſays his Lordſhip) is a ground upon which wiſe men have doubted, and good men differed; but in the preſent caſe, their can be neither difference nor doubt. The firſt principles of natural juſtice are obviouſly violated, when a King of 18 is to controul the marriages of Princes who are 25; and when the poſſible Heirs of the Crown are to be laid under reſtrictions, from which the poſſeſſor is exempted, though his choice is of infinitely greater importance to the people."

Lady Ligonier, who will loſe that name in a few days, now reſides at Liſle, in Flanders; her fortune, which was 10,000l. will be returned; and ſhe is to retain all the jewels, and other marks of tenderneſs, which, in the ſpotleſs moments of purity, were preſented by her huſband.

In the laſt conference Lord North had with a Great Perſonage on the ſubject of the marriage bill, before its being brought into the Houſe of Lords, he replied to him in the following words, "I will give your Majeſty the laſt proof of my duty (though I cannot of my inclination) by ſupporting it with my uſual endeavours to ſerve you."

We are well informed that Lord and Lady Groſvenor will very ſhortly be re-married. It is very certain that Lady Groſvenor is gone home to his Lordſhip's Houſe.

It is imagined that Ruſſia, in the courſe of the war, has loſt 300,000 men, beſides ſhips; and money to the amount of forty millions of roubles, or nine millions ſterling.

We have authority to inform the public, that there is a moral certainty of an immediate peace between the Ruſſians and the Porte. The congreſs is already opened at Jaſſy, the capital of Moldavia; and it is thought that all the demands of the Czarina will be complied with; the chief of which is the abſolute and entire ceſſion of the Crimea, and all the provinces to the eaſt of the Danube. The cauſe of this ſudden reſolution of pacification in the Ottoman Divan, riſes from what they call the *Treaſury* of the court of Vienna; the Emperor having for two years paſt received a very large ſubſidy from the Porte, without having taken one ſtep to intimidate Ruſſia from her enterprizes.

The Friends of the Imperial court own the receipt of the ſubſidy; but they excuſe the Emperor's inactivity by the ſcarcity of proviſions, which prevented the formation of magazines: But others affirm, that a ſecret declaration from Berlin was the true cauſe of the breach of promiſe to the Porte.

The Emperor, however, is to derive benefit from the pacification. The affairs of Poland are to be put on a new footing, and its conſtitution in ſome meaſure changed. The Emperor is to extend his frontier on the ſide of Hungary, into the heart of that kingdom; Poliſh Pruſſia is to be given to the Family of Brandenburgh, and Ruſſia is to poſſeſs itſelf of all the Poliſh Ukraine. The King of Poland, with ſome additional authority, is to keep up the ſhadow of monarchy in Warſaw.

The Ruſſians, continues our correſpondent, will derive immediate advantage from the poſſeſſion of the Crimea. It will give them the command of the Euxine, and carry terror to the walls of Conſtantinople; which city will now, in a great meaſure, depend upon their nod. The cultivation of tobacco is already high in the Crimea: And there is a particular article for permitting the Ruſſians to tranſport that commodity through the Propontis into the Weſtern Europe.

The Empreſs of Ruſſia, in conſideration of theſe ceſſions, is to guarantee to the Porte all its dominions: And the Ruſſian fleet in the Archipelago is to be ſold, at a ſet value, to the Grand Signor, who intends to turn his arms againſt Egypt. The Empreſs has alſo promiſed to uſe her influence with the Court of Perſia, to prevent them from aiding and abetting the revolted Baſhaw of Bagdad, who has uſurped the government of Babylonia.

The Turks, upon the whole, will loſe little of their annual revenue, by this ceſſion: And they will, with their now diſciplined armies, be ſoon able to reduce the revolted provinces in the South and Eaſt. Egypt has fallen off, Syria totters, and Meſopotamia is loſt, together with the poſſeſſion of the Arabian ſhore of the gulph of Perſia, toward the mouth of the Euphrates. Theſe will certainly be recovered, in a very ſhort time, by the armies now ſtationed on the Danube.

March 14. Mr. C. Fox told Lord North in the debate on Monday laſt, that he believed he was as honeſt, but not half ſo polite, as a Prime Miniſter ought to be; that his heart was tolerable, but his head was very indifferent. Lord North told him in reply, That he (Mr. Fox) had all his father's cunning, without one of his better qualities.

Mr. Ogg, one of his Majeſty's Meſſengers, was diſpatched this morning from Lord Rochford's office, to Mr. Keith, at Copenhagen.

We are informed, that ſoon after this ſeſſion of Parliament, Lord North is to retire with a penſion, not inferior to that of Lord Chatham, as a ſmall mark of Royal favour for his many great ſervices, but particularly for his unwearied induſtry about the Royal Marriage Bill.

We hear that the ſhipwrights in the ſeveral dock-yards are now buſier than at any time in the late war; and expreſſes are continually arriving at one or other of them from the Admiralty. It is not even conjectured what is the reaſon of all this extraordinary expedition.

March 16. Leave is given to bring in a bill in the Houſe of Commons, for puniſhing mutiny and deſertion, and for the better payment of the Army and their quarters, in his Majeſty's dominions in America.

Leave is given to bring in a bill to prevent fradulent admiſſions into the company of Merchants trading to America.

March 17. The reports of the death of the Queen of Denmark are, we are well informed, void of truth: The proceedings againſt her are carried on with the greateſt caution, and ſhe has every indulgence that can be allowed a ſtate priſoner, and one of her birth; Colonel Keith, 'tis ſaid, has been ſent for ſeveral times by ſome of the ſenators appointed to enquire into this affair, and great deference is paid to whatever he advances; and it is therefore imagined, that proceedings will ſoon be ſtopped, and none be made acquainted with particular circumſtances, except his Majeſty of Great Britain; and the puniſhment intended for this Princeſs will be ſubmitted to his opinion.

March 19. Two Councils were held laſt week on the conſideration of the queſtion, how far Great-Britain ought to interfere in the tranſactions now carrying on at Copenhagen? Lord Rochford, Lord Sandwich, &c. (as well as his M.) are of opinion, that the honour of this kingdom is always connected with every branch of the Royal Family, and as ſuch ought to be vindicated whenever theſe branches are inſulted; they are therefore for interfering. Lord Mansfield, Lord North, &c. have given their opinion, that as not only the honour, but the intereſt, of Denmark, are deeply involved in theſe important tranſactions, the utmoſt caution and circumſpection ought to be uſed in judging of them, much more in meddling with them; that the *laws* and *liberties* of a kingdom are not to be *trifled with*; that we certainly ought to have patience till the laws of Denmark had made a due progreſs in that buſineſs, and thrown ſome more light on tranſactions which were yet involved in confuſion and myſtery; and if it then appeared that prejudice or injuſtice had exerted any undue influence to bring the buſineſs to a diſagreeable termination, it was time enough to interfere.----In this ſtate, we are aſſured, the affair now remains; and orders have been ſent to Colonel Keith, the Britiſh reſident at Copenhagen, when any thing new tranſpires relative to that buſineſs, to tranſmit it immediately to London by expreſs.

Letters from Paris ſay, that a dangerous inſurrection has happened in the province of Brittany, and that a body of troops have been ordered to march there to ſuppreſs it.

By advices from Cracow, of the 19th of February, we learn, that the Commander of the Ruſſian army there, has declined all thoughts of diſpoſſeſſing the Confederates, who lately made themſelves Maſters of that fortreſs, ſeeing they muſt ſoon ſurrender priſoners of war, all ſorts of proviſion being totally conſumed within the fortreſs, and all the avenues to it entirely cut off by the Ruſſians.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, March 13.

"*The States of Holland have drawn up a repreſentation to the King of Denmark, remonſtrating againſt ſome new duties which he has lately laid upon all ſhips that paſs the Sound. As ſoon as this repreſentation has obtained the approbation of the States General, it will be tranſmitted to our Miniſter at Copenhagen.*

"*Private letters from Warſaw adviſe, that it has long been a matter of ſurpriſe how the Confederates ſupported themſelves, notwithſtanding their great loſſes; and it was generally believed that they were privately aſſiſted by ſome foreign power. This ſuppoſition is at length verified, and it is diſcovered that F----e has from time to time ſent them conſiderable remittances, and continues ſo to do.*"

Yeſterday there was a long debate in the Houſe of Commons on the royal marriage bill; when they got through the firſt enacting clauſe in the committee. An alteration was made in the bill, upon a motion from the Speaker, inſtead of the words ſign manual, *which were ordered to be left out, the words* Great Seal *were inſerted. At length the Houſe divided upon the main queſtion relative to the clauſe, when the numbers were, For it* 197. *Againſt it* 140.

It was now paſt twelve o' clock, ſtill the miniſtry inſiſted upon proceeding, which occaſioned ſome bitter altercation, and the Houſe was not up till three o' clock this morning. The Speaker and his ſon voted againſt the Miniſtry; but the Dundaſſes voted for them.

Monday laſt Mr. Burke very pathetically deſcribed the miſchiefs which the Royal Marriage bill muſt one day bring upon the nation; and very finely urged the inhumanity of it; the unfeelingneſs of the parent who could aſk it; and very emphatically concluded with theſe words, but the framer of this bill has no children! *The whole Houſe was ſtruck with the beauty of the climax. It obviouſly alluded to Lord Man field; who has been moſt juſtly called,* "*the great canker-worm of the ſtate.*"

March 20. It is ſaid that a negociation is ſet on foot by the Duke of Grafton and Lord Hertford, for placing Earl Gower at the head of the Treaſury. Mr. Rigby is to be Chancellor of the Exchequer. The Duke of Grafton is to preſide at the Admiralty Board, in the room of Lord Sandwich, who, it is reported, will be offered the Vice-Treaſurerſhip, or the Poſt-Office.---- The Duke of Marlborough is to ſucceed to the Privy Seal, and the Lords Weymouth and Rochford, are to be Secretaries of State. Lord North will be offered Mr. Rigby's preſent poſt. The Duke of Portland's eſtate and popularity will be permitted to recover

what Lord Townſhend has ſacrificed in Ireland. The friends of Lord North at the Treaſury will be removed, and ſucceeded by ſome of the Devonſhires. The inferior arrangements are few, and not yet concluded.

March 21. The Right Hon. the Earls of Lincoln and Hertford are, we are informed, to go to Copenhagen to fetch over the Queen of Denmark.

None of all the ſtories relative to the affairs of Denmark, ſo far as reſpects the movements of our Court thereon, are in the leaſt authentic. It is however a fact, that the faith of the King of Denmark, *with the permiſſion of the Queen his Mother, and Prince Frederick*, has been pledged, that no ſtep, affecting the honour and life of the reigning Queen of Denmark, ſhall be carried into execution, without firſt laying the merits of it before the Court of Great-Britain, and obtaining the concurrence, or, at any rate, the declaration of a non-interference of the King her brother thereon. This may be depended upon, as the moſt authentic intelligence of the ſtate of the affair, between the Courts of London and Copenhagen, hitherto given.

The Miniſtry have received certain advice of ſome dangerous deſigns hatching by the Spaniſh Court againſt Jamaica, and ſome other places in the Weſt-Indies.

March 23. Some new impoſts are talked of to be laid on America, before the riſing of the Parliament.

March 25. This morning a meeting of ſeveral principal perſons in Adminiſtration, was held at Lord Sandwich's houſe at the Admiralty, ſaid to be relative to ſome important naval affairs, which are expected to be ſhortly the ſubject of parliamentary diſcuſſion.

By the laſt Packet from Dublin there is advice, that the inſurgents, called the Hearts of Steel, and the White Boys, had united into one body, and continued committing the moſt violent outrages in the counties of Mayo, Antrim, Ulſter, and Kilkenny; and that at a little village near Drogheda, they had ſet fire to and burnt ſeveral barns of corn, to the amount of two thouſand pounds. Several of them are taken, and committed to goal.

In conſequence of the great outrages in Ireland, the Houſe of Commons there committed, reported and paſſed, the Bill againſt the rioters, in the northern counties, in one day.

March 26. The letters brought by this day's mail confirm, not only that peliminaries of peace have been ſigned by the Plenipotentiaries of the Turks and Ruſſians, but that a ſuſpenſion of Arms had been publiſhed in both armies.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to confer on the Right Hon. Lord North the Blue Ribband, vacant by the death of the Duke of Saxe-Gotha.

Extract of a Letter from Goſport, March 22.

"*It is confidently reported here, that Admiral Pye will ſuperſede Admiral Rodney at Jamaica, and that the Egmont, which came out of Dock yeſterday, is the ſhip he is to hoiſt his Flag on board of.*"

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, March 20.

"*They write from Cadiz, that though an order was publiſhed ſome time ago, that no man of war of any nation whatever ſhould put into any of the ports of Spain, the execution of which was very rigorouſly obſerved, a French man of war had nevertheleſs put in there not long ſince, to repair ſome damage ſhe had received in a ſtorm; that ſome of their officers, during their ſtay there, engaged in a contraband trade, in conſequence of which they were taken priſoners; that the Commander of the French man of war had leave to ſail, but refuſed to go without his officers, and that a Courier was ſent to Madrid for further inſtructions with reſpect to this affair.*

"*Mr. Yvois, Receiver of the public revenues at Rotterdam, and a conſiderable merchant there, has juſt failed for* 250,000 *guilders, and it is ſaid he is retired to France.*"

On Monday, at three o' clock, Welbore Ellis, Eſq; reported to the Houſe the amendments of the Committee to the Royal Marriage Bill, which were agreed to.

The motion made by Roſe Fuller, Eſq; on Monday, was to inſert a clauſe, that the Royal Marriage Act ſhould continue in force for and during the reign of his preſent Majeſty, and for three years after his demiſe, and no longer.---But after a ſhort debate, which laſted till half paſt ſix o' clock, the queſtion was put, that this clauſe be made a part of the Bill, when the Houſe dividing, there appeared Ayes 132, *Noes* 150; *ſo that the clauſe was rejected by a majority of only* 18. *As ſoon as the above diviſion was over, ſeveral of the Minority came in, being locked out at the time of the diviſion, which was the means of loſing the clauſe. Col. Luttrell and his father divided with the Minority. As there was a ſeeming inconſiſtence in the above motion, the Oppoſition did not ſeem to exert themſelves ſo warmly in favour of it, as they had done upon former occaſions. Lord North urged, as did his friends, that there was a tendency in this motion, which was inconſiſtent with paſſing the Bill at all; that, if it was paſſed, it muſt be ſuffered to go through, free of every exception, clog and incumbrance whatever; and that if the ſpirit of the Bill ſeemed to future Parliaments, to operate too* tyrannically, *with reſpect to the Perſons whom it concerned, the wiſdom of ſuch Parliaments, no doubt, would direct them, and urge them, to repeal it.*

Many Gentlemen oppoſed the principal and particular clauſes of the Bill; Mr. Sawbridge, in particular, ſaid it was "A Bill to gratify the rancour of a monſter, and the malice of a man." No Gentleman in Adminiſtration defended the Bill, but truſted to the Book of Numbers. At ſix o' clock the Houſe divided, when there appeared to be 168 *for its paſſing,* 115 *againſt it. Sir Joſeph Mawbey moved to correct the title of the act, and to make it coextenſive with its contents, by adding theſe words, "*AN ACT FOR ENLARGING AND EXTENDING "THE PREROGATIVE OF THE CROWN, AND FOR THE "ENCOURAGEMENT OF ADULTERY AND FORNICATION, "UNDER THE PRETENCE OF" *regulating the Marriages of the Royal Family; but this was objected to, and the latter words continue to form the title.*

The Royal Marriage Bill has now paſſed our Moſt Faithful Commons, *in the unlimited extent it was drawn by Lord Mansfield; ſo that every deſcendant of our now more-than-ever-to-be-lamented Sovereign George the Second, is in vaſſalage and ſlavery; and the Kings of this limited monarchy, are erected into family tyrants, to trample upon the laws of nature and religion. One reſource of comfort ſtill remains,---the reflection that the arbitrary acts of a deſpotic Henry were all repealed by his benificent ſon King Edward the Sixth.*

The Royal Marriage Bill has been paſſed at the expence of two Britiſh Baronies, five Iriſh ditto, one advancement from ditto to an Iriſh Earldom, one Blue Ribbon, three Red ones, one Baronetage, three reverſionary Patent Places, twenty-five thouſand pounds in occaſional gratuities, beſides innumerable promiſes of lottery tickets. In ſo very intereſting and conſtitutional a light, is this Bill ſeen by our worthy Repreſentatives!

The Blue Ribbon which is to be given to Lord North, was promiſed him ſeveral months ago. Quere, if this is not the firſt time the K. has kept his promiſe with Lord North?

The Duke of Ancaſter, and the Earl of Holderneſſe, are much diſpleaſed that the vacant Blue Ribbon is to be given to Lord North, in preference to either of them.

March 27. *The Hearts of Steel in the North of Ireland, are in a ſtate of open rebellion; they have been for ſome time training under diſcarded Serjeants, and broken Soldiers; their numbers are formidable, and they are well armed; but General Giſbourne has marched againſt them with a conſiderable body of the King's troops, and a good account will, we hope, be ſhortly received of the inſurgents.*

Laſt night letters were received from Dr. Jebb, at Rome, which give an account, that his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter, was quite reſtored to a good State of health, that he intended to ſet out for England in a few days, and that he hoped to be in town by the middle of April.

March 28. On Wedneſday the Daniſh Miniſter had a conference of upwards of an hour with Lord Suffolk; after which they both of them waited upon the King together, with whom they were cloſeted for ſome time. What was the particular circumſtances that gave riſe to this audience is not known, but it was obſerved that Baron Dieden returned from the Preſence, ſeemingly, with a very dejected countenance.

PHILADELPHIA, May 14.

On Monday next the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province meets here.

At an Election of Managers, and Treaſurer, of the Corporation for the Relief and Employment of the Poor, in the City of Philadelphia, held on Monday laſt, the following Gentlemen were choſen, viz.

MANAGERS. *Luke Morris, Thomas Say, Jacob Shoemaker, jun. Stephen Collins, John Drinker, Benjamin Morgan, James Logan, William Wiſhart, Thomas Clifford, Samuel Fiſher, Anthony Morris, jun. William Coates.* TREASURER. *Joſhua Howell.*

By Captain Adams, from Liſbon, we learn, that on the 2d of March, the Ship Phœbe, of this Port, lately commanded by Captain Mungo Davidſon, put in there in Diſtreſs; ſhe was bound to London from the Bay of Honduras, but on the Paſſage, the Mate was waſhed overboard, and drowned, and one of the Sailors died; that the Captain, being unwell when he left the Bay, at laſt grew ſo bad, as to be unable to come on Deck, when they luckily met with a Dutch Veſſel, from which he got a Man to navigate the Ship, who carried her to Liſbon, but Captain Davidſon died about ten Days before ſhe arrived: And that Capt. Long, in a Ship belonging to this Place, died at Liſbon the 17th of March. On the 6th Inſtant, off of Cape Henlopen, Captain Adams ſpoke a Sloop from Monto-Chriſti for New-York.

Captain Henderſon from Vigo, on the 26th of March, in Lat. 37: 40, Long. 14: 14, ſpoke a Brig, from Briſtol for North-Carolina, but could not learn the Maſter's Name; on the 14th of April, in Lat. 25: 12, Long. 38: 54, ſpoke the Brig Succeſs, Captain Reed, from London for Virginia, out 5 Weeks, all well; 30th, in Lat. 29: 21, Long. 68, ſpoke a Sloop, from St. Chriſtophers for Bermuda; and on the 2d Inſt. in Lat. 33: 52, Long. 73: 30, he ſpoke a ſmall Sloop from Antigua, bound to Virginia.

Captain Gilbert, from the Bay of Honduras, on the 28th ult. in Lat. 33: 44, Long. 73: 4, ſpoke a Schooner, Captain Jenkins, from Barbados for Maryland, out 16 Days; the 2d Inſtant, in Lat. 37: 24, Long. 74, ſpoke the Brig Prince of Wales, Captain Moore, from this Port for South-Carolina; and on the 4th, in Lat. 38: 13, Long. 74: 39, he ſpoke the Ship Tyger, Captain Robertſon, from this Place for Jamaica, out two Days.

Captain Durell, from Dartmouth, on the 18th of laſt Month, in Lat. 39, Long. 64: 30, ſpoke two Brigs, from South-Carolina for London, out 8 Days; and on the 20th, in Lat. 39, Long. 66, ſpoke a Schooner, from Salem for Dominica, out 8 Days, all well.

Captain Woodberry, from Salem, on the Firſt Inſtant, in Lat. 41: 36, Long. 68: 38, ſpoke a large Sloop, from Cape Nichola for Rhode-Iſland, out 48 Days; ſhe had met with ſeveral very hard Gales of Wind, and had carried away her Maſt.

Captain Nuttle, from the Bay of Honduras, on the 22d ult. off the Matanſes, ſpoke the Brig Princeſs of Orange, from the Bay for New-York, out 14 Days, all well.

Captain Moodie, from Glaſgow, on the 6th ult. in Lat. 47: 39, Long. 47: 57, ſpoke a Brig from Nantucket for London; and on the 20th, in Lat. 39, Long. 53, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Clark, from Rhode-Iſland for Senegal, out 10 Days, all well.

Captain Steel, from Barbados, on the 25th ult. in Lat. 25: 30, Long. 68: 30, ſpoke the Brig Africa, Captain Davidſon, from the Miſſiſippi for Cape Francois, out 30 Days; and on the 4th Inſtant, in Lat. 36: 27, Long. 72: 30, ſpoke a Brig, from Norfolk, in Virginia, for Jamaica, out 3 Days, all well.

Capt. Shoemaker, arrived at New-York from London, the 18th ult. in Lat. 31: 35, Long. 32: 40, ſpoke a Schooner from this Place for Dominica, out 11 Days.

Capt. Oak, in the Harriot Packet, alſo arrived at New-York, from Falmouth, the 26th ult. in Lat. 37, Long. 70, ſpoke the Ship Walter, Captain Hunter, from Virginia for Glaſgow, out 5 Days, all well. Capt. Hunter, the Day before, ſpoke a Schooner, from London for Virginia, out 16 Weeks, in great Want of Proviſions, which he generouſly ſupplied him with.

Capt. Power, from Barbados, on the 16th ult. in Lat. 14: 30, Long. 59: 20, ſpoke the Schooner Fair Lady, from Boſton for Grenada; and on the 7th Inſtant, in Lat. 38, Long. 74, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Stuart, from Hiſpaniola for New-York.

Captain Lyel, from Liverpool, on the 9th of laſt Month, in Lat. 50: 20, Long. 19, ſpoke the Ship Philadelphia, Captain Malcom, from this Port for Belfaſt, out 27 Days, all well.

The Captains Aul and Davidſon, from this Place, are arrived at Liſbon.

Arrived at London. The Betſy, Darby; Kitty, Collins; Luna and Lloyd, Nicks; and Prince-George, Fawn, from Virginia.---The May, M'Laughlin, from Maryland.---The Mermaid, Ball; Beaufain, Curling; Montague, Pickles; Carolina-Packet, White; John Galley, Syms; Sea Venture, Hall; and Hand-in-Hand, Berien, from South-Carolina.---The Louiſa, Hart, from North-Carolina.---The Polly, Rymer; Georgia-Packet, Anderſon; and Chance, Clinker, from Georgia.---The Minerva, Ruggles, from Boſton.

At Portſmouth. The Ann, Fortin, from South-Carolina.

At Cowes. The Little John, Henſley, from Ditto.

At Glaſgow. The Captains Conway and Sandford, from Virginia; and The Corſican, Brown, from Boſton.

Sailed from Glaſgow for Virginia. The Captains Foſter, Wood, Mackie, Smith, Muir and M'Larty.

Briſtol, March 14. *Entered out.* The Sarah, Drew, for Virginia; Liberty, Laſley; and Palliſer, Armond, for Carolina. Hannah, Burd, for Quebec.

Sailed from Briſtol. The Trueman, Shepperd, for South-Carolina.

Cleared out from London, from March 1 *to* 12. The Nancy, Coulſon; Nancy, Baron; and Charming Nelly, Carnaby, for Virginia.---The Polly, Kelty; Fanny, Galbraith; and Trotman, Jockley; for Maryland.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 19s. 9d. Wheat 7s. 9d. Indian Corn 3s. 10d. Ship Bread 30s. Middling Ditto 30s. White Ditto 60s. Pipe Staves 10l. Barrel Ditto 3l. 10s. Hogſhead Ditto 7l. Red Oak Ditto 6l. Beef 2l. 15s. Pork 4l. 10s. Weſt-India Rum 2s. 11d. New-England Ditto 2s. 1d. Pennſylvania Ditto 2s. 1d. Madeira Wine 40 to 60l. Muſcovado Sugar 50s. to 56s. Melaſſes 20d. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 14s. Tar 14s. Turpentine 16s. Tobacco 25s. to 40s. Rice 25s. Liſbon Salt 18d. Bohea Tea 4s. Hemp 6d. Cotton 14d. Bar Iron 26l. Pig Iron 8l.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Molly, E. Rogers, from Boſton. Schooner Polly, T. Woodberry, Salem, N. E. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguſon, New-York. Sloop Hope, W. Smart, and Schooner Nancy, J. Neil, N. Carolina. Sloop Robert, W. Bunting, Virginia. Schooner Centurion, E. Gray, Falmouth, N. E. Sloop Peace and Plenty, J. Anthony, and Sloop Molly, V. Whitman, Rhode-Iſland. Brig Juno, J. Warden, Hiſpaniola. Snow Sally, G. Gilbert, and Brig Juliana, S. Nuttle, Honduras. Brig Lowther, M. Powell, and Ship Mercury, J. Steel, Barbados. Ship Two Brothers, R. Alams, Ship Otter, G. Caton, and Brig Hetty, A. Henderſon, Liſbon. Brig Paragon, M. Jackſon, Montſerrat. Ship Lydia, T. Dean, and Ship Charming Sally, J. Cooper, Liverpool. Brig Phœnix, C. Durell, Dartmouth. Ship Severn, J. Hathorn, Briſtol. Ship Buchanan, J. Moody, Glaſgow.

Outwards. *Schooner Lovely Laſs, J. Stephen, for Maryland. Schooner Suſanna, J. Soams, and Brig Phœnix, C. Durell, Halifax. Sloop Molly, E. Rogers, Schooner William, J. Gorham, and Sloop Peggy, S. Hinckly, Boſton. Schooner King Tammany, R. Shewell, and Sloop Kingſton, R. Patterſon, Jamaica. Brig Adventure, C. Hamery, Newfoundland. Brig Carpenter, S. Williams, Antigua. Schooner Polly, T. Woodberry, for Salem, N. E.*

Cleared. *Sloop Patty, S. Curry, Schooner Neptune, J. King, and Sloop North-Carolina Packet, G. Simpſon, to North Carolina. Brig Nancy, W. Hawkins, Barbados. Schooner Counteſs of Dunmore, A. Surtees, Virginia. Schooner Induſtry, R. Parker, and Sloop Bonaventure, J. Waterman, Boſton. Sloop Hope, S. Seymour, Surrinam. Schooner Happy Return, T. Boyle, Madeira. Schooner Induſtry, J. Barry, Halifax. Brig Lovely Laſs, A. Waid, Jamaica. Sloop Succeſs, L. Hogan, Nova-Scotia. Brig Baniſtre, Z. Burchmore, Dominica. Ship Fame, W. Gamble, to Liſbon.*

ALL Perſons indebted to the late Partnerſhip of Baldwin and Starr, are once more deſired to make immediate Payment, otherwiſe they will be under the diſagreeable Neceſſity of taking legal Steps for the Recovery thereof.

¶ BALDWIN and STARR.

His Honour the Governor having been pleaſed to commiſſion

JOHN ORD,

A NOTARY and TABELLION PUBLICK, within the province of Pennſylvania,

HE hereby informs all merchants, maſters of veſſels, and others, that conſtant attendance will be given, at his office, in Front-ſtreet, a few doors above Cheſtnut-ſtreet, where thoſe who are pleaſed to favour him with their buſineſs, may be aſſured of having it done authentically, and with the greateſt care and diſpatch. He likewiſe carries on the Conveyancing Buſineſs, in all its branches, and, upon application, will, with accuracy, peruſe and examine titles to lands, &c. and inform the poſſeſſor or owner of the deeds, relating to ſuch lands, of any defect in their titles, and alſo of what will be needful to ſupply or remedy ſuch defect.

Thoſe who pleaſe to favour him in placing out their money at intereſt, may be aſſured, that he will procure them undoubted ſecurity, by mortgage, or otherwiſe. ¶

Imported in the laſt veſſels from Great-Britain and Ireland, and To be SOLD, by

CONYNGHAM and NESBITT,

At their ſtore, in Front-ſtreet, below Walnut-ſtreet,

A VARIETY of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, ſuitable for the SEASON.

They have likewiſe for ſale, Weſt-India rum, Muſcovado ſugar, coffee, piemento, Madeira wines, of the beſt quality, and a parcel of dried hides, in the hair, all of which they will ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms for caſh, or the uſual credit. 6 w

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the London Coffee-houſe, on Seventh Day of the week, the 30th inſtant, at 7 o' clock in the evening (purſuant to the laſt will and teſtament of Joſeph Town, deceaſed)

A GOOD two ſtory BRICK HOUSE, two rooms on a floor, with fire-places in each room, with a good cellar, and a kitchen in part of it, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Chriſtian-ſtreet, between Front and Water or Swanſon-ſtreets, not far from Joſeph Wharton's wharff, Southwark; the LOT is 20 feet front, and 80 feet deep, on a 30 feet alley. Alſo one other LOT, adjoining the above-mentioned lot, of the ſame dimenſions, with a wooden ſhop thereon. The whole is ſubject to a groundrent of Two Shillings currency a foot, per annum.

JANE TOWN, Executrix, JOHN PARRISH, Executor.

Said *Parriſh* has for ſale, a quantity of neat and well poliſhed Flag-ſtones and Chimney-pieces, lately imported from England. *Fifth-Month* 12, 1772.

JACOB S. HOWELL,

Has for ſale, at his ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the Old Ferry-houſe, and next door to Joſhua Howell's,

AN aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, imported in the laſt ſhips from London. *May* 1, 1772.

Alſo a few Hogſheads of RED PORT. ¶ 8 *w.*

PATON and LETTS, TAYLORS,

In Front-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, right oppoſite Combes's alley,

TAKE this method to inform the public, that they are carrying on the Taylor's Buſineſs, in all its branches; and as they have been encouraged by ſeveral Gentlemen of note, who have ſignified the greateſt ſatisfaction with their work, humbly beg a continuance of their favours, aſſuring their work ſhall be done with the utmoſt fidelity and diſpatch. ¶

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Friday, the 22d of May inſtant, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain brick tenement, and lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Fifth-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 20 feet, and in length or depth 180 feet, or thereabouts; bounded by Fifth-ſtreet aforeſaid, and by ground of George Wood, Joſeph Richardſon, and others; ſubject to a groundrent of Five Pounds per annum, late the eſtate of Thomas Corgell; ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Saturday, the 23d of May inſt. at 12 o' clock at noon, at the London Coffee-houſe, two full, equal, and undivided ninth parts, the whole into nine equal parts to be divided, of and in a certain plantation, or tract of land, ſituate in Lower Merion townſhip, containing 100 acres, or thereabouts, be the ſame more or leſs, having a ſtone dwelling-houſe, two paper mills, and other convenient outhouſes, erected thereon; bounded by lands of John Robinſon, John Roberts, and others (ſubject to a proportionable part of the Widow's Dower, during the term of her natural life) late the eſtate of Benjamin Shitz; ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

Cheſter, May 11, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on the 23d day of this inſtant May, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, will be expoſed to public ſale, a certain meſſuage, or tenement, plantation, and tract of land thereunto belonging, containing about 54 acres, and allowance, be the ſame more or leſs, ſituate in Nether Providence townſhip, in Cheſter county. Likewiſe, at the ſame time and place, will be ſold, horſes, cows, and ſwine, beds and bedding, a caſe of drawers, tables and chairs, pewter, braſs, iron and wooden ware, implements of huſbandry, and other things, not here inſerted; late the eſtate of Lewis Trimble, ſeized and taken in execution by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

To be SOLD,

A TRACT of about 200 acres of LAND, ſituate in Whiteland, Cheſter county, Pennſylvania, within 26 miles of this city; it lies on the road to Baltimore, and as it is all woodland, is deemed very valuable. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may apply to Meſſrs. GEORGE MEADE, and Co. of this city, or to GEORGE ASHBRIDGE, Eſq; in Cheſter county. *Philadelphia, May* 14, 1772.

Philadelphia, May 14, 1772.

ALL Perſons having any Demands whatſoever againſt the Eſtate of CATHERINE ORRICK, late of this City, Widow, are requeſted to bring in their Accounts, properly proved, to DEBORAH PRICE, Adminiſtratrix, and ROBERT DOVE, Adminiſtrator, to the ſaid Eſtate. ¶

STEPHEN CARMICK,

HAS juſt imported, from London, a large aſſortment of DRY GOODS, ſuitable for the ſeaſon, which he will ſell on the loweſt terms, for caſh, or the uſual credit, at his ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, the 3d door above Market-ſtreet.

FOR BRISTOL,

THE ſhip Severn, James Hathorn, Maſter, expected to ſail in 3 weeks, having a great part of her cargoe ready to go on board; ſhe is a fine cedar built ſhip, ſails faſt, and has good accommodations for paſſengers; for freight, or paſſage, apply to ſaid Maſter, or to STOCKER and WHARTON, at their warehouſe, next door to Mr. Joſeph Sims, where they have to diſpoſe of, the following articles,----3d. 4d. 8d. 10d. 12d. and 20d. nails, both ſharp and flat points; ſheathing nails and paper; white lead ground; Briſtol beer; Taunton ale; Cheſhire and Glouceſter cheeſe; pipes, of various ſizes, in boxes and kegs; crates of phials; forge hammers; grindſtones; baſkets of quart and half gallon empty bottles; ſail duck, No. 1 to 8; glaſs 8 by 10, 9 by 11; pigeon, duck, and gooſe ſhot; powder; ſheet and bar lead; boxes of tin; alſo rum, ſugar, ſweet oil, &c. *May* 14, 1772.

LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Poſt-Office, at Lancaſter,

GEORGE Armſtrong, Carliſle; John Alliaſon, Little-Britain.

B. Jacob Bryner, Reading; the Rev. Mr. John Beard, Robert Bean, Conigojig, Ja. Boyd, at the Gap Tavern; Jo. Briſbin, Mill-creek; Edward Barton, York County; Sa. Bradford, Robert Ballance, Rapho Townſhip; John Buckwalder, Lancaſter County; Gabriel Blakney.

C. John Charles Hekker, Daniel Colgan, Paxton; Joſeph Caldwell, Shearman's Valley; Benjamin Chambers, Cumberland County; Robert Craghton, Marſh-creek; Bernard Ceary, Shippen's Town; Richard Coulter, Cumberland County.

D. George Dougherty, Middletown; William Dunwody, Taylor; Jenkin Davis, Evan Davis, Jo. Davis, Zacheus Davis, Hans Donnalin, Carliſle; Pat. Drue, Cumberland; Patrick Douglaſs, Robert Daviſon, Carliſle; John Dunlap, Welſh Valley.

G. Art. Grear, Pequea.

H. Ja. Hennen, to the Care of Mr. Cuthbertſon.

I. Brice Innis, John Jamiſon.

K. Jo. Kane, York; Matt. Kelley, Octerara; Philip Key, York County.

L. John Lanning.

M. Jo. Maſe, John M'Near, Taylor, Sa. M'Fadden, William M'Pherſon, Cumberland Co. Ja. M'Maſters, George M'Comb, Jo. Moore, Cumberland County; Alexander Murra, Shearman's Valley; William M'Kee, in Ditto; James M'Naught (2) York County; Ja. Mercer.

N. James Nevill, Cumberland County; Edward Near, at Smith's Forge; George Nichols, York County.

P. Jo. Pollock, in Carliſle: Jane Porter, to the Care of Mr. Cuthbertſon; Ja. Peacock, Donnegall; Capt. William Plunket.

R. Thomas Ruthford, Paxton; Matt. Ryn, in Middletown; Ja. Ramſey, in Drummore; Sa. Ramſey; Ja. Rea.

S. Jonas Seely, Eſq; Ja. Scott, Cumberland County; Gilbert Seawright, John Snodgraſs, Eliz. Sinclare, Jo. Shanberger, York County; Malachi Says, James Shaw, York.

T. Jo. Taggart, John Thompſon, Cumberland County.

W. William or Joſeph Wallace, Peter Weily, Matt. Willſon, Cumberland County; Robert Willſon, Ditto; James Willey, Ditto; Mary Willey, Lancaſter County.

To be SOLD, and may be entered on immediately,

A SMALL valuable PLANTATION, containing 45 acres of good land, whereon is a good two ſtory ſtone houſe, with three rooms, and fire-places, on a floor, and two good cellars, a large kitchen, and a pump of good water near the door, a good ſpring-houſe, a large ſtable and ſheds, two good gardens, a large orchard of good fruit, 5 or 6 acres of good meadow, part of which is watered; the whole in good repair, being a pleaſant healthy ſituation; there has been a public houſe kept there for 40 years paſt, known by the name of *The Prince of Wales*, within 10 miles of Philadelphia, on the main Lancaſter road. The purchaſer paying one half in hand, may have a deed, on giving bond and ſecurity for the remainder, to be paid in one year, to FRANCIS HOLTON. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

And may be entered upon immediately,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, containing about two hundred acres of land, ſituate in the county of Cæcil, and province of Maryland, near Great Elk-Forge, about five miles from the head of Elk, one mile from Little Elk, and twelve miles from Chriſtine Landing. The title is indiſputable, and the land as fertile as any in that part of the country. There are about forty acres lately cleared, and in pretty good fence: The reſt is well timbered; the upland with oak, hickory, and ſome cheſtnut; the ſwamp with white oak, whereof a great quantity of pipe and barrel ſtaves may be made, for which there is a great demand in that part of the country. Alſo, a ſufficiency of good meadow, moſt of which may be watered. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may have it at 30s. per acre, by applying to Peter Vanſant, in Bucks county, near Yardley's ferry, or Thomas May, at Elk Forge, near the land, and paying part of the money down, and giving good ſecurity for the remainder, may have a good and ſufficient deed for the ſaid lands. ¶

To be LETT, by the SUBSCRIBER,

For a term of years, and may be entered on immediately,

A TAN-YARD, either with or without a quantity of Plow-land, lying in Baltimore county, in the Province of Maryland, about 18 miles from Baltimore town, and about ſeven from Joppa, with a quantity of hides and bark now in the yard, and every utenſil needful for carrying on the tanning and currying buſineſs: The ſituation is exceeding healthful, with an excellent ſpring of water, which ſupplies the yard, and in a fine part of the country for hides, bark and lime. Any perſon inclining to view the ſame, may, by inquiring of Mr. Joſeph Stiles, at the Head of Buſh-river, Mr. Robert Biſhop, in Joppa, or Mr. George Stewart, at the Lower Croſs-roads, all in Baltimore county, be directed where they may find the ſame, and the ſubſcriber thereat. ¶ JOHN BOND, junior.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from his Bail, on the 9th inſtant, ANDREW M'MASTERS, by trade a blackſmith, near 30 years of age, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, well ſet, of a dark complexion, pitted with the ſmall-pox, ſpeaks thick in the North country dialect, is fond of company, and apt to ſwear, has one remarkable large tooth in his upper jaw before, his right hand is much ſwelled, and very ſore by a ſtrain; had on when he went away, a blue-grey coloured cloth coat, red and white ſtriped jacket, and buff coloured ſtocking breeches; he came to this country about a year ago from Ireland, with Capt. M'Cutchon, and it is thought he is in company with two other young Iriſhmen, both of a ſandy complexion, who are likewiſe miſſing. Whoever takes up the ſaid run-away, and ſecures him, ſo that his Bail may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by JAMES RIDDLE. ¶

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE, on the 25th day of this inſtant May, at the late dwelling-houſe of Joſeph Richardſon, Middletown, deceaſed; ſundries, viz.

A VARIETY of houſhold goods, and kitchen furniture; ſuch as beds, bedding, tables, drawers, chairs, and a large aſſortment of pewter and braſs; a variety of ſhop goods, horſes, mares, milch cows, and young cattle; ſheep, ſwine, and ſundry kinds of utenſils of huſbandry; a compleat ſett of ſmith's tools; a quantity of iron, and ſteel; a quantity of walnut, cherry, and maple boards. All perſons buying to the value of Twenty Shillings, or upwards, may have nine months credit, giving ſecurity, if required; all leſſer ſums ready money is expected by MARY RICHARDSON, Executrix, JOSHUA RICHARDSON, and WILLIAM RICHARDSON, Executors. ¶

WHEREAS CATHERINE, the wife of MATTHEW HENRICK, hath eloped from her ſaid huſband, without any juſt reaſon for ſo doing; theſe are therefore to give notice to the public, not to truſt her upon my account, for I will pay no debts of her contracting: Likewiſe, ſhe hath taken away three children, which I had by her, a lame boy, and two girls; whoever will inform me where they, or any of them are, that I may have an opportunity of ſeeing them, the favour ſhall be gratefully acknowledged, by me MATTHEW HENRICK. ¶

TO BE DISPOSED OF,

Near SIX YEARS of a SERVANT GIRL'S TIME,

SHE is country born, about 14 years of age, is very ſtrong, and able to do a good deal of work, but eſpecially to attend upon children, as ſhe has been already employed that way, and is now parted with for no other reaſon but want of employ. Enquire of the Printers.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE,

on Tueſday, the 19th inſtant May, at the London Coffee-houſe, at Six o'clock in the evening.

ONE equal and undivided moiety or half part, of and in a certain three ſtory brick meſſuage, and lot of ground, ſituate in the Northern Liberties, on the ſouth ſide of Arbuckle's Lane, containing in front 20 feet, and in length or depth 80 feet; ſubject to Two Pounds ſterling, groundrent, per annum, payable to the Honourable Proprietaries.

Alſo, at the ſame time and place, will be ſold, one other equal and undivided moiety or half part, of and in a certain two ſtory brick meſſuage, and lot of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Second-ſtreet continued, being in front 18 feet, and in length or depth 50 feet, free of groundrent; late the property of John Brown. Attendance will be given, by JACOB WINEY, and FREDERICK KUHL.

SAMUEL HOWELL and SON,

At their ſtore, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, near Front-ſtreet,

HAVING determined to decline the importation of dry goods, will ſell their ſtock of goods on hand much lower than their general prices, either for caſh or ſhort credit, viz. Cottons, calicoes, chintzes and bed patterns, linen bengals, laſtings, ſattinets, ſerge denims, ſilk and worſted ſaggathies, harbines, black ruſſels, ſuperfine, ſecond and coarſe broadcloths, Bath and beaver coatings, ſtriped duffils, 8-4ths, 9-4ths and 10-4ths blankets, rugs, camblets, calimancoes, durants and tammies, rattinets and ſhalloons, mens, womens and youths worſted, cotton and thread hoſe, fuſtians and jeans, white ſattins and peelongs, ſtraw coloured and changeable mantuas, blue and white half ell farſnets, half yard black, white and green perſians, black ſilk cravats, ſilk and linen handkerchiefs, Scotch and blue paſtework ditto, 7-8ths, yard wide, and yard 3-8ths cotton checks, 10 nails, 11 nails and 3-4ths checks and ſtripes, brown Ruſſia ſheetings, brown and white Iriſh ſheetings, German and Iriſh dowlas, thickſets, cotton velvets and velverets, 7-8ths and yard wide Iriſh linens, red and ſcarlet flannels, womens gloves and mitts, 7-8ths and 3-4ths ticken, ſtriped and cotton hollands, furniture checks, brown heſſens, German and Scotch ozenbrigs, Leghorn and chip hats, ſilk damaſcuſſes, ſooſees and lorettos, quality and ſhoe bindings, ſilk ferrets, ſtriped tapes, childrens red Morocco pumps, ſcarf and mohair twiſt, tapes and bobbing, horn and ivory combs, baladines, ſewing ſilk, Scotch threads, red, blue and cloth coloured threads, 6-4ths and yard wide muſlins and humhums, 6-4ths book muſlins, 7-8ths and yard wide plain and flowered gauzes, a neat aſſortment of ribbons, cotton romals, India nankeens, ſtriped linceys, ſcarlet mixed and brown German ſerges, worſted and hair ſhags, baſket and death-head buttons, platine coat and veſt ditto, black horn ditto, ivory, bone, buck and ſham-buck table knives and forks, ſhagreen caſes, cutteau and piſtol capt knives, Barlow penknives, taylors ſhears and ſciſſars, ſleeve buttons, and a variety of ſhoe and knee buckles, powder, ſhot and bar-lead, China ware, nutmegs, mace and pepper, &c. &c. They have alſo for ſale, large and ſmall German made money cheſts, London porter in 40 gallon caſks, and German made rifle barrels, ſeine twine, &c. &c.

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living on Oldman's creek, in Salem county, on the 5th day of this inſtant May, a Negroe Servant Lad, named RICHARD SKILEN, twenty years of age, has a down look, long noſe, is marked with the ſmall-pox, and looks like a Muſtee; had on, when he went away, an old hat, buckſkin breeches, tied with ſtrings, an old ozenbrigs ſhirt, a ſhort ſtriped jacket, with ſleeves, worn out at the elbows, new ſhoes, with buckles, and a pair of black and white ſtockings. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervant, in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by DAVID CLAYTON. §

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On the 29th day of this inſtant May,

A Valuable Tavern and Tract of Land, ſituate in Lower Merion, Philadelphia county, on Lancaſter road, where Darby, Cheſter, the County Line, and John Roberts, Miller's roads come in and croſs each other, near twelve miles diſtance from Philadelphia, containing 42 acres; there is on ſaid land three dwelling houſes, viz. a licenſed public houſe, known by the name of the Roſe and Crown, being two ſtories high, with four rooms on the firſt floor, and two above, a good cellar under the whole, a good garden, ſtables, and a large new barn, a thriving young orchard, with about 130 bearing apple trees, about 31 acres of cleared land, part well limed, 5 acres whereof is good meadow, and more may be made, the remainder is well timbered; another is a well built new ſquare log dovetail houſe, with a good cellar under the whole, and ſtone chimnies; the third houſe is not ſo good: Likewiſe to be ſold, at the ſame time and place, a leaſe for 11 years and 11 months, of a lot of ground, about one acre, in Radnor, joining the County Line, oppoſite the above tavern, whereon is a large dwelling-houſe, ſhop, and good cellar, very convenient for a ſtore, weaver, potter, waggoner, or any tradeſman; the whole rents at upwards of 34l. per year; to be ſold for leſs than 500l. On paying one half of the purchaſe money, credit will be given for the remainder, paying intereſt. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the whole, or part, may enquire of Peter Evans, on the premiſes, John Smith, in Radnor, John Jones, Watch-maker, in Germantown, or the owner John Jones, near Bethlehem. ‡

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Glouceſter county, the fifth of April, an Engliſh ſervant man, named JOHN CONST: He is about 25 years of age, five feet four or five inches high, pretty full faced, dark brown coloured hair, and ſays he underſtands tending a griſt-mill. Had on when he went away, an old felt hat, an ozenbrigs ſhirt, a light coloured cloth coat, with a ſlaſh ſleeve, an old white pluſh jacket, a pair of blue trowſers, with a white patch on the right knee, dark coloured ſtockings, and half worn ſhoes. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, paid by JOHN ROOM. ‡

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of ROBERT ALEXANDER, late of Lancaſter county, deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate payment, and thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts, legally proved, to be ſettled by

ROBERT CUNNINGHAM, Adminiſtrator.

N. B. As ſaid Cunningham is moved from Lancaſter county to York county, the creditors may, if they will, leave their accounts proved, with Everard Groover, or Calvin Cooper, Eſqrs. in Lancaſter county, and they will be ſettled by the ſaid Cunningham. ¶ May 14.

ALL Perſons who are poſſeſſed of Bills of Credit, iſſued by Act of Aſſembly of the Province of Pennſylvania, dated June 15, 1767, denominated SIX POUNDS, FOUR POUNDS, and FORTY SHILLINGS; and alſo the Bills of Credit of ſaid Province, iſſued 1ſt March, 1769, denominated THREE POUNDS, THIRTY SHILLINGS, TWELVE SHILLINGS, and EIGHT SHILLINGS, are requeſted to bring them to the Provincial Treaſurer, and receive their reſpective Value.

May 4, 1772. *tbc3m.* OWEN JONES.

Juſt imported in the Britannia, Captain Falconer, and other veſſels lately from Europe, and to be ſold by

SAMUEL PLEASANTS,

At his ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, the ſecond door above Cheſtnut-Street,

A NEAT and General Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, ſuitable for the Seaſon. 6 W.

To the PUBLIC.

WHEREAS a certain JAMES SHANNON, of the townſhip of Norriton, in the county of Philadelphia, did obtain of me the ſubſcriber, a note of hand, dated on or about the ninth day of March laſt, for the payment of the ſum of Twelve Pounds, Money of Pennſylvania, on the 27th day of November next, and, as I apprehend I have been greatly deceived, and impoſed on, in the conſideration for which I gave ſaid note, I do hereby forwarn all perſons, from taking any aſſignment or transfer of ſaid note, as I am determined not to pay the ſame, unleſs compelled thereto by due courſe of law. Given under my hand, this 5th day of May, 1772. GEORGE FAIL. ¶

MEADOWS,

IN DIFFERENT PARCELS,

SITUATE in Paſſyunk Townſhip, about 3 or 4 Miles from Philadelphia, to be LETT, for the preſent Seaſon. Enquire of JOSEPH FOX, ABEL JAMES, or MICHAEL HILLEGAS.

Philadelphia April 14, 1772.

To be SOLD, by way of public VENDUE,

at the London Coffee-houſe, on Thurſday, the 14th of May next, at 7 o'clock in the evening,

ABOUT fourteen acres of very good meadow ground, in Greenwich Iſland, within 4 miles of this city, beautifully ſituate on the river Delaware, and adjoining the meadows of Mr. William Jones, and Mr. Richard Renſhaw; the whole conveniently laid off in three lots, with ſuitable cartways to each, and to be ſold ſeparate, as divided and numbered 3, 5 and 6, in the plan thereof, to be ſeen at the Coffee-houſe, Richard Renſhaw's, or with the ſubſcriber, who will treat with any perſon that may incline to purchaſe at private ſale.

¶ ENOCH STORY, Broker.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Monday, the 18th of May, at 12 o'clock at noon (and to be ſtruck off preciſely at 4 o'clock) at the houſe of Henry Deringer, in New-Hanover townſhip, a certain wooden tenement, and tract of land, ſituate in New-Hanover townſhip, containing about 50 acres, be the ſame more or leſs; bounded by lands of Martin Beghtell, George Beghtell, Jeremiah Jordan, and others; late the eſtate of Iſaac Beghtell, ſeized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be ſold by the ſubſcriber, at public vendue, on the premiſes,

A SMALL plantation, ſituated on Wiſſahickon road, near the Banks of Schuylkill, adjoining the lands of the Widow Harriſon and Captain Macpherſon, and the road that leads down to Schuylkill, it is between 3 and 4 miles from the city, and contains 24 acres, has on it a large brick houſe, 34 feet front by 20, likewiſe a ſmall brick houſe, near the end of the other, alſo a barrack and ſtable, a large garden, with a good board fence, there are near 4 acres of orchard, of the beſt grafted fruit trees, there is alſo a ſmall garden, with a variety of fruit trees, ſuch as peach, pear, cherry, plumb, &c. for thoſe that delight in a ſummer retreat, the ſituation is ſuch, it being very high, and no obſtruction to the air, it muſt afford the greateſt ſatisfaction, beſides it commands an agreeable proſpect of a great number of the neighbouring country-ſeats, which adds greatly to the elegance of the place; the ground has been well dunged and limed, and ſome part of it produces a quantity of the beſt clover hay. There is alſo to be ſold, at the ſame time and place, a lot, adjoining the above deſcribed plantation, containing 12½ acres, lying on Wiſſahickon road, and the lane that leads down to Captain Macpherſon's place, being a corner lot, a part of it is meadow, and the other part is woodland, this ground is excellently ſituated for improvement. The money will not be wanted, the greateſt part may remain in the hands of the purchaſer, paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity. NATHAN COOK. ¶

Cheſter, April 28, 1772.

BY Virtue of a writ to me directed, on the 16th day of May next, will be expoſed to ſale by public vendue, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, a certain piece or parcel of land, ſituate in Lower Chicheſter townſhip, Cheſter county, containing about thirty two acres and a half, be the ſame more or leſs, bounded by lands of John Price, Eſq; by lands formerly of Jeremiah Collet, and others (the above deſcribed piece of land will be ſold altogether, or be divided into lots, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſer or purchaſers) late the eſtate of Hannah Clayton, deceaſed, ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by

JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

For BRISTOL,

The Ship BETSEY,

SEYMOUR HOOD, MASTER,

IS a good veſſel, and well accommodated for paſſengers, chief part of her cargoe being already engaged, will ſail with all convenient ſpeed. For freight, or paſſage, apply to THOMAS CLIFFORD and SONS, or ſaid Maſter on board, at their wharff.

FOR LONDON,

THE ſhip Catherine, JAMES SUTTON Maſter; ſhe is a new cedar ſhip, and a prime ſailer, has extraordinary accommodations for paſſengers, and will ſail with all convenient expedition. For freight, or paſſage, apply to HENRY KEPPELE, JOHN STEINMETZ, HENRY KEPPELE, junior, or ſaid Maſter on board, at Bickley's wharff, or at the London Coffee-houſe.

Juſt imported, in the above ſhip Catherine, Captain Young, from LONDON, and to be ſold by Henry Keppele, ſenior, in Market-ſtreet, on the loweſt terms, for caſh, or ſhort credit, ozenbrigs, brown heſſens, large blue and writing paper, paſteboard, Cheſhire cheeſe, beſt old porter, in bottles, juniper berries, brimſtone, copperas, ſtone and delph ware, in crates, white and red lead, Spaniſh brown, yellow oaker, whiting, ſmall and large caſks, ſhot No. 1 to 3, lead in ſmall bars, German and T. Crawley's ſteel, pewter, nails, wool, cotton, and tow cards, double and ſingle F powder, &c. Likewiſe, wine, rum, melaſſes, ſugar, &c. by wholeſale, as uſual.

For LONDON,

The SHIP *BRITANNIA*,

NATHANIEL FALCONER, Commander,

HAS extraordinary accommodations for paſſengers, and will ſail with all convenient expedition. For freight or paſſage, apply to JOSHUA FISHER and SONS, or ſaid Commander on board at their wharff, or at the London Coffee-houſe.

Fourth Month 27, 1772.

JUST ARRIVED, from IRELAND,

THE Brig PATTY, *ROBERT HARDIE*, MASTER, having on board about 100 Servants and Redemptioners, Men, Women, Boys, and Girls; among which are ſundry Tradeſmen, ſuch as Smiths, Nail-makers, Shoe-makers, Taylors, Skinners, Carpenters, Gardiners, Grooms, and Farmers; whoſe Times are to be diſpoſed of by the Maſter, on board ſaid Brig, lying off the Drawbridge, or ANDREW DOZ, at the Houſe of Mr. Nathaniel Donnell, in Front-ſtreet. ¶

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

May 21, 1772. NUMB. 2265.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,

The preſent exorbitant Price of all Kinds of Butchers Meat, renders it neceſſary ſome Steps ſhould be taken to diſcover the Cauſe, and, if poſſible, remove it. The following being the Plan of an Aſſociation in the City of London for the ſame Purpoſe, which is juſt come to hand, you are requeſted to inſert it in your Gazette, for the Peruſal and Conſideration of the Inhabitants of this City.

Yours, &c. S. R.

Chapter Coffee-Houſe, Pater Noſter Row, March 10, 1772.

ASSOCIATION *for reducing the* EXORBITANT PRICE *of* BUTCHERS MEAT.

THE preſent Members, who have already ſubſcribed upwards of *Fifteen Hundred Pounds*, think it incumbent on them to ſubmit the following Plan to the Public, in hopes it will meet with their Approbation and Support.

That a *Public Subſcription* for this Purpoſe be immediately opened; and, as ſoon as TEN THOUSAND POUNDS are ſubſcribed, a general Meeting be held, in order to take the Senſe of the whole Body upon the Plan propoſed. At which Time a Call, not exceeding 10l. per Cent. be made on all the Sums ſubſcribed, in order to carry the Scheme into immediate Execution.

That a Committee of of the Subſcribers be choſen at the ſaid general Meeting, in order to conduct the Affairs of the Society; any of whom be a Quorum.

That the Committee be empowered to meet, from Time to Time, to enquire into the Cauſes of the preſent exorbitant Price of BUTCHERS MEAT, in order to diſcover, whether it ariſes from a *real* Scarcity of Cattle, or whether it does not (as is more reaſonably to be preſumed) take its Origin from the Number of different Profits which are made by the *Middle Men*, who interpoſe between the *Grazier* and the *Butcher*; and, by their Influence on the Markets, greatly enrich themſelves, by oppreſſing both; which Oppreſſion *muſt* ultimately fall upon the Conſumer.

That, as a probable Means of obtaining the Remedy ſo much wiſhed for, the Committee be empowered to ſet forth Advertiſements in the News-papers, both of Town and Country, particularly in thoſe Counties which graze moſt Cattle, and make Propoſals, inviting the Graziers to offer Terms, upon which they will undertake to deliver certain Quantities or Lots of fat Cattle, fit for Slaughter, free of all Expence of Conveyance. The Contractors to give Security for the due Performance of their Agreements.

That the Committee be empowered to ſend down an Agent or Agents, properly qualified, into the grazing Counties, to purchaſe Cattle; and alſo to provide proper Fields near London, for receiving them.

That the Committee be empowered to diſpoſe of the Cattle in ſuch Manner as ſhall appear to them beſt calculated to anſwer the Purpoſes of this Aſſociation.

That the Committee be empowered, in caſe they ſhall find it neceſſary, to provide Slaughter-houſes at convenient Parts of the Town, and likewiſe proper Men to attend them, in order that they *may*, if it ſhould appear expedient, cauſe the Cattle to be brought from the Society's Fields, and Places of Reception, unto their Slaughter-houſes, and there be ſold to the Butchers for ready Money only; not leſs than one Side in a Lot, nor more than four; at ſuch ſaving Prices to the Society, as ſhall reimburſe them in Coſt and Charges, *and no more*.

That the Committee be empowered to publiſh weekly the Prices at which they ſell the Meat to the Butchers.

That it be recommended to the Committee to uſe their beſt Endeavours to put the Laws now in being in Force againſt all *Engroſſers*, *Regrators*, and *Foreſtallers*; and to embrace every proper Opportunity of that Kind which may offer.

That it be recommended to the Committee to correſpond with the Aſſociations now on Foot at Briſtol, Glouceſter, and elſewhere; as, by ſuch mutual Communication, the general Purpoſes of PUBLIC GOOD, may be the more readily accompliſhed.

By Captain LOXLEY, *arrived here from London, and Capt.* SMITH, *from Briſtol; and by Capt.* TAYLOR, *arrived in Virginia from Glaſgow, we have the following Advices.*

MARSEILLES, February 17.

THE Daniſh Squadron, which is at anchor in our road, having fixed a forge for their uſe on the ſhore oppoſite where the fleet lay, ſent proviſions twice a day to the workmen employed at it. The 5th, at ſeven in the evening, the crew of the Chaloupe deſtined for this ſervice, were deceived by a light from a houſe which they took to be that at the forge; and having a briſk wind, they ſteered towards it, but ſtruck upon ſome rocks, which they could not ſee for the darkneſs of the night. Of thirty perſons, of which number the crew conſiſted, ten were loſt, and the remainder were luckily taken up next morning by a veſſel from the Lazaret of Pomege.

Paris, Feb. 28. A late member of the parliament of Rouen ſhot himſelf a few days ago through the head in cold blood, after having written a billet, which was found on his table in theſe words: *My advice was not aſked when I came into the world, therefore I think myſelf at liberty to go out of it without conſulting any one.*

Warſaw, Feb. 29. *Captain Wrangel is arrived here this moment, with advice that the preliminaries of peace between Ruſſia and the Porte, had juſt been ſettled and ſigned at the army of Count Romanzow, by that General and a Miniſter Plenipotentiary from the Grand Signor, both duly authoriſed for that purpoſe by their reſpective Courts; and that afterwards the Ottoman Miniſter had detached Couriers to all the Courts in friendſhip with the Porte, to inform them of this event.*

Auſtria, Feb. 29. *A report is ſpread, that* 12,000 *Turks having paſſed the Danube near Giurgewo, the Ruſſians ſuffered them to advance quietly, but afterwards ſurrounding them on all ſides, totally defeated them, wounding their Commandant, whom they took priſoner, and carried to Bucharеſt.*

Brandenburgh, Feb. 23. The 3d of February, Major General Belling received advice that Mazowiecki, Marſhal of the Confederates, and commander of the confederacies of Cujavia, Dobrzyn, and Lithuania, conſiſting of ſeveral thouſands ſtrong, was endeavouring to penetrate through the Pruſſian line, and march towards Cujavia. On this advice M. Belling went to meet him, with a detachment of a hundred horſe of Kowalſki's regiment, ſome foot, and one piece of cannon. He found Mazowiecki near the cloyſter of Zerzelnow. After cutting to pieces thirty of the van-guard of the Confederates, the reſt retired with the greateſt precipitation, and gave up their deſign of penetrating through the Pruſſian line.

Hamburgh, March 3. The 25th ult. Count Struenſee had his third Examination. We are aſſured that the Queſtions to be put to him are in Number ſix Hundred and thirty, and that in his three Examinations he had not given Anſwers to above two Hundred. The ſame Day his Horſes, together with thoſe of Count Brandt (which are moſtly Engliſh Ones, and excellent in their Kind) were ſold by Auction. This gives Reaſon to think that the Fate of theſe two Noblemen is fixed, and there are ſome who ſay that an Eccleſiaſtick had been admitted to viſit the latter.

Altona, March 6. The Engliſh Courier who paſſed through this City lately for London was accompanied by the Sieur Holberg, a Courier from the Daniſh Cabinet. The Mercury of this Place, dated February 20th, ſays: "We paſs by our Advices from Copenhagen, as very uncertain; Time, however, muſt diſcover what is going forward."

Hamburgh, March 13. *Letters from Copenhagen, dated the* 10th *inſtant, adviſe, that the Miniſters of State, Counts de Thott and Schack-Rathlou, accompanied by Mr. Keith, ſet out on the* 8th *for Helſingor, (where the Queen is confined) on an important commiſſion.*

Edinburgh, March 21. It gives us Pleaſure when we can inform the Public of any new Species of Manufacture erected in this Part of the Kingdom. A new Invention has lately been diſcovered at Leith, for working black Silk Lace, or white Thread Lace, in a a Loom, to imitate any Pattern whatever; and the Lace done in this Way looks full as well as if ſewed, and comes much cheaper. It is done of any Breadth, from three Inches to three Quarters of a Yard wide. The ſame Manufacturer has alſo made an Improvement on Carpets to imitate any Figures that may be drawn or painted on Paper, and much cheaper than ſuch Carpets have been ſold for in any Part of the Kingdom. Several of the Nobility and Gentry have viewed theſe Works, and expreſſed their Satisfaction at the Ingenuity of Mr. Brotherſtone, the Inventor, who we hope will meet with that Encouragement which he ſo juſtly merits.

Extract of a Letter from London, March 16.

"There is Reaſon to believe that there will ſoon be various Changes in the public Employments. I doubt not that moſt of their Places may be very well ſupplied; but I hope Lord North will continue, becauſe I know not the Man capable of ſucceeding him. Integrity, Capacity, and Application, are not eaſily to be found in one Perſon."

LONDON, *February* 25.

Yeſterday died, much lamented by the curious in the phænomena of nature, the noted Chevalier Deſcaizeauz, who reſided for thirty years in a garret within the rules of the Fleet. He has left, by his will, his tragedy of Turnus, between the managers of our theatres and the King of France.

March 9. His Majeſty, we are told, has been pleaſed to compliment the Ducheſs of Argyle with a valuable ſett of jewels, and to write a letter, graciouſly condeſcending to thank her for having ſat in the Preſence Chamber, as the Repreſentative of the Queen, during the interval between the deceaſe and interment of her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Dowager of Wales.

The celebrated Monteſquieu affirms, that the principle of government is deſtroyed when a Prince miſtakes his authority, his ſituation, and the love of the people; when the firſt dignities are marks of the firſt ſervitude, and when great men have loſt all popular reſpect, and become the low tools of arbitrary power; or when men of rank have ſuch mean and abject ſouls, as to grow vain of their pompous ſervitude, and think that the ſame duty which devotes them to their King, exempts them from all duty to their country.----Who will not ſay that this is a true picture of the preſent times?

On the Premier's being aſked how he liked the Britiſh Miniſter's behaviour at Copenhagen? he replied, "His fortune is made."

Yeſterday his Royal Highneſs Prince Erneſt, of Mecklenburgh, her Majeſty's brother, paid a viſit to his Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, in Pall-mall.

March 11. *We are informed that inſtructions are now preparing at the Admiralty-Office, which are to be ſent with all convenient ſpeed to Admiral Harland in the Eaſt-Indies.*

March 12. On Wedneſday there was a very numerous meeting of the proprietors of Eaſt India Stock, at their houſe in Leadenhall-ſtreet. The Court opened at twelve o'clock, and after the clerk had, as uſual, read over the minutes of the laſt meeting, the chairman acquainted the proprietors, "that as the directors had hinted to the proprietary at the laſt court, that the affairs in Bengal were in a diſagreeable ſituation, and that the remedying them was then under conſideration, he was now to acquaint them, that after much debate and attention, the directors, with the advice of ſome of the moſt learned in the law in theſe kingdoms, had digeſted a plan for their better regulation, which, with their concurrence, was ready to be laid before the parliament." The opinion of the court being to have them read, the clerk accordingly read them, of which the following form the principal articles.

"That the Preſident and Council of Bengal ſhould not, for the future, be permitted to trade in any one reſpect whatſoever; that eighteen months time ſhould be allowed them to ſell off ſuch goods as might lie upon their hands, and collect in their debts; and for the due obſervance of this, they were to take an oath declarative of the above, the breaking of which was to ſubject them to all the conſequences of perjury, as by law eſtabliſhed, as well as fines and impriſonment.

"That every free merchant ſhould, on the commencement of this act, be obliged to take out a freſh licence, under ſuch reſtrictions as the Preſident and Council ſhould think fit, under the Penalty of fine and impriſonment.

"That no ſubject of the kingdom being in India, ſhall be permitted to buy up any warlike ſtores, on the ſame penalty; and that for the more ready detection of all ſuch offences, half the Forfeitures to go to the informers.

"That his Majeſty be empowered, by the advice of his Privy Council, to grant a new charter to the Mayor's court in Bengal, conſtituting a Chief Juſtice, and three other Judges, who were to be called the Supreme Court of Judicature; and that all criminal matters were to be tried by Jury, and civil ones by depoſitions; notwithſtanding, nevertheleſs, ſubject to the appeal of the Preſident and Council, and from thence to his Majeſty and Privy Council here."

Orders are given for ſix veſſels, now in readineſs, to proceed on their voyage to Falkland's Iſland; they are laden with ſtores and proviſions.

Mr. Bolts, who has publiſhed a work on the India affairs, which will probably cover the Nabobs with confuſion, tells us in that publication, that he has been plundered of ſixty thouſand pounds out of ninety, which he had acquired in the fair purſuits of commerce, and for which he has commenced actions at law againſt his principal oppreſſors. Mr. Bolts is not yet thirty years of age, and is a Dutchman, born however of Engliſh parents.

JUST PUBLISHED, at R. AITKEN's, Bookſeller, oppoſite the London Coffee-houſe, in Front-ſtreet,

A BEAUTIFUL and new Edition of SERMONS, on practical ſubjects. By ROBERT WALKER, one of the Miniſters of the High Church of Edinburgh.

To the PUBLIC.

The Editor of theſe SERMONS was encouraged to reprint them, from the very favourable reception which a few copies of the Britiſh edition met with in this part of America. The Author of them, who is now living, is at once an ornament to the Church of Scotland. Nothing more need be ſaid in favour of them, as the beauty of their ſtile---the livelineſs of their imagery---the aptneſs of their illuſions, joined with the purity and ſimplicity of thoſe evangelical doctrines which are inculcated in them, are amply ſufficient to recommend themſelves.

Juſt imported, in the Buchanan, Captain Cochran, from Glaſgow, a large collection of BOOKS and STATIONARY.---- Tambour needles. The above articles are to be ſold wholeſale and retail. ¶6W.

Juſt imported in Captains Sparks, Young, and Falconer, from London, and to be ſold low for caſh, or ſhort credit, by

WILLIAM CRAIG,

At his ſtore, in Second-ſtreet, oppoſite to the Baptiſt Meeting, and next door above Alexander Huſton's,

A NEAT aſſortment of ſuperfine and ſecond cloths, with all ſorts of trimmings to ſuit, duffil, ſpotted ſwanſkins, croſs-bar ſtuff for ſaddle cloths, red flannel, red and ſcarlet ſerges, everlaſtings, callimancoes, ſilk and worſted ſaggathy, ſewing ſilk, ſcarf twiſt, ſilk and worſted cord, baſket and death head buttons, gilt, lackered and white metal ditto, knee garters, coloured, Scotch and Nun's thread, pins, needles, laces, fans, bobbing, tapes, gartering, mens and womens worſted, thread and cotton hoſe, mens and womens beaver pelt gloves and mitts, womens fine grain lamb and worſted ditto, breeches patterns, an aſſortment of cotton and linen checks, houſewife ditto, bedbunts, girth web, worſted and hair pluſh, beſt cotton velvets, fuſtians and jeans, cotton ſerge-denim, counterpains, India and other callicoes, long lawns, cambricks and lawns in patches, muſlin, table-cloths, Iriſh linen and ſheetings, white and brown Ruſſia ſheeting and drillings, ravens duck, ozenbrigs, heſſens, brown roles, white and brown dowlas, brown ſileſias, Bengals, India perſians, figured and plain ribbands, Leghorn hats, quality, coat, and ſhoe binding, paſteboards, ivory and horn combs, ſhirt and ſleeve buttons, writing paper, an aſſortment of cutlery, ſhoe and knee buckles, Crawley's ſteel, ſhot, bar and red lead, F and FF gun-powder, London, and hard metal pewter, wool and cotton cards, 10d. 12d. and 20d. nails, Scotch ale in bottles, &c.

N. B. An Aſſortment of CHINA. ¶

CLOCK and WATCH TOOLS and MATERIALS, alſo Silver and Pinchbeck WATCHES, juſt imported and to be ſold by

JOHN WOOD,

CLOCK and Watch-maker, at the corner of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, in Front-ſtreet, where country workmen may be ſupplied with every article neceſſary in the buſineſs of clock and watch-making, on very reaſonable terms. All kinds of clock and watch work done with care and diſpatch. §

DAVID SPROAT, & COMPANY,

Have juſt imported in the ſhip Buchanan, Captain Moodie, from Glaſgow, a large and neat aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, which they will ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms for caſh, or ſhort credit, at their ſtore, the corner of Front and Walnut-ſtreets, *viz.*

FLOWERED, ſpotted, ſtriped and plain ſilk GAUZES, gauze handkerchiefs, black and white catgut, flowered, ſpotted, ſtriped and plain lawn, long lawn, flowered, ſpotted and tape bordered kenting handkerchiefs, damaſk and diaper table-cloths, damaſk and diaper table-napkins, mens, womens and childrens plain and ribbed thread ſtockings, checks and check handkerchiefs, bed tick, Iriſh and Scotch linen and ſheeting, brown holland, hemp and flax ozenbrigs, womens purple and white gloves and mitts, tartan, white and coloured threads, from No. 1 to 100, trolly lace, white and coloured tapes, broad and narrow quality binding, ivory and horn combs, gartering, powder flaſks and ſhot bags, pluſh and Scotch carpets and carpeting, Queen's, delph and glaſs ware, bliſtered and faggot ſteel, 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 14d. and 20d. nails, Scotch ale in bottles, &c.

N. B. CHOICE RED PORT WINE.

PHILADELPHIA, NEW-CASTLE, and BALTIMORE STAGES,

For the Conveyance of Paſſengers and Goods, to either of ſaid Places.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Stage-boat, compleatly fitted, for the reception of goods and paſſengers, and commanded by Joſeph Tatlow, is now ready to ply betwixt Philadelphia and New-Caſtle, and will leave the Crooked Billet wharff, in Philadelphia, every Sunday (except when the navigation is obſtructed by ice) and proceed to New-Caſtle, where a convenient Stage-waggon, kept by Robert Furniſs, will ſet off on Mondays, with the goods and paſſengers, for French-town, on Elk-river, from whence a Stage-boat, kept by Thomas Henderſon, will, on Tueſdays, convey the goods, &c. to Baltimore-Town, in Maryland, and there will lay till Sundays, at Mr. Benjamin Howard's wharff, then return to French-town, where Robert Furniſs's Waggon will meet him on Mondays, and ſet off immediately for New-Caſtle, from whence Joſeph Tatlow's Boat will proceed with the goods and paſſengers to Philadelphia, where the Bordentown and Burlington Stage-boats will receive any goods or paſſengers bound for New-York.

This being the neareſt way by land and water from the city of Philadelphia to Baltimore-Town, we hope it will induce Gentlemen and Ladies to try this Stage, in preference to any other, as they may depend on the greateſt care and punctuality by each of us, in the performance of the Stages, and as they can go this way with a greater certainty from delays on their journey, than any other yet found out, and at the ſame rates as are paid by Chriſtiana Bridge, or Hamburgh Landing.

N. B. Goods will be received and delivered by Mr. Mark Alexander, in Baltimore-Town, in the abſence of the Stage-boat; by Mr. Thomas Friſby Henderſon, at French-town; by Robert Furniſs, at New-Caſtle; and by Mrs. Terry, at the Crooked Billet, in Philadelphia. ¶7s.6d.

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.*]

WARSAW, March 4.

THE important news of signing the preliminaries of peace between Ruſſia and the Porte is fully confirmed. We do not yet know the particulars, only that they are entirely to the ſatisfaction of the Empreſs of Ruſſia, and were ſigned through the mediation of the Court of Vienna. The ratification will take place at the next congreſs, but it is not yet known where it will be held.

LONDON.

March 12. The Earl of Hillſborough had yeſterday a grand levee of Colony Governors, Agents, and Weſt-India Merchants, at his Lordſhip's houſe in Hanover Square.

March 14. Lord Bute ſeems now again to come into play, as continual meſſages are paſſing and repaſſing from him to Lord North, particularly ſince the Marriage Bill has been in agitation, ſo that there is no doubt but that his influence, though more ſecret, is ſtill as powerful as ever.

The Patriots ſeem all in a decline, owing, it is imagined, to a conſumption, occaſioned by the proſpect of a removal of the Miniſtry being ſo very remote.

As ſoon as the Duke of Cumberland found that what he deſired as to himſelf, "I hope you won't hurt me," was agreed to, he gave up all Oppoſition, and has made his Children, and, ſhould his preſent Dutcheſs die, himſelf too, Slaves to his Brother, in the moſt important Article of Life.

March 16. In a letter publiſhed in the Hague Gazette, of the 9th inſtant, in defence of the Revolution in Denmark, it is ſaid, "That Count Struenſee, not content with having overturned, by his credit and artifices, the ancient Conſtitution of the country, the power he had uſurped was ſo arbitrary (by miniſtring to the foibles of the King, and being ſkreened by the Reigning Queen) that every one thought himſelf tranſplanted to Conſtantinople. It is inconteſtable (ſays the Writer) that he encouraged licentiouſneſs, and every corruption of manners; and that he and his partiſans, turned Religion into ridicule, without ſo much as ſaving appearances. It muſt (ſays the Writer) be but rendering juſtice to the Danes, to ſay, that they tenderly love their King, and his hereditary Houſe; that they love their Country; but will not ſuffer themſelves to be the vile Slaves of a deſpotic Miniſter, and his wicked adherents."---After ſaying much of the virtues of the Queen Dowager, whom nothing but her love of Denmark could have drawn from her natural love for retirement; and the zeal of her ſon, determined to die, rather than ſuffer the glory of his Houſe to periſh; we are told they deigned to come forward.---The account of the ſeizure of the Count and his party at the Maſquerade differs nothing from the former ones; and ſpeaking of the Reigning Queen, the Writer ſays, "at nine in the morning Queen Caroline Matilda, with her daughter Louiſa Matilda, ſet out for Cronenbourg."--In giving an account of the King's riding through the principal ſtreets to ſhew himſelf the next day, it tells us, he was attended by his brother, who, with his mother, are the darlings of the people.--No mention is made throughout the letter of the King's ſon, and ſome think it probable that no more will be heard of him.

A certain General Officer, whoſe regiment is now in Ireland, has received a meſſage from his Majeſty, acquainting him, that he muſt either give up his regiment, or ſtand a General Court Martial. The cauſe of this meſſage is ſaid to be, that the General has pocketed a year's clothing of his regiment, whilſt it was upon ſervice abroad.

Private letters from Copenhagen confirm, that the King of Denmark has repeatedly deſired to ſee his Queen, but the authors of the late Revolution have always found ſome pretence to prevent their meeting; and it is ſaid, that in order to avoid all further applications of that kind, it was determined to remove the Queen to Halbourg in Jutland.

March 17. Somerſet Houſe is fitting up, and new Furniture putting into the Kitchen, in order to make it complete for the Reception of the Queen of Denmark, who will certainly be over ſome time in May next.

The firſt Families belonging to a certain northern Dominion ſtill continue to emigrate, on various Pretences; though the Truth is, they are ſo much alarmed at the new Inquiſition lately introduced into their Country, that they prefer any Climate, where they can enjoy theſe common Bleſſings of the Individual, Freedom and Security, to the moſt affluent Situation within its Graſp.

This morning ſome Diſpatches, ſaid to be of great Importance, were received by the Ruſſian Ambaſſador.

Yeſterday Morning the Archbiſhop of Canterbury, and many others of the dignified Clergy, were ſent for early by his Majeſty to the Queen's Palace, on Buſineſs of great Importance.

The parliamentary Nabobs are extremely pleaſed with the Method of fighting the Marriage Bill Inch by Inch, as the more it is delayed, the leſs time there will be to enquire into their Proceedings in the preſent Seſſion; for twenty Millions of People muſt groan unpitied till the junior Branches of the Royal Family are ſtripped of their firſt Rights, not only as Men, but as Subjects of England.

Lord Camden, in ſpeaking againſt the Marriage Bill, actually urged an Argument which made conſiderably in its Favour; this was the Information he gave the Houſe of Lords, relative to a Deſcendent from the Crown, and who he ſaid kept an Alehouſe. Such a Piece of Intelligence many Gentlemen thought mal-a-propos, as they imagined the controuling Power granted to the King would be leſs unreaſonable, if it prevented the Poſſibility of ſimilar Diſgraces on the Royal Family.

In a late Conference between Lord Barrington and the Premier, it is ſaid that the former declared his Intention of reſigning very ſhortly.

It is ſaid that ſome Diſpatches of great Importance were received yeſterday from our Ambaſſador at the Hague.

A letter from Hamburgh, March 6.

"After the Examination of Mr. Berger, Profeſſor of Phyſic, and firſt Phyſician to his Majeſty, Leave was given that he might be ſhaved, have the Uſe of his own Bed and his Books, that he might have Tobacco, and alſo Knives and Forks. From hence it is conjectured that he has cleared himſelf of the Crimes laid to his Charge.

"The ſame Letters add, that they begin to treat the State Priſoners with more Lenity than heretofore, allowing them the Uſe of their Books; and that the commiſſarial Inquiſitors appeared ſatisfied with the Openneſs and Honeſty of the Anſwers given by Count Struenſee, in his laſt Examination.

"The People are very turbulent at Copenhagen. The frequent Ordinances publiſhed, forbidding, under the ſevereſt Penalties, any Perſons being found in the Streets or in Coffee-houſes in the Night, appear to authorize the above Aſſertion."

When the Queen of Denmark was firſt ſeized, Count Rantzau behaved with the greateſt inſolence and brutality, making uſe of ſeveral opprobrious expreſſions in the Engliſh language, which it ſeems the Count underſtands. As her Majeſty was impriſoned early in the morning, the Q---- D------ and her emiſſaries, were aſſiduous to prejudice the minds of the people, by making them believe that her Majeſty was taken in bed with Struenſee. It is thought that had not theſe and ſimiliar villainous ſtratagems been made uſe of with ſo much art and ſucceſs, the people would certainly have proceeded in a body to the Caſtle of Cronenbourg, and demanded the immediate enlargement of their Queen, as, two days before her impriſonment, ſhe was univerſally the object of admiration and eſteem.

March 18. *A Gentleman lately arrived from Faulkland's Iſlands aſſerts, that the place is ſo extremely barren, that not a ſhrub will grow to the height of two feet.*

Extract from a private Letter from a Gentleman at Hamburgh, brought by the laſt Mail.

"*How hard the fate of one who was lately flattered with the title of a Sovereign Princeſs--To be denied the privilege granted to the loweſt wretch in the country of her nativity, which is, to be tried by their equals, and to have their accuſers brought face to face before them. Directly oppoſite is her ſituation--Accuſed and tried in her abſence by wretches intereſted in her deſtruction; her pretended accomplices threatened with tortures which humanity cannot ſtand againſt,--and conſequently muſt anſwer ſuch queſtions the Inquiſitors pleaſe to put, in the manner the Inquiſitors chuſe to have them anſwered. Were the accuſations againſt her ever ſo well authenticated from ſuch a Tribunal, no honeſt or humane perſon would give the leaſt credit to them.---Well may ſhe ſay with David,* Let me fall into the hands of God, and not into thoſe of man!"

Advices are received from Liſbon, that one of the Portugueſe Miniſters is diſgraced, and that a total change in the Miniſtry is expected to take place there daily.

March 19. The following removes are now much talked of: Lord Suffolk to be Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, in the room of Lord Townſhend, who is to reſign, and Lord Shelburne to ſucceed the Earl of Suffolk, as one of the Secretaries of State.

Extract of a Letter from Copenhagen, March 1.

"A ſingular accident has happened within theſe few days, which has produced a dawn of hope for our unfortunate Queen. The Dowager, who is the bittereſt of her enemies, going into her carriage about a fortnight ſince, hurt her leg againſt the ſtep, which inflamed, and put on an appearance of mortification, a circumſtance peculiarly dangerous to a woman at her time of life (one between forty and fifty years of age) and which ſeemed likely to be attended with ſuch ſerious conſequences, that the Phyſicians and Surgeons of the Court were of opinion that an amputation muſt take place; one Cleveland, an Engliſh Student of Phyſic, who has lately paid a viſit to the Univerſity, oppoſed the practice of the Daniſh Faculty, and declared he would forfeit his head, if he did not preſerve her Majeſty from the fatal effects they had prognoſticated.

"The Queen Dowager immediately ſent for him, and put herſelf under his care, and by his exhibiting the bark, and ſome other judicious treatment, ſhe is now in a fair way of recovery. During his attendance on her Majeſty, he repeatedly, as it is ſaid, mentioned the ſeverity with which the reigning Queen was treated; and it is now certain that her condition is made much more agreeable to her than it has been ſince her confinement.

"Believe none of the reports you hear of the confeſſions of Count Struenſee or his friends, for nothing here tranſpires at preſent, as the Judges have taken a moſt ſolemn oath, to keep all matters relating to the late extraordinary revolution, a profound ſecret."

We hear that General S. has given in his anſwer to the charges laid before the King againſt him, and that the evidences are expected ſoon from Ireland to appear againſt him, at a General Court Martial.

Providence in general has wiſely ordered it, that every Father who is a Miſer, ſhould have a Son who is a Spendthrift. This was never more ſtrongly exemplified than in the caſe of Lord H------, whoſe two ſons, upon their father's death, are likely to diſſipate his immenſe fortune in half the time which he amaſſed it.

Six ſail of the line, and four frigates, are ordered to be fitted out, to reinforce our ſhips ſtationed at Barbados and Jamaica.

They write from Breſt, that two French men of war, one of 70, and the other of 64 guns, are both loſt, together with their crews, in the Gulph of Florida.

There are letters, by a ſhip arrived in the River from Dunkirk, which ſay, that they have had ſuch blowing weather on the French coaſt, that upwards of twenty ſail of merchant ſhips were loſt in the courſe of laſt week, and that moſt of the crews were drowned; the coaſt is covered with wrecks.

Laſt Monday night orders were ſent to Portſmouth for ſuch ſhips as are ready for ſea to ſail immediately for Spithead, where they are to be joined by ſome ſhips from Plymouth and Chatham; where this fleet is bound, is kept a profound ſecret.

A few days ago an account arrived of a treaty being concluded between the Porte and the Houſe of Auſtria, the terms of which were, that the Porte ſhall pay to Auſtria annually, eight millions of crowns, on condition that the latter furniſh 40,000 men, to act at the diſpoſal of the former; and moreover keep a ſeparate corps on the borders of Hungary. Four millions of the money are paid. But yeſterday an account came, which it is ſaid may be depended on, that the preliminary articles of peace are actually ſigned between the Ruſſians and Turks.

From Berlin, the 28th of February, we learn, that his Excellency Mr. Harris, the Engliſh Miniſter there, has, within this week paſt, had two ſpecial audiences of his Pruſſian Majeſty.

They write from Copenhagen, that his Daniſh Majeſty is to be allowed to viſit the Courts of Berlin and Peterſbourg the enſuing ſummer, in order to have a perſonal interview with the Pruſſian and Ruſſian Monarchs.

A certain amiable Prince, whoſe reformation gives univerſal ſatisfaction, and who has now proved himſelf not only a man of ſenſe, but, what is infinitely more valuable, a man of principle, declares, that if ever there is a parliamentary *diſſolution of his marriage, there never ſhall be a* real *one, as he is determined never to forſake the Lady who is* morally *his wife; but, on the contrary, reſolved to ſhew the moſt inflexible regard to the moſt ſacred of all engagements.*

It has been often obſerved of the Duke of Cumberland, that while he floated down the dangerous ſtream of diſſipation, he was a great favourite at Court; it is now, however, obſerved, that the Court pretends to morality, while it is labouring to deſtroy one of the firſt ordinances of God, and attempts to give the pleaſure of the Crown, a pre-eminence over the firſt inſtitutions of Society.

General Conway's oppoſition to the Marriage Bill gives much offence at Court, as it is an unalterable article in the miniſterial creed, that placemen ſhould have no conſciences; and the General, beſides a very lucrative regiment, poſſeſſing a very lucrative place in the ordnance.

A Correſpondent ſays, that the following intelligence may be depended on, as it was communicated to the Marquis Pignatelli, the Neapolitan Ambaſſador, by his friend at Copenhagen:---The Queen of Denmark has never been confined, but has retired to the country with her Court and her Guards. The Count Struenſee is already under ſentence of baniſhment, and the old miniſtry is reſtored.

The victualling officer has received orders to furniſh three months proviſions for a fleet of ſhips, ſuppoſed to be intended for Denmark.

Advice was received yeſterday from Copenhagen, that the King of Denmark has again earneſtly intreated to ſee the Queen, but was abſolutely refuſed, upon this he endeavoured to go privately to her, which was diſcovered by the Queen Dowager, who thereupon placed ſome Gentlemen about him, whom ſhe could truſt, to watch him night and day, ſo that there is no poſſibility of his obtaining his deſire.

It is very certain that frequent and repeated advices have been received from the Weſt-Indies, of the daily inſults offered by the Spaniards in that quarter of the world to the Britiſh flag; many ſmall veſſels have been taken, under pretence of illicit trade, by the Guarda Coſtas, and the men confined. It is well known to the Miniſtry that there are now above 600 Engliſh ſeamen in Spaniſh priſons in America, under the above pretence: Every expreſs that arrives from Gibraltar, comes fraught with freſh inſtances of the inſolence of Spain, even in Europe.

The report of the day is, that Lord Gower will ſucceed Lord Townſhend, as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland; and that Lord Camden will be appointed Preſident of the Council. The latter was at Court laſt Sunday, at which place he had not appeared for ſome time paſt.

March 20. *The men of war intended for the South Seas, are ordered to be ready, at Portſmouth, for ſailing the beginning of next month.*

M. de Gronicht, the perſon formerly mentioned as having ingratiated himſelf into the good graces of the Queen Dowager of Denmark, was formerly an Officer in the Pruſſian ſervice, but committing ſeveral miſdemeanors, he left Berlin, and after wandering through ſeveral countries, he fixed his reſidence at Copenhagen, of which place he is a native. He has been thrice examined, that is, he has had three private interviews with the Dowager and her party. One of the letters which this wretch produced, was ſuppoſed to have been written by Struenſee to the young Queen; it is penned in ſuch a manner as to anſwer the purpoſe, and impreſs on the peoples minds a belief of the young Queen's criminal conduct. Copies of this letter were ſecretly handed about at Copenhagen, but the ſenſible part of the Danes look upon both copy and original as manifeſtly ſpurious. Sham threats of the torture were urged to Gronicht, in order to make him confeſs all he knew, and the Queen Dowager's party boaſt at having now, by his means, diſcovered the whole truth, which they talk (but it is talk only) of laying before the world.

Yeſterday, after the breaking up of the Levee at St. James's, Sir Edward Hawke, who was at Court, had the honour of a conference with his Majeſty; and it is ſaid, that Sir Percy Brett, Vice Admiral of the Blue, will ſhortly be appointed to the command of a ſquadron on an important expedition.

A report was propagated this morning, that Lord North was to reſign, and that the Marquis of Rockingham is to be at the head of the Treaſury, and Mr. Dowdeſwell Chancellor of the Exchequer.

We are aſſured, that it was lately determined to keep ſeveral additional cruiſers upon the Newfoundland ſtation, to prevent the illicit practices of the French, who have of late made very great encroachments upon the coaſt.

March 21. It is ſaid that the Sp----r of a Great Aſſembly having twice voted with the minority on the Marriage Bill, has given much umbrage to a Great Perſonage.

We are told, that if the Queen of Denmark comes here, the honours and indulgences that are to be ſhewn her from the Royal family, will amount to little more than that of a private lady. A public appearance at Court, it is ſaid, ſhe will alſo be denied. This is given out to be what will be moſt agreeable to her.

The Duke of Cumberland, much to his honour and humanity, has given to underſtand, that the unfortunate Queen, his ſiſter, ſhall experience in him every kindneſs he is capable of ſhewing; and though it may not be conſonant with Court meaſures, ſays, it is every way agreeable to the dictates of his own conſcience; rules which few courtiers pay any regard to.

March 24. The Earl of Chatham has not been once in town the whole winter, though various expreſſes were ſent to him from the oppoſition, begging his attendance on the Marriage Bill. His Lordſhip ſeems to think, that letting the Court have its own way is the moſt likely method of puniſhing it, and is therefore determined to make no future objections to meaſures, for which he is ſenſible there is a large previous majority.

An event happened within theſe few days, which is likely to be productive of a war. Certain advices have been received by our Court, that the French are embarking 10,000 troops for the Eaſt-Indies. Lord Rochford immediately waited on the French Ambaſſador, who declared, that the abovementioned 10,000 troops were only intended to relieve the like number, now in the iſlands of Mauritius and Bourbon. This anſwer not being ſatisfactory, a Courier was immediatly diſpatched to Verſailles with a ſpirited remonſtrance. Some of the troops are ſailed; and it is ſuppoſed that a great fleet will be ordered to the Eaſt-Indies, to watch the motions of the French. The French regular forces in the Eaſt-Indies, ſhould the above 10,000 be permitted to go, will amount to 25,000 men.

When the King of Denmark was in England, on his return home, he took over with him ſeveral Engliſh ſervants, who ſince the late revolutions in that Kingdom have been diſcharged, without a ſhilling to bear their expences home.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, March 17.

"Some Letters from Paris mention, that private accounts have been received there of the death of the Queen of Portugal."

A letter from Tunis, dated January 1, ſays, "A French Captain who arrived here yeſterday ſays, that an Engliſh ſhip was loſt off the Iſle of Candia, the crew of which, after having reached the ſhore in the boat, were upon the point of being murdered by the inhabitants, who took them for Ruſſians; but the French Conſul came to their relief juſt in time, and claimed them from the Pacha, who reſtored them after great heſitation."

March 26. Some expreſſes of a very great import, arrived at ſix o' clock this morning from Sir Joſeph Yorke, at the Hague. They were immediately carried to Lord North, who waited on his Majeſty with them, and had a conference.

A correſpondent has deſired the inſertion of the following conundrum, with the anſwer:---Why is Lord N--th like a raw Country Girl?---Becauſe he granted the Laſt Favour for a Rib-band!

The Preſident Monteſquieu tells us, in his Spirit of Laws, that in countries where liberty is moſt eſteemed, there are laws by which a ſingle perſon is deprived of it; "but (ſays he) there are in England what they call bills of attainder." But what would this illuſtrious Frenchman have ſaid, had he lived to ſee the preſent Marriage Bill, where the Royal Family is puniſhed without the imputation of a crime, and a law enacted by a great parliamentary majority, which, it is acknowledged, may do harm, but cannot poſſibly produce the leaſt good to any individual of the community.

The buſineſs which the laſt Meſſengers were charged with to Copenhagen, we are told, was of ſuch a nature, as to be of the utmoſt importance to this kingdom. The opinion of our greateſt men were called for and taken, before this Expreſs was ſent away: It is therefore expected, that a few days will unravel this myſterious affair, which the world has been waiting for with ſuch impatience.

It is a pretty general opinion, that the hard meaſure the Queen of Denmark has met with, and the little ſatisfaction the late Princeſs of Heſſe enjoyed, to mention no other inſtances, will probably operate, to make the riſing female generation unwilling to marry abroad; and as they are not to be allowed to marry at home, the conſequence muſt be, that they will end their days in celibacy. As there are Proteſtant Nunneries for the Royal and better Families in Germany, ſomething of that kind will probably take place here in a few years.

We can aſſure the public, from the beſt authority, that the article, concerning the embarkation of the 10,000 French, is ſtrictly true; and that repeated conferences have been held with the French Ambaſſador, within theſe few days.

Yeſterday morning orders were ſent down to Portſmouth, for the Carysfort frigate to be got ready to ſail with all poſſible ſpeed, with diſpatches for Admiral Rodney at Jamaica.

Yeſterday morning, by order of his Majeſty, Admirals Howe, Keppel, Brett, and Sir Edward Hawke, had the honour of a conference at Buckingham Houſe.

They write from Liſbon, that a Daniſh man of war took fire at ſea about 30 leagues from that port, and all the crew were either drowned, or periſhed in the flames.

We are informed, that a perfect harmony ſubſiſts between the Courts of London and Copenhagen, notwithſtanding all that has been ſaid to the contrary, each of the powers having adopted the maxim, *Fiat juſtitia, aut pereat mundus.*

Friday laſt, Sir James Stewart, Bart. (who had been many years abroad on account of his being concerned in the late Rebellion, for which he has received his Majeſty's pardon) was preſented by Lord Barrington to his Majeſty, at St. James's, and moſt graciouſly received.

March 27. On Wedneſday a motion was made in the Houſe of Commons, that it be an inſtruction to the Committee, to conſider farther of the ſupply granted to his Majeſty, that they do conſider of a proper encouragement to be given, for more effectually proſecuting ſuch farther diſcoveries, as may be made towards the South Pole, which encouragement has been farther recommended by his Majeſty to the Houſe.

It is aſſerted that his Majeſty has very warmly recommended to Lord North, to bring the preſent high prices of proviſions into ſerious conſideration in the Lower Houſe, and to adopt ſuch plans and regulations as will be beſt calculated to bring immediate relief to the diſtreſſed poor of the Kingdom.

The Committee to whom the management of the above buſineſs is committed, are to meet upon it next week. Lord North is determined ſtrenuouſly to ſupport it.

The Attorney General, we hear, objects to the removal of the 60th regiment from Canada, inſiſting that by Act of Parliament, this regiment is only bound to ſerve in North-America. It is true, the Attorney General is right, with reſpect to the condition on which that regiment was raiſed, and therefore his oppoſition to its removal to Jamaica, where it has been lately ordered, is perfectly proper.

The Government is preparing to ſend out Major Rogers, with proper aſſiſtance, in purſuit of the North-weſt Paſſage; The Lords of Trade have reported in favour of the meaſure, and it now lies at the Treaſury Board, that a proper eſtimate may be made of the expence.

March 28. The Cadets at Woolwich are ſoon to be increaſed from 48 to 100 Men, as in time of War.

The States of Holland have publiſhed a prohibition againſt any of their ſeamen entering into foreign ſervice.

The annuity of 2000l. per annum, which a ſociety of gentlemen, who meet at the Globe Tavern in Fleet-ſtreet, have reſolved to ſettle on Mr. Wilkes, is to be raiſed in the following manner;---500 members to ſubſcribe 4l. a year each, of which one to be paid by each every quarter---by which they will be able to pay 500l. every month to Mr. Wilkes.

Notwithſtanding the ſilence of all the other papers, it may be depended upon as a fact, that laſt Saturday evening an expreſs arrived from Ireland, relating to the White boys. The meſſenger did not ſtay above two hours, when he returned with an anſwer. The purport of it is ſaid to be, to put all the ringleaders of the mob to death without mercy. Perſons of greater conſequence are ſuppoſed to be concerned in the late riſing of the White boys than moſt people imagine.

From the frequent couriers that paſs between the Courts of London, Madrid, Verſailles, and the Hague, our politicians prognoſticate a freſh rupture in Europe, and even the peace lately concluded between the Ruſſians and Turks, is urged in ſupport of their opinion, as if the former was deſirous of being at leiſure for a new ſcene of hoſtility.

A clauſe is inſerted in the Bill, for the more effectual proceeding againſt perſons ſtanding mute, on their arraignment for felony, or piracy, for extending the proviſions therein, to his Majeſty's Colonies and Plantations in America.

They write from Cadiz, that an Engliſh veſſel arrived lately at Sallee from Tangier, laden with maſts, which are ſuppoſed to be for a new 50 gun man of war, and ſome of the frigates now on the ſtocks.

By a letter from Dunkirk we learn, that two Iriſh Gentlemen, who were viewing the fortifications of that place, were taken into cuſtody by order of the Police, on ſuſpicion of being ſpies.

Whatever the public, by being impoſed upon, may think to the contrary, it is certain that there is now the moſt perfect underſtanding between the Courts of Great Britain and Madrid; the latter are giving daily proofs how much they wiſh to promote the tranquillity, by paying all due deference to every thing that is deſired by our Court; the reports of Spaniſh inſults, ſince the reſignation of Falkland's Iſlands, have no other foundation than the weak brains of a diſappointed herd of *ſelf lovers*.

Extract of a private letter from Copenhagen.

DEAR SIR,

"When you deſire a particular account of the black ſcenes tranſacting here, you forget where I am, and the danger that attends writing too freely on ſo tickliſh a ſubject. Placed at your eaſe in happy England, you think every land under the ſame juſt laws, under the ſame benign government. Alas! theſe bleſſings have not, as yet, warmed this frozen region, and poor Struenſee will, I am much afraid, be a melancholy example to what height of cruelty the ambition of a wicked woman, aided by a powerful faction, can reach. Your Princeſs, and our Queen, is, I hope, ſafe from perſonal injury; her enemies muſt be contented with blackening her reputation; for this, thanks to the terror of your national reſentment, and the ſpirit of your Ambaſſador, who thundered in the ears of the bloody Senate, Remonſtrances worthy the Repreſentative of the King of Great Britain.

"But the ſituation of the poor abandoned Count is deplorable; after ſuffering an impriſonment, ſevere beyond the conception of an Engliſhman, and enough to break the moſt undaunted ſpirit, he was brought before his judges, or rather his accuſers, loaded with irons, pale from famine, and want of reſt, in a word, a horrid, ſqualid ſpectre.

"Long did he reſiſt every argument, every threat that could be uſed to induce him to accuſe the injured Queen; at laſt, they ordered him to be led to the room where the helliſh inſtruments of torture were arranged, on ſight of which, his ſpirit, totally broken and depreſſed, could withſtand no longer, but in an extaſy of grief and deſpair, he cried out in French, "Human nature cannot bear this!" My honoured, my much injured Sovereign and Benefactreſs, forgive my weakneſs therein. Heaven will vindicate your innocence. Then turning to his conductors, he deſired to be led back to this Court of Inquiſition, and, it is ſaid, confeſſed every thing they wiſhed.

"Adieu, enough of this horrid ſubject, and believe me ever, Yours, &c."

St. James's, March 21. The King has been pleaſed to grant unto James Macpherſon, Eſq; the Offices and Places of Secretary and Clerk of the Council of his Majeſty's province of Weſt-Florida, in North-America, and Regiſter of all grant Patents and Records, of and in the ſaid province.

Whitehall, March 28. The King has been pleaſed to appoint William Moore, Eſq; Attorney General of the iſland of Barbados, in America, in the room of Henry Beckles, Eſq; deceaſed.

NEW-YORK, *May* 18.

Off the Matanzas, Capt. Farquhar, from the Bay, fell in with the Ship Suffolk, Capt. Jerman, from Jamaica for London, who, in the Night of the 24th of April, run on the N. W. Part of the Bahama Bank, Capt. Farquhar himſelf meeting with the like Fate at the ſame Time, as alſo the Sloop Polly from Jamaica, for Philadelphia; the two laſt mentioned ſoon got off, but Captain Jerman, before he could get his Ship aflloat, threw overboard 40,000 Feet of Mahogany, 66 Puncheons of Rum, 17 Hogſheads of Sugar, a Stream Cable, a Hawſer, ſome Water Caſks, and Gun-Carriages; and put on board the Hope, 44 Caſks of Rum, 6 Hogſheads of Sugar, 6 Bags of Cotton, ſome Sails, and a Cable; and on board the Polly, 20 Puncheons of Rum, and 17 Bags of Cotton.---The Suffolk afterwards proceeded on her Voyage, and was left well by Capt. Farquhar the 3d Inſtant.

PHILADELPHIA, *May* 21.

On Monday laſt the GENERAL ASSEMBLY met here, and next Day adjourned to the Fourteenth of September next.

Laſt Tueſday ſe'nnight was married, the Rev. ÆNEAS ROSS, Miſſionary at New-Caſtle, to Mrs MARY HUNTER, of New-Town, Cheſter County, a Gentlewoman of an amiable Character.

Laſt Thurſday Mr. RICHARD RUNDLE, Merchant, of this City, was married to Miſs MURGATROYD.

On Eaſter Sunday, the 19th ult. departed this Life, of a lingering Illneſs, at Cornwall, his Country Seat, in Hunterdon County, Weſt New-Jerſey, LEWIS STEVENS, Eſq; a Gentleman, whoſe amiable Diſpoſition, and Goodneſs of Heart, endeared him to all who knew him: And, on Wedneſday, the 22d, his Remains were decently interred in St. Thomas's Church, Alexandria.

Died, on the 7th Inſtant, in Kent County, on Delaware, WAITMAN SIPPLE, ſenior, aged 99 Years, wanting 5 Days. This venerable Gentleman had reputably filled the different Characters of Maſter, Neighbour, Father, and Huſband. By great Temperance he prolonged his Life to a good old Age, with a very uncommon Share of Health; by great Application and Induſtry, he acquired a plentiful Fortune, which he generouſly ſhared with the Poor and Diſtreſſed. In domeſtic Life, he was uncommonly happy; he wiſely avoided engaging ſo far in public Diſputes as to interrupt his Repoſe. His Attachments were founded on Principle, and therefore laſting: His Enmities, if he had any, were ſo concealed, as to remain unknown. Faults, no doubt, he had; but they were ſo inconſiderable as to be overlooked. His Virtues were manifold, and ſecured the Eſteem of all who knew him. He has left a great Number of Deſcendents.

"No farther ſeek his Merits to diſcloſe,
Or draw his Frailties from their dread Abode,
(There they alike in trembling Hope repoſe)
The Boſom of his Father and his GOD."

Captain Collings, from Madeira, on the 2d Inſtant, in Lat. 29, Long. 64: 30, ſpoke the Brig Barre, Captain Wood, from Boſton for Jamaica and the Bay, out 11 Days, all well on board.

Captain Johnſon, from Madeira, on the 8th Inſtant, in Lat. 34, Long. 66, ſpoke the Ship Maria Juliana, Captain Stevenſon, from Jamaica for New-London, out 6 Weeks, all well.

Captain Covill, from Liſbon, on the 12th of April, about Midnight (having ſailed the Day before) felt a very ſmart Shock of an Earthquake, which laſted near a Minute and a Half, and cauſed a great Tremor in the Ship all the Time. On the 10th Inſtant, in Lat. 32, Long. 70, he ſpoke a Ship, Captain Robinſon, from this Port for Jamaica, 8 Days out; and on the 13th, in Lat. 37: 23, he ſpoke the Ship Lark, Captain Biddle, alſo from this Place for Hiſpaniola, out two Days, all well.

Captain Shourt, arrived at New-York from Cape Nichola, on the 2d Inſtant, in Lat. 37, *Long.* 72: 30, *ſpoke a ſhip from this Place for Liſbon, out three days.*

Captain Higgs, from St. Kitts, on the 2d Inſtant, in Lat. 24: 15, Long. 66: 28, ſpoke a Brig, from Rhode-Iſland for Jamaica, out 17 Days.

Captain M'Cullough, from Belfaſt, on the 29th ult. in Lat. 39: 31, Long. 60: 34, ſpoke a Ship from London for Maryland, out 4 Weeks, all well.

Captain Smith, from Briſtol, on the 4th ult. in Lat. 49: 50, Long. 14: 21, ſpoke a Snow from Charles-Town for Falmouth, out 28 Days; on the 8th Inſtant, in Lat. 37, Long. 67: 30, ſpoke the Brig Harmony, Captain Rogers, for Madeira, and the Ship Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, for London, out 5 Days, both from this Port; and on the 12th, in Lat. 38: 19, he ſpoke a Sloop, from Rhode-Iſland, two Days out, but did not learn the Maſter's Name, or where ſhe was bound.

From Savannah, in Georgia, we learn, that on Tueſday, the 21ſt of April, the General Aſſembly of that Province met, and twice made Choice of Noble Wimberly Jones, Eſq; to be their Speaker, but he was rejected by his Honour the Preſident; and next Day the Houſe choſe him a third Time, when he declined taking the Chair; then Archibald Bullock, Eſq; was elected, who being preſented to the Preſident, was approved of, and his Honour was pleaſed to deliver a Speech: And that on the Saturday Night following, between eight and nine o'Clock, the Aſſembly was diſſolved.

Port of London, March 19. Cleared out, the Patuxent, Luſk, for Maryland; and Betſey and Polly, Haiſt, for Georgia.

Briſtol, March 21. Sailed, The Royal Charlotte, M'Curdy, for Maryland.

Arrived in Charles-Town, South-Carolina, Captain Blewer, from this Port; and Captain Buchanan, from Virginia.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Ship Carolina, B. Loxley, from London. Ship Phœnix, H. Lyſle, Liverpool. Ship Warwick, C. Smith, Briſtol. Snow Brew Packet, L. Martin, and Brig Polly, G. Stanton, Rhode-Iſland. Schooner Ann, G. Griffin, Halifax. Schooner Induſtry, R. Keeble, Sloop Rachel, S. Parker, and Brig Conolly, F. Fearis, Virginia. Sloop Charlotte, J. Lyſle, and Sloop Sally, W. Montgomery, New-York. Ship Friendſhip, W. M'Culloch, N. Caſtle. Sloop Induſtry, Z. Hinſon, Bermuda. Schooner St. Auguſtine Packet, R. Harris, Georgia. Brig Charming Peggy, G. Conyngham, Antigua. Brig Charlotte, J. Montgomery, Ship London Packet, J. Cooke, and Ship Sally, S. Covell, Liſbon. Ship George, S. Martin, Barcelona. Snow Sterling, J. Martin, and Sloop Recovery, B. Tuell, Hiſpaniola. Snow Penn, T. M'Cain, Sloop Dove, J. Higgs, and Sloop Two Brothers, J. Mancheſter, St. Kitts. Sloop Sally, J. Prince, Tortola. Brig Two Friends, J. Peters, St. Lucar. Schooner Hannah, J. Woods, from Nevis.

OUTWARDS. *Ship Mercury, J. Steel, for Barbados. Sloop Molly, V. Wightman, and Sloop Peace and Plenty, J. Anthony, Rh. Iſland. Schooner Charming Nancy, W. De Gray, Halifax. Ship Concord, J. Volans, Jamaica. Brig Paragon, M. Jackſon, Liſbon. Sloop Hannah, J. Chapman, Boſton. Sloop Sally, W. Montgomery, and Sloop Dove, D. Ferguſon, New-York. Ship Severn, J. Hathorn, Briſtol.*

CLEARED. *Sloop Robert W. Bunting, and Sloop Rachel, S. Parker, to Virginia. Sloop Succeſs, W. Lawrence, Porto-Rico. Schooner William, J. Gorham, and Sloop Peggy, S. Hinckley, Boſton. Schooner Hanford, C. Wilſon, Antigua. Sloop Adventure, T. Powell, Ship Britannia, J. Brown, and Brig Juno, J. Warden, Hiſpaniola. Snow Barbados Packet, W. Sutton, Liſbon. Schooner Deborah, B. Canby, and Brig Speedwell, A. Aſkey, Jamaica. Ship Buchanan, J. Moodie, New-York. Schooner Polly, T. Woodberry, Salem, N. E. Schooner Leopard, W. Church, Brig Adventure, C. Hemery, and Schooner Suſanna, J. Somes, Newfoundland. Ship Britannia, N. Falconer, and Ship Catherine, J. Sutton, London. Schooner Lovely Leſs, J. Stephen, and Schooner Penſylvania Packet, J. Dougherty, Maryland. Sloop Nancy, J. Neill, N. Carolina. Sloop Hannah, G. May, to Madeira.*

JUST IMPORTED, and to be SOLD, by
MICHAEL HILLEGAS,
At his Houſe, in Second-ſtreet,

A GREAT Variety of *Muſic*, conſiſting of SOLOS, OVERTURES, CONCERTOS, SONATAS, DUETTS, LESSONS, &c. of the very beſt Authors; TUTORS, or BOOKS of INSTRUCTION, for the VIOLIN, GERMAN FLUTE, COMMON FLUTE, FIFE, and HAUTBOY; beſide an Aſſortment of ruled Muſic-paper, Violin and Guittar Strings, Hautboy Reeds, and ſome very neat Guittars, Violins, German Flutes, Fifes, French Horns, &c. &c. 6 W.

GODFREYD RICHTER,
In Second-ſtreet, the corner houſe of Vine-ſtreet, where Frederick Dominick, Watch-maker, lives;

OFFERS his ſervice to thoſe Gentlemen who incline to learn the GERMAN LANGUAGE; and as it has been his chief ſtudy, they may depend upon due care, and the true pronounciation.

To be SOLD, by
JEREMIAH WARDER, & SONS,
At their Store in Third-ſtreet, oppoſite Church-alley,

LISBON WINES, five Years old, French Burr Millſtones, Madder, Copperas, Brimſtone, long and ſhort Pipes, Nails, Powder, Shot, Lead, and a general ASSORTMENT of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, upon the loweſt Terms for Caſh, or the uſual Credit.

For LONDON,

The Ship *CAROLINA*,
BENJAMIN LOXLEY, Maſter;
WILL ſail with all Expedition. She is a good Ship, and has extraordinary Accommodations for Paſſengers. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to JEREMIAH WARDER, and SONS, or ſaid Maſter, at the London Coffee-Houſe. *May* 14, 1772.

JOSEPH STANSBURY,
INTENDING for England in the fall, is ſelling off his large aſſortment of China, Glaſs, and Earthen WARES, at his ſtore, oppoſite Chriſt's Church, in Second-ſtreet, by wholeſale and retail, at extraordinary low prices, for caſh.---Such as are inclined to purchaſe large parcels together, may have them at a very ſmall advance. He daily expects a large aſſortment of India China, in the Phœbe, from London.

*** A few tons of red lead, magnes, litharge and redwood; a quantity of powder and ſhot, ſpices, and a few dry goods, to be had at prime coſt, as he purpoſes to deal only in wares for the future.

DOUGLAS, HERON, and COMPANY,
Have imported, in the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, and the Britannia, Captain Falconer, from London, the Lydia, Captain Dean, from Liverpool, and the Buchanan, Captain Moodie, from Glaſgow,

A LARGE and General Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, which they will ſell on the loweſt terms, at their ſtore, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets.

TO BE SOLD,

A BRICK HOUSE, and LOT of GROUND, ſituate in Pewter-platter-alley, in the city of Philadelphia (now in the poſſeſſion of the Widow Davis) containing in breadth 15 feet, and in length 30 feet; bounded ſouthward with Pewter-platter-alley aforeſaid, weſtward with ground now or heretofore in the poſſeſſion of Dr. John Redman, northward with ground late of James Portnes, deceaſed, and eaſtward with Stephen Shewell's ground. For further particulars, enquire of WILLIAM PARR.

N. B. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame, by paying half the purchaſe-money down, may be allowed a reaſonable time to pay the remainder, on giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt for it. ¶

A LARGE Quantity of SCYTHES and SICKLES, prepared for the enſuing Harveſt, and to be ſold Wholeſale or Retail by the Subſcriber, living in Third-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets. Alſo Iron Work for Griſt and Saw-mills, Clothier and Timber Screws, Smith's Bellows, and moſt Sorts of Smith's Work. Tbc. WILLIAM DAWSON.

ONE HUNDRED and Twenty DOZEN of SICKLES, now preparing for the HARVEST, by JAMES HENDRICKS, Cutler, North Side of Market-ſtreet, the fourth Door above the Priſon, they will be done with the utmoſt Care, and ſold at the loweſt Rates, and enſured to be good. ¶6W.

Philadelphia, Fifth Month 18, 1772.

TOWNSEND SPEAKMAN,
CHYMIST and DRUGGIST, on the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets (three doors eaſtward from the Poſt-office, and nearly oppoſite the Indian King)

HAS juſt imported in the Britannia, Captain Falconer, and the Carolina, Captain Loxley, from London, A general aſſortment of the beſt drugs, chymical, galenical and patent medicines; an aſſortment of fine colours; a ſmall quantity of very fine French plumbs, French pruens, Faro figs, and New Barrel raiſins; alſo Sandever pumice ſtone, and rotten ſtone.

Family receipts, and phyſical preſcriptions, truly prepared; medicine cheſts for family uſes, ſhipping, plantation or iron-works (with proper directions) are carefully made up, on the loweſt terms.

As he has ſerved a regular apprenticeſhip to the buſineſs, and had ſeveral years further experience therein, in a houſe of the firſt reputation in London, he by that means has an opportunity of procuring his articles of the beſt quality, and at the moſt reaſonable rates: Practitioners, or others, who are pleaſed to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on having medicines of the beſt quality, and charged as low as can be afforded.

JONATHAN MEREDITH,
TANNER and CURRIER, living in Third-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets,

HAS for Sale, a large Quantity of CURRIER'S OIL, LAMP OIL, and BLUBBER, which he will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable Terms. Orders for all Kinds of LEATHER, compleated on the ſhorteſt Notice. ¶

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the London Coffee-Houſe, on Friday, the 5th of June, at ſix o' clock in the evening (if not ſold before, at private ſale)

A LOT or PIECE of GROUND, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Fifth-ſtreet, near Arch-ſtreet corner, containing in breadth on Fifth-ſtreet 16 feet, and in length or depth 60 feet, clear of groundrent. For further particulars, enquire of the Printers.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

FOURTEEN HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, in Derry townſhip, Lancaſter county; 281 acres thereof at the mouth of Conewagoe creek, and up the river Saſquehanna; the land exceeding good, land well timbered; upwards of 40 acres of meadow, on the ſaid creek, may eaſily be made and watered; alſo very convenient ſeats for a merchant and ſaw-mills, it being bounded on the river, and above the Conewagoe falls, and therefore has the convenience of water-carriage to the heads of ſaid river. There are 30 acres clear, a log-houſe, 16 by 20, and ſome bearing apple trees.

Alſo 223 acres, part of an Iſland in the river Saſquehanna, and oppoſite the above mentioned tract, 30 acres whereof are clear, the remainder rich, and well timbered. Alſo 500 acres of land, 2 miles above the mouth of Conewagoe creek, and adjoining the river Saſquehanna. There are two tenements, with tolerable good log-houſes, about 80 acres clear on the whole, ſome meadow already made, and a large quantity more to be cleared, and may be eaſily watered.

Alſo 400 acres, 3 miles from the river, and near the Round Top; at leaſt 100 acres of meadow may be made on this tract; the whole remarkably well watered and timbered, and the greateſt part of the upland very good for grain.

Any perſon or perſons inclinable to purchaſe the whole, or any part of the ſaid land, are deſired to apply to the ſubſcriber, on Friday, the 12th of June, at the houſe of Mr. SLOUGH, in Lancaſter. Any perſon deſirous to view the lands, before the day of ſale, are requeſted to apply to JACOB METSKER, adjoining one of the tracts, who will ſhew the lands.

¶10s. JOSEPH GALLOWAY.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Wedneſday, the 3d of June next, (if a fair day, if not the firſt fair day after) preciſely at 3 o' clock in the afternoon, and to be ſtruck off at 6 o' clock, on the premiſes, a tract or piece of land, ſituate in Moyamenſing townſhip, containing about 3 acres and 127 perches, be the ſame more or leſs, having a fine commodious brick houſe, brick kitchen, ſtables, &c. erected thereon (having been a well accuſtomed Tavern for many years) bounded by ground of Stephen Carmick, Conrad Kimmel, and others; late the eſtate of Adam Weaver; ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcribers, a French ſervant man, named John Baptiſt Gilman, between 21 and 22 years of age, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, ſlim built, has ſhort black hair, tied behind, and is of a ſwarthy complexion: Had on, when he went away, a ſhort new green coat, with white metal buttons, calicoe jacket, twilled drawers, grey thread ſtockings, new ſhoes, and metal buckles, a new light blue handkerchief, bordered with white, and an old felt hat, cocked ſharp in the French faſhion, ſpeaks very bad Engliſh. Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, ſo that his maſters may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JAMES PLUNKET, or JOHN REINHART.

All Maſters of Veſſels are forbid to carry him off.

Philadelphia, May 19, 1772.

TWENTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

STRAYED, on the 3d inſtant, out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, in Second-ſtreet, next door to the ſign of King George the Third, a black HORSE, about 14 *or* 15 *hands high, has a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, is lame in his near hind foot, and hipſhot, has a long tail, and a long mane hanging on the off ſide. Whoever takes up the ſaid horſe, and brings him to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by*

WENDEL ZERBAN.

May 14, 1772.

CAME to MICHAEL PEPERLEY'S, *at the Bleach-yard, on Campbell's place, in the Northern Liberties, a brindle COW,* 7 *years old, has a white face, white belly, all her feet white, and white at the end of her tail, brown round her eyes, two ſlits in her off ear, and a halfpenny cut out of her near ear. The owner is deſired to come, pay charges, and take her away.* ¶

For CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

The BRIG PRINCE OF WALES,
WILLIAM MOORE, Maſter;
WILL ſail with all convenient ſpeed, having great part of her cargo ready to go on board. For freight or paſſage apply to MASON and HARTLEY, or ſaid Maſter on board, lying near Arch-ſtreet wharf.

To be ſold, by ſaid Maſon and Hartley, at their ſtore, nearly oppoſite the Old-Ferry, a neat aſſortment of Eaſt-India and European goods, choice RICE, ſheathing nails and paper. ¶

To be SOLD, within 7 miles of Philadelphia,

A PLANTATION, that is remarkably well accommodated; it contains 560 acres of land, whereof about 90 are meadow, 50 whereof are well watered, above 160 good woodland, and the remainder excellent plowland, for raising wheat; of which plowland, if the purchaser sees fit, he may convert 20 acres more into watered meadow, as also he may erect grist-mills, saw-mills, &c. as he pleases, as there is a plentiful stream, and good falls, which afford a command of water for all such purposes, in abundance; the principal dwelling-house has 2 good kitchens and parlours, six bed-rooms, large garrets and cellars, 2 gardens, a large orchard, and all necessary out-houses. There are besides three farm-houses on the plantation, with their out-houses and orchards, two of them lately built, and there is not a more healthy place in this or any other province. For further information, enquire of the Printers. A fine spring by the house.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

In the County of Cape-May, New-Jersey,

THIRTY HEAD of CATTLE, fit for grazing this Season, consisting of 4 and 5 Year old Steers and spayed Heifers. JEREMIAH LEAMING.

N. B. There are a large Number of Cattle ready for Sale in said County, belonging to different Persons. *May* 18, 1772. ¶

NOTICE is hereby given, that JOHN BOLTON'S STAGE WAGGON, that plies from Chester-town, and Rock-hall, in Maryland, to New-Castle, will begin the 11th of this instant May, to set out from Chester-town for New-Castle, on Mondays, at six o'clock in the morning, and will continue going every week, till the navigation is stopped by the ice in Delaware; she will arrive at New-Castle on Tuesdays, about noon, where a compleat stage boat, kept by Joseph Tatlow, will take in the passengers and goods, and sail immediately for Philadelphia; the same day the waggon will set out from New-Castle, and arrive at Chester-town on Thursday; on Friday she will go to James Hodges's, at Rock-hall, who will have a compleat boat ready to take in the passengers and goods, and sail immediately for Annapolis; she will leave Annapolis Saturday morning, at six o'clock, and return to Rock-hall, where the waggon will wait till her return, to take the passengers and goods to Chester-town.

The New-Castle stage-boat will sail from the Crooked-Billet wharff, at Philadelphia, on Sundays, at 6 o'clock in the morning, and get to New-Castle that evening, or on Monday; as she was built on purpose for a stage-boat, has excellent accommodations for passengers, and she will be kept neat and clean, in hopes thereby to induce Gentlemen and Ladies to try that method of travelling, as it will be attended with far less trouble and expence than the usual way, and we shall do our utmost endeavours to make each passage agreeable to them. JOHN BOLTON, JOSEPH TATLOW, JAMES HODGES. † 7/6.

FOR the encouragement of the breed of good Horses, the subscriber, near Marcus-Hook, has procured that noted full blooded HORSE DOVE, imported from England by Dr. HAMILTON, to cover at his stables this season, at TWO GUINEAS a Mare, and Five Shillings to the Groom. As DOVE's pedigree, performances and stock, have been particularly set forth in former advertisements, they sufficiently prove him to be the finest high-bred Horse in the province; and it would be needless to say any more, than to inform the public, that they may depend their Mares will be taken particular care of, and have good pasture at 2s. 6d. per week, by ARCHIBALD DICK.

N. B. He would be glad that his acquaintance, who are fond to have a breed from this elegant Horse, would be speedy in sending their Mares, as it is supposed he will be much thronged in the height of the season. ¶

TO BE LETT,

In the town of Cambridge, in Dorchester county, Maryland,

A GENTEEL two story high House, with four rooms on each floor; likewise, sundry convenient out-houses, a good garden, and is a very agreeable and healthy situation; also, near 20 acres of fine pasture ground, and a privilege of cutting fire-wood from land adjoining the said town. As the subscriber is about to remove to Philadelphia, and no Practitioner of Physic residing where he is, it is undoubtedly a considerable vacancy.

If any Gentleman of the Faculty should incline to make trial of it, he may be informed more particularly, and satisfied of the terms, by applying to Mr. WILLIAM TOD, in Arch-street, Philadelphia, or the subscriber, on the premises,

H. MURRAY.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 27th of April, a Convict Servant Man, named JAMES BROWN, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, and appears to be about 35 or 36 years of age, is of a darkish complexion, has strait brown hair, thin visage, very much addicted to strong liquor, and chews tobacco to a great excess; had on and took with him, a felt hat, a greyish coloured cloth jacket, with sleeves, an under ditto of flowered flannel, white flannel breeches, ozenbrigs shirt, old shoes, with pinchbeck buckles; it is supposed he will change his name and clothes. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any goal in this province, shall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, with reasonable charges, if brought home; if out of the province, THREE POUNDS, with reasonble charges, paid by WILLIAM GRAHAM, in Market-street, Philadelphia, or by me RICHARD GRAHAM, junior, living in Baltimore county, Maryland.

N. B. It is supposed he will write a pass, as he is a very ready clerk. ‡ Baltimore County, May 16, 1772.

Darby, Chester County, May 21, 1772.

ALL persons indebted to SAMUEL JOHNSON, late of Darby, in the County of Chester, deceased, are requested to discharge their debts immediately; and those that have any demands against the said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts, that they may be adjusted, by

¶ JOHN JOHNSON, Executor.

WHEREAS ROBERT BLACK, the subscriber, gave a bond to the Rev. Andrew Bay, for Eighty Pounds, payable the 7th of July next ensuing, which bond was assigned to Alexander Mohrland, and from him assigned to Robert M'Pherson, Esq; for the use of said Andrew Bay: The subscriber hereby gives this public notice to all persons, not to take any assignment of said bond, as said Andrew Bay hath not fulfilled his agreement with him, and so no lawful consideration given for the same, and that he determines to dispute the payment thereof. ROBERT BLACK.

York-town, May 1, 1772. ‡

Cumberland County, Carlisle Gaol, May 1, 1772.

WAS committed to my care, about six weeks ago, a Convict Servant Man, who calls himself BENJAMIN PENNY, is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, 25 years of age, full faced, well set, his clothing is very ragged, says he belongs to James Smith, Collier, at Nottingham Iron-works, Baltimore county, Maryland: Also, an indented Servant Boy, called JAMES FLOYD, says he belongs to Matthew Shields, in Letterkenny Township, near the Falling Spring, in said county: I request their Masters to come, pay their costs, and take them away, or they will be sold in six weeks from this date, for the same, by ROBERT SEMPLE. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A CHARIOT, PLEASURE WAGGON, and a PHÆTON, almost new. Enquire of JOHN JOHNSON, COACH-MAKER, in Market-street, between Fifth and Sixth-streets, PHILADELPHIA. ¶

TEN POUNDS Reward.

ABSCONDED from his bail, a certain JOHN FOWLER, a Taylor by trade, a small slender man, about 5 feet 8 inches high, a good deal talkative and impertinent, and perhaps may pretend to something of physic; he wore his own hair, tied, a green coat and jacket, and a light napped surtout. Whoever secures said Fowler, in any of his Majesty's goals on the continent, and gives information to the subscriber, living in Lampeter township, Lancaster county, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by ISAAC LEAMON. ¶

TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN away from the subscriber, in Frederick county, about 20 miles from George-Town, near Mr. James Brooks's mill, on the 4th of April last, a convict servant man, named WILLIAM WARD, *about 22 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, well set, swarthy complexion, round visage, short brown hair, tied behind; had on, and took with him, a blue drugget or German serge coat, trimmed with yellow metal buttons, a light coloured duroy waistcoat, a pair of buckskin breeches, almost new, 1 pair of thread, and 2 pair of dark yarn stockings, a pair of old shoes, 1 of them patched on the side, odd buckles, one brass, and the other steel, a pair of ozenbrigs trowsers, a white shirt, 2 handkerchiefs, one linen, the other black silk, a new coarse felt hat, and an Eight Dollar Bill; also a large sorrel HORSE, about 14 hands and an inch high, branded on the near buttock and shoulder* P. D. *paces, trots and gallops, with good spirit, his hind legs white about half way, has a large blaze in his face. Whoever delivers said servant and horse to the subscriber, or secures them, so as he may get them again, shall receive the above reward, or* TWENTY POUNDS *for the servant only, and* FIVE POUNDS *for the horse, paid by* SAMUEL RIGGS. ‖6w.

West-Caln township, Chester County, April 22, 1772.

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away from his bail, a certain WILLIAM HANNA, about 21 or 22 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, of a redish complexion, grey eyes, straight black hair, somewhat round shouldered, is fond of spirituous liquors, and given to swearing when in liquor; had on, when he went away, a carrot coloured coat, white cotton jacket, buckskin breeches, blue yarn stockings, coarse shoes, almost new, brass buckles; he has wrought some time past at the turning business. Whoever takes up the said Hanna, and lodges him in any of his Majesty's goals, so as he may be brought to justice, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ JAMES MACHLIN.

N. B. It is supposed he is about the city of Philadelphia; all masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off, at their peril.

THREE, FIVE, or SEVEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, near the Lower Cross-roads, Baltimore county, Maryland, the second day of May instant, a Convict Irish Servant Man, named WILLIAM DELANY, about 45 years old, about five feet eight or nine inches high, red hair, dark hollow eyes, has lost the most of his teeth, round shouldered, freckled hands, a round black mark between the thumb and fore finger of his right hand, thus O; bow legged, his ancles something swelled, large scars on his legs, and often sore, one large one on the outside of one of his legs, appears to be an old cut; had on when he went away, a plain browniish coat, and vest of the same, a tow and linen shirt, sheep-skin breeches, blush stockings, old shoes, a wool hat, bound with ferret; he has some money with him, and loves to drink. Any person taking up said servant in Maryland, and confining him in any goal, and giving notice thereof to his Master, so that he may have him again, shall have the above reward of THREE POUNDS, and all reasonable charges; if taken in Pennsylvania, the reward of FIVE POUNDS, on giving notice, and securing, as above; and if in New-Jersey or New-York Provinces, the reward of SEVEN POUNDS, on the above terms, paid by

May 21. ‡ DAVID BARCLAY.

RUN away, the 12th of this instant May, at night, from the subscriber, living in Drummore township, Lancaster county, a hired servant man, named HUGH FERRAN, *about 5 feet 6 inches high, he has red curly hair, and is a great chewer of tobacco, and lover of drink; he stole, and took with him, a brown strait coat, bound with red, with horn buttons, a black velvet jacket, a pair of black knit breeches, and a pair of leather ditto, a pair of shoes, with plain plated silver buckles, a pair of blue and white ribbed worsted stockings, a pair of thread ditto, coarse shirt and trowsers, and sundry other articles; he served his time with William Miller, in New-Garden township, Chester county. Whoever takes up said thief, so that he be brought to justice, and the owner get his goods again, shall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me* JAMES MOORE. ¶

TEN POUNDS Reward.

STRAYED, or STOLEN, from the subscriber, on the 4th of this instant May, a dark brown MARE, about 15 years old, some white in her face, and some white feet, a natural pacer; likewise a young HORSE, 4 years old this spring, a light brown, some white in his face, and a little of his mane cut off, under the collar, a natural trotter. Whoever will bring the said creatures to the subscriber, living at the New Mills, in Burlington county, shall have a reward of FIVE POUNDS for both, or FIFTY SHILLINGS for either; and, if stolen, FIVE POUNDS more for the thief, paid by

¶ THOMAS REYNOLDS.

STOLEN, on the night of the 7th of this instant May, from the subscriber, living in Pencader Hundred, New-Castle county, a light grey MARE, 7 years old, 14 hands high, mane and tail trimmed, and more dark than her body, with a large white spot on her near shoulder, by means of the hames, and a lump on the inside of her near fore leg, she has no brand; both paces and trots. Whoever takes up and secures said mare and thief (and gives notice thereof in this Gazette) so as the owner may have the thief convicted, shall receive TEN DOLLARS reward for both, or Five Dollars for either, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ JOHN FARIES.

PAXTON, *May* 10, 1772.

STOLEN from the subscriber, last night, a large black HORSE, about 15 hands high, all over curled, almost equal to a water dog, paces, trots and hand gallops well, is a good hackney, and an excellent draft horse, about 9 years old this spring, he is a lengthy raw boned horse, and is now in tolerable good order. Whoever takes up said horse, and returns him to the owner, shall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and if the thief is secured FIVE POUNDS reward, with reasonable charges, paid by JOHN HARRIS. ¶

STRAYED or stolen out of the pasture of the subscriber, living in Salisbury township, Lancaster county, near Martin's tavern, the 4th of this instant May, a bright bay MARE, four years old, shod before, hog mane, large foretop, a star in her forehead, partly divided, paces and trots, round bodied, long switch tail, sets up well before when mounted, &c. Whoever takes up said mare, and secures her, so that the owner may have her again, shall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward, and reasonable charges, paid by WILLIAM DONALDSON.

N. B. Whoever takes up said mare, is desired to advertize her in the Pennsylvania Gazette. ¶

Chester, May 11, 1772.

THE subscriber takes this method to inform the public, and his former customers, that he has bought, and now occupies, the house formerly belonging to Aubrey Bevan, in the Borough of Chester, opposite the Court-House, known by the name of the Pennsylvania Arms; where all Gentlemen, travellers, and others, may depend upon having good accommodations, and kind usage, from their obliged friend and humble servant, WILLIAM KERLIN. ¶6W.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE, on the 25th day of this instant May, at the late dwelling-house of Joseph Richardson, in Middletown, Bucks County, deceased;

A VARIETY of houshold goods, and kitchen furniture; such as beds, bedding, tables, drawers, chairs, and a large assortment of pewter and brass; a variety of shop goods; horses, mares, milch cows, and young cattle; sheep, swine, and sundry kinds of utensils of husbandry; a compleat sett of smith's tools; a quantity of iron, and steel; a quantity of walnut, cherry, and maple boards. All persons buying to the value of Twenty Shillings, or upwards, may have nine months credit, giving security, if required; all lesser sums ready money is expected by MARY RICHARDSON, Executrix, JOSHUA RICHARDSON, and WILLIAM RICHARDSON, Executors. ¶

To be sold by public vendue, on Saturday evening, the 23d instant, at six o'clock, at the house of Mrs. Malaby, the sign of the Ship Hero, in Front-street, Southwark,

A NEW three story BRICK HOUSE, and LOT of GROUND, in the Tenure of Captain Lawrence, situate on the east side of Front-street, Southwark, a little below John Hart's vendue-house, containing in breadth on Front-street about 13 feet, and in depth 32 feet, with a brick kitchen; the lot extends 60 feet deep from Front-street; subject to a ground-rent of Twenty-six Shillings and Three-pence Sterling per annum. The title is indisputable. ¶

A COMPLETE Edition of the genuine LETTERS of the late Rev. Mr. GEORGE WHITEFIELD, in 3 vols. octavo, bound, received from his Executors, by Captain Falconer, are to be sold, by

DANIEL ROBERDEAU.

"In which are displayed that spirit and simplicity, so eminently conspicuous in the author's life and conversation. His friends, and even his enemies (should there be any such) will here openly behold his unwearied diligence, undaunted firmness, noble disinterestedness, and eminent usefulness, in the work of the gospel ministry; also, his remarkable fidelity in friendship, exemplary piety, and fervent zeal for the prosperity of pure and undefiled religion."

At the same place may be had, not exceeding 12 setts of a late publication of excellent SERMONS, in 2 volumes octavo, bound, the posthumous works of the late Reverend Mr. SAMUEL DAVIES, by Dr. THOMAS GIBBONS, the editor. Also a few setts of a former publication of sermons, by the same eminent author, in 3 volumes octavo, unbound, for the benefit of his orphan children. *Theif.*

Just imported, in the ship Britannia, Captain Falconer, from LONDON, and to be sold by

RICHARD BACHE,

At his store, on the south side of Market-street, between Third and Fourth-streets, for cash only, the following GOODS, at the most reasonable rates;

OZENBRIGS, 7-8ths and yard wide Irish LINENS, printed calicoes and cottons, of the newest patterns, nankeens, printed linen handkerchiefs, 3 qr. dowlas, 7-8ths and 3-qr. garlix, double and quadruple filesias, white and brown clouting diaper, damask and diaper table-cloths, fringed and plain, yd. wide muslins, humhums, long lawns, broad lawns, pistol lawns, and clear lawns, demy cambricks, pomeranias, bordered and spotted bandanoes, silk lungee romals, silk pullicat, cotton ditto, black and coloured Persian and China taffeties, &c.

STEPHEN CARMICK,

HAS just imported, from London, a large assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable for the season, which he will sell on the lowest terms, for cash, or the usual credit, at his store, in Water-street, the 3d door above Market-street.

MEADOWS,

IN DIFFERENT PARCELS,

SITUATE in Passyunk Township, about 3 or 4 Miles from Philadelphia, to be LETT, for the present Season. Enquire of JOSEPH FOX, ABEL JAMES, or MICHAEL HILLEGAS.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Friday, the 22d of May instant, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, a certain brick tenement, and lot or piece of ground, situate on the east side of Fifth-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 20 feet, and in length or depth 180 feet, or thereabouts; bounded by Fifth-street aforesaid, and by ground of George Wood, Joseph Richardson, and others; subject to a groundrent of Five Pounds per annum, late the estate of Thomas Corgell; seized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Saturday, the 23d of May inst. at 12 o'clock at noon, at the London Coffee-house, two full, equal, and undivided ninth parts, the whole into nine equal parts to be divided, of and in a certain plantation, or tract of land, situate in Lower Merion township, containing 100 acres, or thereabouts, be the same more or less, having a stone dwelling-house, two paper mills, and other convenient out-houses, erected thereon; bounded by lands of John Robinson, John Roberts, and others (subject to a proportionable part of the Widow's Dower, during the term of her natural life) late the estate of Benjamin Shitz; seized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

Chester, May 11, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on the 23d day of this instant May, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, will be exposed to public sale, a certain messuage, or tenement, plantation, and tract of land thereunto belonging, containing about 54 acres, and allowance, be the same more or less, situate in Nether Providence township, in Chester county. Likewise, at the same time and place, will be sold, horses, cows, and swine, beds and bedding, a case of drawers, tables and chairs, pewter, brass, iron and wooden ware, implements of husbandry, and other things, not here inserted; late the estate of Lewis Trimble, seized and taken in execution by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

Exceeding good DRY HIDES to be sold by

JOHN ROSS,

Near the Bird-in-hand Wharff, below the Drawbridge.

JUST ARRIVED, from IRELAND,

THE Brig PATTY, *ROBERT HARDIE*, MASTER, having on board about 100 Servants and Redemptioners, Men, Women, Boys, and Girls; among which are sundry Tradesmen, such as Smiths, Nail-makers, Shoe-makers, Taylors, Skinners, Carpenters, Gardiners, Grooms, and Farmers; whose Times are to be disposed of by the Master, on board said Brig, lying off the Drawbridge, or ANDREW DOZ, at the House of Mr. Nathaniel Donnell, in Front-street. ¶

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market.*

May 28, 1772. NUMB. 2266.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

LONDON, March 13.

An ACT *for the better* REGULATING *the* FUTURE MARRIAGES *of the* ROYAL FAMILY.

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN,

WHEREAS your Majeſty, from your paternal affection to your own family, and from your royal concern for the future welfare of your people, and the honour and dignity of your Crown, was graciouſly pleaſed to recommend to your Parliament, to take into their ſerious conſideration, whether it might not be wiſe and expedient to ſupply the defects of the laws now in being, and by ſome new proviſions, more effectually to guard the deſcendants of his late Majeſty King George the Second (other than the iſſue of Princeſſes who have married, or may hereafter marry, into foreign families) from marrying without the approbation of your Majeſty, your heirs or ſucceſſors, firſt had and obtained:

We have taken this weighty matter into our ſerious conſideration, and being ſenſible that marriages in the Royal Family are of the higheſt importance to the ſtate, and that therefore the Kings of this realm have ever been intruſted with the care and approbation thereof; and being thoroughly convinced of the wiſdom and expediency of what your Majeſty has thought fit to recommend upon this occaſion:

We, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal ſubjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, do humbly beſeech your Majeſty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the advice and conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the authority of the ſame, that no deſcendant of the body of his late Majeſty King George the Second, being the grand children and preſumptive heirs of the reigning King, male or female, (other than the iſſue of Princeſſes who have married, or may hereafter marry, into foreign families) ſhall be capable of contracting matrimony, without previous conſent of his Majeſty, his heirs, or ſucceſſors, ſignified under his or their ſign manual, and declared in council (which conſent, the better to preſerve the memory thereof, is hereby directed to be ſet out in the licence and regiſter of marriage, and to be entered in the books of the Privy Council) and that every marriage, or matrimonial contract, of any ſuch deſcendant, without ſuch conſent firſt had and obtained, ſhall be null and void, to all intents and purpoſes whatſoever.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforeſaid, that in caſe any ſuch deſcendant of the body of his late Majeſty King George the Second, being above the age of twenty-five years, ſhall perſiſt in his or her reſolution, to contract a marriage, diſapproved of, or diſſented from, by the King, his heirs or ſucceſſors, that then ſuch deſcendant, upon giving notice to the King's Privy Council, which notice is hereby directed to be entered in the books thereof, may, at any time, from the expiration of twelve calendar months after ſuch notice given to the Privy Council aforeſaid, contract ſuch marriage; and his, or her marriage, with the perſon before propoſed and rejected, may be duly ſolemnized, and ſhall be good, without the previous conſent of his Majeſty, his heirs, or ſucceſſors, as if this act had never been made, unleſs both Houſes of Parliament ſhall, before the expiration of twelve months, expreſly declare their diſapprobation of ſuch intended marriage.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, that every perſon who ſhall knowingly, or wilfully, preſume to ſolemnize, or to aſſiſt, or be preſent, at the celebration of any marriage with any ſuch deſcendant, or at his, or her, making any matrimonial contract, without ſuch conſent as aforeſaid, firſt had and obtained, except in the caſes above mentioned, ſhall be duly convicted thereof, incur and ſuffer the pains and penalties ordained and provided by the ſtatute of proviſions and præmunire, made in the ſixteenth year of the reign of Richard the Second.

DOUGLAS, HERON, and COMPANY,

Have imported, in the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, and the Britannia, Captain Falconer, from London; the Lydia, Captain Dean, from Liverpool, and the Buchanan, Captain Moodie, from Glaſgow,

A LARGE and General Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, which they will ſell on the loweſt terms, at their ſtore, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets; among which are, A great variety of plain, ſtriped and figured 7-8ths, 5-4ths, and 6-4ths wide lawns and kentings, flowered and ſtriped bordered lawn aprons, kenting handkerchiefs, 7-8ths and 3-4ths French lawns and cambricks, plain muſlin and cypreſs gauze, ſtriped and figured ditto, Paris, ſpider and lace nets, black and white catgut, ſilk gauze handkerchiefs, ſilk, cotton and thread hoſe, womens coloured and black ſilk mitts, printed cottons, chintzes and calicoes, printed and copper-plate handkerchiefs, Manchester checks and ſtriped hollands, check handkerchiefs, Scotch and Iriſh linen, Ruſſia ſheeting and drilling, clouting diaper, German dowlas, bed-bunts and rickens, brown hollands, ſattins, modes and perſians, bandanoe and romal handkerchiefs, Barcelona ditto, white and coloured threads, ſewing ſilks and knee-garters, tapes and bobbins, fine quality and coat bindings, garters and laces, mohair and twiſt baſket buttons, metal and horn ditto, mohair and London twiſt, coloured and black calimancoes, durants, ſhaloons and tammies, writing-paper, common and gilt bibles, half yard and 3-4ths figured drawboys, dyed jeans and pillows, table-cloths and diaper, buckram, blond and black ſilk lace, thread trolly and edging, ſtraw and chip hats, coloured and black ribbons, ſtriped and plain muſlins, mens and womens white and coloured gloves, fans and necklaces, ivory and horn combs, bended horn ditto, needles, pins, &c. with an aſſortment of HARDWARE.

N. B. Choice BELL's BEER, in bottles.

A LARGE Quantity of good CAROLINA SOAL LEATHER, choice new Rice, Orange Juice, Sago, Powder, and a few Bottles of Soy, to be ſold, by

BRIGHT and PECHIN,

At their STORE, in Water-ſtreet, about Midway between Race and Vine-ſtreets. ¶

To the PUBLIC.

A SCHOOL is opened at the Academy in NEWARK, New-Caſtle County, for teaching Engliſh Reading with Propriety, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, Geometry and Algebra, with their Application to the moſt uſeful practical Branches, as Navigation, Surveying, Dialling, Merchants Accounts, &c. by JOHN WILSON. ¶

ROBERT and JOHN PROUD,

Have for ſale, at their ſtore, in Second-ſtreet, next door above the Church, a great variety of European and East-India GOODS, among which are,

SUPERFINE and common ſaggathies, double folded brown Ruſſia ſheeting, Iriſh brown and white ditto, dowlas, Iriſh linens, German and Scotch ozenbrigs, brown rolls, white Pomeranias, ravens duck, Ruſſia drilling, ticking and bedbunts, yard wide, 7-8ths, yard 3-8ths, 11 nails, and 3 qrs. checks and ſtripes, Wiggan or houſewife checks, check handkerchiefs, ſtriped cottons, fine cotton hollands, damaſcuſſes, lorettos, pillow fuſtians, jeans, jeanets, callicoes, printed cottons, poplins, dorſetteens, an aſſortment of mantuas, ſilk and cotton romals, flowered and ſpotted bandanoes, bengals, perſians, taffeties, muſlin, broad piſtol, Scotch, and long lawns, cambricks and lawns in patches, kenting handkerchiefs, blue paſtework, and red bordered ditto, Barcelona, black and cloth coloured ſilk handkerchiefs, black ſilk cravats, black and light coloured ſattin and paduaſoy ribbands, flowered and figured ditto, black and cloth coloured breeches pieces, womens white thread hoſe, mens brown and white thread ditto, mens cotton ditto, mens worſted, ſilk and worſted, thread and worſted ditto, mens ſpun ſilk random ditto, childrens ſpotted and youths random ditto, womens worſted ditto, with white clocks, womens ſilk and worſted mitts, 2d. 3d. and 6d. ſilk ferreting, nankeens, ſewing ſilks, fans, ſpelling books, felt hats, Tully gartering, London quality, coat, ſhoe, and ſtay bindings, Holland common and ſtriped tapes, laces, velvets, and velverets, worſted and hair ſhag, low priced broad and ſuperfine narrow cloths, camblets, durants, ſhalloons, callimancoes, worſted damaſk, red, white, embоſſed and ſcarlet flannels, coloured and other threads, womens lamb mitts, bobbin, ivory and horn combs, mock tortoiſe bent ditto, baſket buttons, needle-work ditto, mohair, ſilk and hair ſcarf twiſt, wire ſhirt buttons, moulds ditto, writing paper of different kinds, needles of various ſorts, pins ditto, brown buckram, Turlington's balſam, eye water, corks, tobacco pipes, &c.

Likewiſe, ſundry hardware, as various kinds of table knives and forks, piſtol capt knives, cutteaus, Barlow and other penknives, burnt bone knives, hunters, ſhoemakers, and butchers knives, ſciſſars, thimbles, ſteel, white and yellow metal buckles, braſs copper and Bath metal ditto of different kinds, razors, taylors and ſheep ſhears, glaſs and yellow links of different ſorts, knitting needles, handſaw files, Dunſcomb plain and carved metal buttons, ſilvered, lackered, and ivory, tied and ſhanked ditto, ſnuff and tobacco boxes, ſlide and other carpenters rules, paper and braſs ink pots with penknives, iron and ſteel compaſſes of different ſizes, coopers ditto, ditto, bright ſhoe nippers, wire cutting ditto, black and bright pincers, tap and bung borers, houſe bells, drawing knives, ſocket chizzels, rabbit irons, long firmers, hand ſaws, and Vigo horn buttons, with many other articles, ſuitable for any ſeaſon.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On Wedneſday, the Third of JUNE,

A VALUABLE Merchant MILL, adjoining with 150 ACRES of LAND, lying upon Little Brandywine, in Uwchland townſhip, Cheſter county, diſtant from Cheſter 28, and from Philadelphia 33 miles, the mill-houſe very large, and built with ſtone, two pair of mill-ſtones, the dwelling-houſe built with logs; there are about 35 acres of land cleared, about 6 acres of meadow cleared, and ſeveral acres more may be made, which can be watered all out of Brandywine. The vendue to begin at ten o'clock in the morning; where due attendance, and reaſonable credit, will be given, with paying £ 300 in hand, and £ 800 in the ſpring following, and the remainder part to be paid as may be agreed upon at the day of ſale. ¶

JOSHUA PHIPPS.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, containing about 220 acres of choice land, well wooded and watered, and adjoining lands of John Dickinſon and Thomas Lawrence, Eſqrs. and others, 3 miles and an half from the ſaid city; there is on the premiſes a large brick dwelling-houſe, a log barn and ſtables, a large garden, paled in, and a good well of water; a never failing ſtream runs along the ſaid land, affording ſome convenient ſituations for erecting paper-mills, or oil mills, now much wanted near the city. The land ſhall be divided into four tracts, for the convenience of purchaſers, if neceſſary, and an indiſputable title will be given, and reaſonable time for one half the purchaſe-monies, if required, by the ſubſcriber, at James Byrne's, in Philadelphia. ‖ PATRICK BYRNE.

The ſaid plantation letts for 50l. a year, to a tenant at will.

To be LETT, and entered on immediately,

A GENTEEL and convenient tenement, very pleaſantly ſituated in an open airy ſpot, about 2 miles from this city, nearly oppoſite Andrew Haney's, in Paſſyunk townſhip; it is admirably well calculated for a rural retirement, during the ſummer months in particular, for any Gentleman or Lady of taſte; commanding an extenſive view of the river Delaware, and the numerous ſhipping going to and from Philadelphia, and indeed affords a charming and luxuriant proſpect on every ſide. For terms, which will be reaſonable, apply to THOMAS JAMES, in Arch-ſtreet, between Second and Third ſtreets.

Upper Merion, Twelfth Month 14, 1772.

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN, laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, living in Upper Merion townſhip, Philadelphia county, a brown horſe, about 14 hands high, has neither brand or ear-mark, that is remembered; ſhod before, is a natural pacer, and between 6 and 7 years old; has one white hind foot; his mane hangs on both ſides, has a very long foretop. The above horſe is ſuppoſed to be ſtolen by one William Caldwell, an Iriſhman, about 24 or 25 years of age, about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, and was dreſſed with a homeſpun coat, of a browniſh colour, a dove coloured velvet waiſtcoat, and a white flannel one under it, a pair of old dirty leather breeches, a pair of white ſtockings, and a pair of old leggings, made of ſtockings, a pair of ordinary ſhoes. He alſo ſtole 3 green hides. As he croſſed the Middle Ferry laſt night, it is ſuppoſed he is in or near this city, or gone into the Jerſeys, as he hath a wife near Burlington, where it is ſuppoſed he hath concealed the horſe. Whoever takes up ſaid thief and horſe, and ſecures them, ſo that the ſubſcriber may have the horſe and hides, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, or Eight Dollars for the horſe only, paid by PETER MATSON, *in Upper Merion aforeſaid, or* PETER DEHAVEN, *in Philadelphia.* ¶

To be ſold on the moſt reaſonable terms, for CASH, or ſhort CREDIT, by

MARY EDDY,

At her IRONMONGERY STORE, the weſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, and oppoſite to Black-horſe-alley, Philadelphia, a large and very neat aſſortment of IRONMONGERY, CUTLERY, SADLERY and GLASS WARE, &c. conſiſting of the following articles, viz.

THREE, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 20, 24 and 30d. fine drawn and common nails; 2, 3, 4 and 6d. trunk nails; 2, 3, 4, 6 and 8d. clout nails; 2, 3, 4, 6, 10, 12 and 20d. ſprigs; 6, 8, 10, 12, 16 and 18 oz. tacks; hob-nails; ſplinter, pad, cheſt, cupboard, book and clock caſe, drawer, writing deſk, braſs and iron deſk and proſpect locks; ring horſe ditto; braſs caſe, braſs knob, ring and mortice locks of various ſizes; 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 14 inch ſtock locks; 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14 and 16 inch HL hinges; 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 inch H ditto; cheſt, ſtrap, dovetail, table and T ditto of different ſizes---Deſk, book and clock caſe H, tea cheſt, proſpect door and card table braſs ditto; 1-qr. 1-half, 3-qrs. 1, 1 and qr. 1 and half, 1 and 3-qrs. 2, 2 and half and 3 inch flat and round head braſs and iron ſcrews; braſs knob, and ring and thumb latches; 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 12 inch round plate bolts; 3, 4, 5 and 6 inch flat plate bolts; 3, 4 and 5 inch braſs knob ditto; book caſe and chamber door braſs ditto; braſs knob and window ſcrews; ſcrew rings, cupboard turns, cloak pins, chimney hooks, braſs ſconces, and houſe bells; common and high poliſhed braſs head and iron ſhovels and tongs, and braſs fenders; plain, braſs knob and high poliſhed iron candleſticks and ſnuffers; curtain rings, eagles feet for tea cheſts; common and chamber bellows, round and long braſs tea table catches, and common box and braſs caſtors; mill, pit, croſs-cut, hand, tenant, aſh, dovetail, compaſs, woodcutters and grafting ſaws; ſocket, paring, turning, mortice, firmers and other chiſels and gouges; half inch, 3-qrs. 1, 1 and qr. 1 and half, 1 and 3-qrs. 2, and 2 and qr. inch augers; black ſcore, beſt double worm box handled, ſingle worm, aſh handled, and ſpike gimblets; tap and bung borers, center, gouge and auger noſe, taper and other bits; coopers drawing knives; carpenters and coopers adzes and axes; carpenters nippers, ſawſets, red and black lead pencils; ſmoothing, jack, long jointer, rabbit, plow and moulding plane irons; ſugar and nail nippers; plated ſpurs and buckles; womens, barbers and horſe ſciſſars, and taylor's ſhears; a variety of razors; an aſſortment of ſtag, and white and green ivory handle, and other knives and forks, butchers knives and ſteels, Barlow, oyſter, cutteau, piſtol capt and other knives; cheeſe taſters; plaiſterers and bricklayers trowels; ſheep ſhears; curry and mane combs; 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 inch flat and half round files and raſps; 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 inch rat tail files; 12, 13 and 14 inch horſe ſhoe raſps; ſhoemaker's raſps; carpenters, ſhoemakers, ſaddlers and upholders hammers; carpenters ſquares, chalk lines, and one and two foot rules; ſaſh weights, pullies and lines; beſt Turkey oil ſtones, iron and braſs wire; beſt Dutch oil ſtints, cart and waggon boxes, pewter table and tea ſpoons; braſs and white metal cocks; iron coffee-mills, gun and piſtol locks, fiſh ſkins, chapes, common and Kirby fiſh-hooks, jack lines and glue; a neat aſſortment of braſs drawer handles and eſcutcheons, cupboard and book-caſe ditto, ſilvered, gilt and tinned coffin handles, inſcription plates, letters, and figures; temple ſpectacles, with ſteel and other caſes, and common Dutch ditto; cork ſcrews and ſad irons; T. Crowley's AC, No. 3, ſteel; aſſortment of vizes, anvils, ſledges and hammers, plate or ſheet iron, and ſheet braſs, long and ſhort handled frying pans, and labourers ſpades and ſhovels; Indian bar lead; ſhoemaker's awl blades, tacks, ſize ſticks, knives, nippers, pincers, braſs and iron ferrelled awl-hafts and punches; girth web, ſtriped and green cl. ſingle ditto, broad and narrow orris and livery lace of various colours, croſs-bar and pluſh, ſilk whip laſhes, womens ſtirrups, mens plain and three-barred ditto, ſnaffle and Pelham bits, girth and crupper buckles, tooth prick irons, ſilvered head and throat buckles, ſilvered ſtapics and plates, tinned ſtaples and rings; a neat aſſortment of clock and watchmakers tools, watch faces, keys, ſeals and hands, inſide and outſide chains, a variety of watch glaſſes, pendants, &c. clock hands, gold lacker, clock movements, finiſhed and unfiniſhed, with and without faces, and cat-gut for clocks, &c. glaſs quart, pint and half-pint decanters, pint, half-pint, gill and half-gill tumblers, common and enamelled wine glaſſes, ſalts, jelly glaſſes and crewets, by the crate or dozen, Taylor's window glaſs; and a neat aſſortment of earthen ware. Beſides the above goods, ſhe has a variety of other articles, too tedious to mention.

Eaſton, May 16, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Wedneſday, the 10th day of June next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the houſe of Benjamin Vancamp, in Lower Smithfield townſhip, a certain tract of land, ſituate in the ſaid townſhip, adjoining the lands of Cornelius Vancamp, and John Chambers, and containing about 150 acres; late the property of James Brooks; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by PETER KACHLEIN, Sheriff. ‖

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, at the houſe of Jacob Stroud, in Lower Smithfield townſhip, on Wedneſday, the 10th day of June next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, a certain plantation and tract of land, ſituate in the ſaid townſhip, adjoining the lands of Garret Brodhead, and others, and containing about 150 Acres, whereon are good buildings and plenty of meadow; late the property of Luke Brodhead; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by ¶ PETER KACHLEIN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, at the houſe of Bartle Hoover, in the town of Northampton, on Saturday, the 13th day of June next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, a certain lot of ground, adjoining the ſaid town, and land of David Deſhler, containing 100 feet ſquare, and whereon is a good tan-yard, and other buildings; late the property of Andrew Reep, ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by

* PETER KACHLEIN, Sheriff.

May 14, 1772.

WHEREAS a certain THOMAS BLACKSHARE, of Kent County, on Delaware, did fraudulently obtain a Bond from me for the Sum of Seventeen Pounds Ten Shillings, bearing Date the 31ſt Day of March laſt, this is to forewarn all Perſons from taking an Aſſignment on ſaid Bond, as I am determined not to pay the ſame, or above one third Part thereof. ¶ COSTON BEAUCHAMP.

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.*]

LONDON, *March* 17.

Extract of a Letter from the Countess of M----n, now residing at Paris, to her Friends in Scotland.

"A Number of People of Rank and Fashion in this Capital have been missing from Time to Time; some of them were found in the River, from which it was concluded that they had made away with themselves. However, one Night, as a Gentleman was walking along the Streets, he was accosted, as he imagined, by a Woman of the Town. Having articled with her, she conducted him to her Lodgings. Entering the outer Door, she locked it, and put the Key in her Pocket; after which she led him through several Entries, using the same Ceremony at each. Arriving at last at her Chamber, she left him, on Purpose to fetch some Wine or other Cordial. In her Absence he began to reconnoitre the Room, and peeping into a Closet he spied two dead Men, whom he supposed had been newly deprived of Life. You may imagine what his Feelings were on such an Occasion; whatever they were, they did not bereave him of a notable Presence of Mind, which suggested to him the only Expedient that, in all Probability, could have saved him: At her Return he told her that he thought a small Collation would be proper for him before he went to Bed, for that he stood much in Need of Something to eat; and, if she pleased, he would go to a neighbouring Tavern, and give Orders concerning it. She opposed his going; he still insisted, and added, that she need not be afraid of his leaving her. To convince her that he had no such Intention, he would let his Watch and Purse remain until his Return; and throwing them on the Table, she permitted him to walk off. He soon returned, with a Party of Men; and upon searching the House, two Ruffians were found in Arms, hid in a large Chest, who being apprehended, and put to the Torture, confessed that they had robbed and murdered all those that were missing; that the two who were found in the Closet, were so lately murdered that they had not Time to conceal them, and that the Gentleman who made the Discovery, would also have been made away with, if he had staid a few Minutes longer in the House."

March 18. It is said that Mrs. Heinel, the celebrated Dancer at the Opera-house, cleared at her benefit a few nights ago, upwards of 1100l. How many of our poor would such a large sum have relieved at this dear season!

Saturday morning, as soon as it was light, it was discovered that some person had, in the night, written in large letters on the alcove of the Pantheon, THE HIGH ROAD TO HELL. Many people assembled by degrees, who all agreed that it was a true description; one, however, proposed an amendment, which was, that it should have been written, ONE OF THE HIGH ROADS, &c. there being many besides that.

March 20. A Correspondent observes, that the opposition to the Royal Marriage Bill, is a proof that there is more virtue among the Great than some people have imagined.

The late Earl of Halifax's estates are, we hear, at sale for the payment of his debts, which amount to 160,000l. Ninety-five thousand pounds have been refused for one of these estates in the North, and the precision with which the noble Testator takes care to provide for the satisfaction of his creditors, does very great honour to his memory.

Judge Aston, in a late charge to the Grand Jury of Middlesex, recommended it to them to inquire particularly into all places of public entertainment, that had a manifest tendency to corrupt the morals of the people; when a Juryman said, that he intended to advise his brethren to present the Pantheon and the Soho Assembly, as places that came under that description, and asked his Lordship if he would lend them his assistance.

March 24. It is confidently asserted, that a Patent is preparing to appoint the Solicitor General Lord High Chancellor of England.

By the last accounts from Dublin we learn, that rioting had risen to such a high pitch there, that a battle was fought between the mob and the military, in which the former were victorious, and drove the latter into their barracks; that several persons were killed, among whom was a clergyman, who interfered to make peace.

March 28. A bill is prepared, and ready to be brought into Parliament, as soon as the Marriage Bill is over, relative to the franking of letters. By this bill every member in franking is to date the letter, which can only pass free for that date.---A very great saving to the Post-Office is expected from this regulation.

The King of Prussia, who reads all the English Papers, was very much offended at a paragraph which insinuated, that he was at the bottom of the Danish revolution. He has authorised his Ambassador in London to declare in every company the falshood of the insinuation.

March 27. A Correspondent has just favoured us with the secret causes, which facilitated the treaty of peace concluded at the Russian head quarters at Jassy, between the Czarina and the Porte.

The Sultan, alarmed at the destruction of -------- in the Archipelago, and the subsequent total defeat of his armies on the Danube, dispatched as the last resource, an agent to the court of Vienna. This Officer arrived, as early as the 15th of October 1770, and privately delivered his credentials to the imperial court. A treaty was immediately entered upon; the chief article of which was, that the Emperor, in consideration of a subsidy of one million five hundred thousand pounds, was to send thirty thousand of his best troops down the Danube, to join the scattered remains of the Ottoman army. To expedite the departure of the troops, five hundred thousand pounds were paid in jewels into the hands of the treasurer; and orders were soon after issued for several regiments to rendezvous on the Danube.

The Emperor either was a stranger to the internal state of his own country, or his avarice induced him to overlook it. A series of bad seasons had almost introduced a famine into the hereditary dominions, and even the neighbouring countries of Germany felt an unusual scarcity of grain from the same cause. It was difficult to maintain the troops even in their cantonments: To form magazines for an army in the field was impossible. A message of excuse was immediately sent to Constantinople; and the Divan, who promised to themselves a fortunate issue to a disastrous war, were thrown into the utmost perplexity. The officer who was employed in this secret embassy, was called before the Sultan, who, in his eagerness for availing himself of the great power of his new ally, remitted by the officer another third of the subsidy, to buy corn at any price. This last supply was productive of no beneficial consequences: Grain could not be produced at any price; but the money was retained for a future occasion.

A Great Personage has signified his intention of sending 500l. towards the lowering the price of provisions.

By Captain RUSSELL, *arrived at* New-York *from* Newry, *we have the following* ADVICES, viz.

COPENHAGEN, March 10.

THE Counts de Thott, Schack and Rentlau, Ministers of State, and Privy Counsellors; and the Baron de Juel Wind, Privy Counsellor, and M. Stampe, Counsellor of Conference, who went to Cronenbourg on the 8th, returned here yesterday. Soon after their arrival, Lieutenant General Koller de Banner set out for Elsineur. Baron Diede de Furstenheim, the King's Minister to the Court of London, is, it is said, recalled, in order to go and reside in the same character at Petersburgh. It is assured he will be replaced by the Chamberlain de Rantzaw.

March 14. The regiment of horse guards, which underwent a reform the 25th of May last, is going to be set on foot again; it is to consist of four squadrons of sixty men each, and the command of it will be given to Count d'Achiefeldt.

It is assured, that all the persons that are actually in the service of Queen Caroline Matilda, are going to be dismissed, and replaced by others.

LONDON.

March 27. Last night letters were received from Dr. Jebb, at Rome, which give an account, that His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester was quite restored to a good state of health, that he intended to set out for England in a few days, and that he hoped to be in town by the middle of April.

An enquiry is ordered to be made, what sort of a trade the inhabitants of Jamaica, and other Islands, have carried on, which have induced the Spaniards to take so many of their ships, and confine the men; and if it is found that it is only a false pretence of their carrying on an illegal trade, then a demand will be made to restore the ships and people, and to pay all damages they may have sustained by being taken. There are upwards of 50 sailors confined at the Havanna.

Certain advice has been received, that the King of Prussia is now making warlike preparations with all possible dispatch.

Monday a harness maker in Oxford road cut his wife's throat; a surgeon was immediately sent for, who sewed up the wound, so that she spoke, notwithstanding which she bled inwardly, and expired in a few hours. The husband, as soon as he had committed this rash action, went and hanged himself.

March 28. The Stag man of war, Sir John Lindsay, from Madrass, is arrived at Portsmouth.

The Board of Trade have recommended Mr. L. de St. Pierre to the Lords of the Treasury, as a proper object of their encouragement, in return for that gentleman's having introduced the culture of vines, and the making of silk, at his settlement of New-Bourdeaux, in South-Carolina, which, it is not doubted, will be of the utmost benefit to this nation.

The excise revenue for Great-Britain amounted last year to upwards of four millions sterling.

March 30. We are happy in being able to convey to our readers the following authentic intelligence:

By advices from Madrass, of the 10th of October, our army was besieging the capital of Tanjour, which was on the point of surrendering. This opulent provinte paid formerly a tribute to Mahommed Ali, Nabob of the Carnatic, but has of late been guarranteed against that Prince by Hyder Ali.

Hyder Ali, after the decisive battle against him of last year, shut himself up in Sarengapatnam, where he is closely besieged by the Mahrattoes.

The Emperor, Shaw Allum, disgusted at the impolitic tyranny of the East-India Company; has thrown himself into the hands of the Mahrattoes, who have actually raised him to the throne of Delhi.

The use to which the Mahrattoes wish to turn the Emperor, is to give them a Firman for the three provinces of Bengal, Behar and Orissa. So that, under the colour of a grant, the Company will be found to be attacked by the next advices.

Sujah Dowla has sent an embassy to Calcutta, soliciting an offensive and defensive league with the Company, which, in the present situation of affairs, will not probably be refused.

The French forces have found themselves obliged to return home from their islands of Mauritius and Bourbon, for want of provisions. The fortifications of Pondicherry are in no repair; and the few troops that were there have deserted.

It is certain that the surplus, in favour of the Company at Madrass, is only 50,000l. per annum, and that settlement costs us the lives of 1000 British subjects a year; so that we give away British subjects for 50s. a head.

The vigour which Madeorwa, the Chief of the Mahrattoes, at present exhibits in his operations in all quarters of the empire, seems to promise suddenly to his nation the sovereignty of Indostan. If therefore Hyder Ali, our only barrier, is destroyed, we have only 300,000 horse to contend with, to oppose their devastations, and defend, even on the coast, a frontier of 1500 miles in length. Bengal is more safe, from its situation; though Shaw Allum is now, by the aid of the Mahrattoes, placed on the throne of Delhi.

The last advices left the Emperor within a few miles of the capital of his ancestors; and one may form an idea of the power of the Mahrattoes, from their settling a Prince on the throne of Delhi, and besieging Hyder Ali in his principal city, whilst all the intermediate country is their own.

Hyder Ali was on the brink of total ruin in his last action. He was surrounded by the enemy; he lost all his Europeans, and army, and narrowly escaped himself with his life. Yet, in the midst of his distress he has not lost his spirits. His letters to the Presidency of Madrass are in the stile of an independant Emperor.

In the month of July last a French ship came into the road of Madrass. The commander was in debt, and he mortgaged his vessel for a part of her value, to obtain money to clear himself. Mr. Whittle, a member of the Council, was the person who advanced the money, to the amount of 4000 pagodas; he therefore sent a person on board the ship to take charge of her till he was paid, and the mortgage redeemed. The Frenchman went, a few nights after, on board, and, slipping his cable, went out to sea. Mr. Whittle upon this applied to Sir John Lindsay, who gave an armed force, under Mr. Whittle's direction. The party consisted of an officer and twelve men. They set out in a vessel, overtook the ship upon the high seas, boarded her, and struck the French colours. Mr. Law, and all the French in India, consider this as a declaration of hostilities, there being goods on board the ship belonging to merchants in Pondicherry. The correspondence is hot between Admiral Harland and the French Governor. The Court of France are informed of the whole, in the most striking colours; and if the French have really any designs on the East-Indies, this will serve them as a plausible pretext.

There is nothing more certain, than that for every 20s. imported by the East-India Company into this country, either as a society, or by their servants, a human creature is destroyed by oppression and famine, in our acquisitions in Bengal. A tale horrid to relate!

A correspondent desires us to inform the public, in favour of a certain company, that none of their servants are the *actual* executioners of the millions destroyed in India, but by permitting, by commanding, they are accessary to the crime.

The directors of the East-India Company, to alleviate the distresses of their subjects, ordered, two years ago, an European servant to superintend the collections in the different Perguannahs. The cure was worse than the disease. These servants not only added to the oppressions by punishments, but even ruined the country, by monopolizing even the necessaries of life. It was from this circumstance that the late famine, in a great measure, proceeded.

March 31. *Yesterday a motion was made in the House of Commons, by Mr. Sullivan, for leave to bring in a bill to regulate the officers and servants of the East-India Company, and for regulating the courts of justice at Bengal. Sir George Colebrooke spoke for the bill, said there ought to be some regulation made, that the committees there might mind the directors, which they did not. Governor Johnston answered Lord Clive, relating to his going to Bengal. Mr. Thomas Townshend spoke against bringing in the bill in this manner, and government taking no notice of it, as it was mentioned in the King's speech, till a motion is made on the 30th of March, and the latter end of the Sessions, when this bill is now brought on without any papers being laid before the House. He was answered by Lord North, who told them, that he had not seen the bill, he had only seen a sketch of it, and that he was sure the noble Lord (meaning Lord Clive) had given the House a very full and particular account of the affair, and he should certainly be for bringing in the bill. Lord North was answered by Col. Barre, who in a severe manner condemned the administration for supporting the bill when brought in thus, but that himself would always support them, and give his assistance to them when they acted with honour. Major Van Neck spoke next; he said, that there were men enough to govern Bengal were they properly managed by the directors. Mr. Burke opposed the bill being brought in, without any papers being laid before the House, as by it we were to have a court of justice set up there, without knowing who was to be judge. Sir William Meredith spoke for the bill, and the necessity of passing it, as there were fifteen millions of people in that country, who were oppressed for want of some regulation there. Mr. Dempster shewed the state of the East-India Company, and said some regulations ought to be made for the inhabitants there. The question being then called for the motion, was carried without a division, and the bill is expected to be brought in this week, but no day is yet fixed. Three Nabobs, and several of the directors, were in the gallery the whole time of the debates.*

JAMAICA and SPANISH DRYED HIDES,
Just Imported, and to be SOLD, by
DAVID BEVERIDGE,
At his store on the Bird-in-Hand wharff.

By the ship HERCULES, *Captain* NORWOOD, *arrived at* Baltimore *from* Dublin, *we have the following Intelligence*, viz.

COPENHAGEN, March 14.

LAST Monday the King admitted the Academy of Painting, Sculpture and Architecture, to an audience, who returned thanks to his Majesty for the favour conferred upon them, by his appointing the Hereditary Prince Frederick to be their President.

Dresden, March 16. According to letters from Poland, the general Confederacy have published an Universal, by which it is ordained, that every tenth peasant shall be constrained to enlist in their troops.

LONDON.

March 31. There is advice from Copenhagen, that the Dey of Algiers, in consideration of a magnificent present, has concluded a treaty with that Court, and has given orders for all the Danish subjects at present imprisoned in his territories to be immediately released. The vessels lately confiscated are also to be delivered up.

It is whimsical that the Royal Marriage Bill is to receive the Royal Assent on *all Fools Day*.

Yesterday morning an extraordinary courier arrived at St. James's from the Court of France.

Yesterday the Russian Ambassador received an express from the Court of Petersburgh, brought by the way of Holland.

In the Cabinet Council, held on Monday last at St. James's, the sending a new Ambassador to Stockholm was a long time debated, and at length resolved on.

Letters from Riga mention, that 14 large transports were loading there with timber, iron, cables and cannon, for Carthagena.

Advice is received from Gibraltar, that the garrison there is in great want of all sorts of provisions; that the Governor sent to the Emperor of Morocco, requesting that he would trade with the English for live cattle and other provisions, which was absolutely refused, on account that the usual presents have not been sent him; upon which the men of war assisted them with some of their provisions, which, it is hoped, will last till some ships arrive from America, who are hourly expected.

The report that a Chapter would be held some day this week to invest Lord North with the order of the Garter, cannot be true, as the ensigns, which his late Serene Highness the Duke of Saxe-Gotha wore, are not yet arrived from that Court.

Earl Temple, it is said, has within these few days been offered a high post under the government, which his Lordship declined.

A few days since 60 bags of cochineal, the produce of West-Florida, were imported at Bristol from Pensacola.

They write from Stockholm, that the sea is so entirely choaked up with ice on the side of Finland, that it is expected the navigation will not be opened till very late this year.

It is asserted that the Treasury is in a more exhausted State at this Time than for Half a Century past, in Time of Peace.

An Account is just received of some Encroachments having been made by the French on the Coast of Gambia.

Extract of a Letter from Holland.

"I am greatly grieved for the poor Queen of Denmark. Poor Lady! She has hard Measure from that diabolical Queen Dowager, who has got all the Power into her Hands; has in Effect dethroned the King, and is making hasty Strides to place her own Son on the Throne. I do not suppose the present King of Denmark, or his Son, will be long lived. They may die suddenly, of a violent Fever, an Apoplexy, Palsy, or any Thing but Poison; and depend upon it, if the poor innocent, imprisoned Queen, is permitted to live, it will be owing, under God, more to the Dread of English Vengeance, than to any other Cause. Pray God send her speedily safe to your Side of the Water, for she can hardly be said to be safe while in Denmark. I hope soon to hear of a Fleet sailing from Spithead to the Sound. Should this be the Case, and they carry any Land Troops, they would be joined by the Majority of the Danish Troops and Nation, who are highly disgusted with the late alarming Change, notwithstanding all that the Court now in Power there, or Prostitute Hireling Clergymen, may say and declare to the contrary."

A Correspondent observes, that Lord North after having played with a *George*, for some Time as *a Toy*, is resolved, in future, to wear one as a Favour.

Dublin, April 8. *To shew the estimation in which the Gentlemen who compose the New Board of Excise are held (who have not hesitated to go through every dirty job for the Court) it is asserted by a Correspondent, that having appointed one Mulholland (a servant of another Tool of Administration) to the insignificant Post of a supernumerary Guager, a place not worth above 24l. per annum, and after the poor man had been actually sworn into office, before the Board, his Excellency modestly struck out his name, and put in that of Hill, his own steward. A proper return for such mean and cringing servility.*

Extract of a private Letter from a Gentleman, in the county of Antrim, dated March 29.

"*I have this instant (Sunday morning, 12 o'clock) heard of an engagement, of which the following are the particulars.*

"*A Gentleman near Ballymenagh, received a threatening letter last week from the Hearts of Steel, peremptorily commanding him to leave a sum of money in a certain place; he took no notice of the first, they then sent a second, which had no effect, then the third, in a most gigantic terrifying stile.---But all to no purpose; they then sent him a fourth, telling him, in so many hours, if the money was not left as desired, they would burn hell, and fire the devil, &c. This last he answered properly, and with spirit, and as he did expect they would visit him, he had a Serjeant and twelve men, privately conveyed into the house; in a short time after, the Steel Boys came and fired into the house; mean time the Serjeant and men stole out backwards unperceived, and came unexpected round on them with fixed bayonets, fired on them, killed one, wounded several others, and took two prisoners, who have since turned King's evidences and impeached numbers; they were all in confusion, and fled precipitately, on seeing the soldiers. I suppose that place is now quieted.*

"*Eleven o'Clock Monday Night, this Instant a Report prevails, and is credited by the better Sort of People, that Savage is taken; he cut one of the Light Dragoon's Hands almost off, and another down the Back in a most terrible Manner, upon their entering the House where he lodged; he is now said and believed to be in Omagh Goal.*"

A Correspondent has favoured us with the following Particulars of a barbarous Murder committed on Monday Night the 30th Ult. near Dundalk:----A Farmer who resides in the Neighbourhood of Dundalk, being at the Market of that Town, met with an old Acquaintance, a Serjeant in the Army, with whom he spent the Day, and was prevailed on by the Serjeant to stay and sleep with him that Night; but being much terrified about Midnight with a frightful Dream, he arose, and accompanied by the Serjeant, who was armed with a Case of Pistols, proceeded Home; when the first Objects that presented themselves were his Wife and two Daughters lying weltering in their Blood, with their Throats cut, and otherwise cruelly used, and three Villains plundering the House. On the Murderers finding themselves discovered, they attempted to escape, but two of them were immediately shot dead by the Serjeant, and the other taken, who is since lodged in Dundalk Goal. On Examination, they proved to be the Man of the House where they lay, and his two Sons.

Yesterday the Danish Ambassador had a private audience of His Majesty at Buckingham-house, after which he sent off an express to Copenhagen.

KINGSTON, (Jamaica) *April* 18.

The Modeste man of war, which arrived at Port Royal on Friday last, from a cruize, was, we hear, near being lost; for going down on the Main, to the leeward of Carthagena, she unfortunately touched upon a reef, where she beat her false keel off, and was obliged to throw several of her guns and stores overboard, but luckily, after continuing there near forty hours, she got off. And what is more agreeable to relate, they, by aid of a new refracting instrument, invented by their ingenious and worthy Commander, got their guns, stores, and even their false keel aboard. So that we hope to see it recorded in the future annals of naval history, that Captain Wheelock, of his Majesty's ship of war, the Modeste, was the first Commander that entered a port, with his keel on his deck.

NEW-YORK, *May* 25.

Extract of a Letter from Newry, in Ireland, dated March 31.

"The North of Ireland is in the greatest confusion it ever was

since King James's Time (occasioned it is said by the Landlords raising their rents so high, that the poor cannot live, by some late laws for inclosing the common lands, and other impositions) There are, it is supposed, in each of the Northern Counties, above 15,000 men, who call themselves Hearts of Steel, assemble in the evening at the sound of horns, march in the night through the country, take all the arms and ammunition they can find, go among the great Gentlemen and Landholders, oblige them to swear never to set their lands at above twelve shillings an acre, destroy all the leases taken at a higher rent, and oblige the Landlords to give new ones at that rate. All who join them, they swear to be true to the King, and Hearts of Steel, with some other articles, which are kept secret; each party has a Post-office for their letters. The whole army of the Kingdom, both horse and foot, are sent against them, but cannot subdue them, though many of their out-scouts, and all persons that are suspected, or even heard to talk of the Hearts of Steel, have been taken, and sent to prison, so that the goals are as full as they can hold, and the country is lying perfectly waste, for not one labourer is to be had, except old men and women: God knows how the matter will end."

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 14.

The Nancy, Barron, and Success's Increase, Leitch, from London, the Tom, Clark, from Liverpool, Molly, Stirret, and Blandford, Troop, from Glasgow, are arrived in James River. By Captain Troop we have Papers to the 2d of April, which contain very little News. The Royal Marriage Bill has passed both Houses of Parliament; Peace is concluded between the Russians and the Turks, which it is thought will only pave the Way for fresh Disturbances in Europe; there has nothing transpired from Denmark, only their Ambassador at our Court is recalled, which is looked upon as no good Omen.

PHILADELPHIA, *May* 28.

Last Thursday Evening the Honourable RICHARD PENN, Esq; Governor of this Province, was married to Miss POLLY MASTERS.

The same Evening Mr. SAMUEL MEREDITH, Merchant, of this City, was married to Miss PEGGY CADWALADER.

Last Sunday Evening died in this City, WILLIAM HICKS, Esq; a Member of the Governor's Council, and Prothonotary of Bucks County; and on Tuesday Evening, his Remains were interred in Christ Church Burying Ground, attended by a Number of respectable Inhabitants.

On Sunday, the Third Instant, died in Hunterdon County, New-Jersey, LEWIS CHAMBERLIN, *Esq; a Man of an excellent Character, and of great Use in the Township where he lived, who much lament his Death, as well as his bereaved Family.*

Yesterday departed this Life Mrs. MARY VOKES, Relict of Captain BARTHOLOMEW VOKES, late of this City, in the 89th Year of her Age: To this very advanced Period she attained, with an unusual Degree of Health, unassisted either by Physic or Exercise---being to the one averse, and using the other so sparingly, as to go but once abroad in *forty* Years. She possessed a kind, humane Disposition, and bore the gradual Decay of Nature with uncommon Patience.

The Scotch Presbyterian Church in Spruce-street, we hear, is to be opened for public Worship this Evening, at Seven o'Clock, when a Charity Sermon will be preached, in order to expedite the finishing said Church.

By Captain Scott, in six Weeks from Lisbon, we are informed, that about ten Days before he sailed, a severe Shock of an Earthquake was felt in that City, which greatly alarmed the Inhabitants; and about a Week afterwards they had another Shock, but not so violent as the former.

Captain Wallis, from Lisbon, on the 6th Instant, in Lat. 27: 32, Long. 62: 34, spoke with Captain Price, in a Schooner, from New-London for Antigua, 15 Days out; the next Day spoke a Brig from St. Croix for Milford, out 8 Days; and on the 19th, in Lat. 38: 12, Long. 73: 27, he spoke the Sloop Catherine, Captain Burr, from Montserrat for New London.

Friday last the Snow Molly, Captain Woodhouse, arrived here from Liverpool; Captain Carr, the late Master, died on the Passage, the 28th of last Month, after a tedious Illness.

By Captain Inkson, from Grenada, we learn, that a few Days before he sailed, Governor Leybourne issued a Proclamation, setting forth, that if the French Inhabitants did not take the Oath of Allegiance to his Majesty, within 25 Days from the Date thereof, they must depart that Island, unless they gave sufficient Reasons for the contrary.

Captain Thomas, arrived at New-York from Bristol, on Thursday last, spoke the Britannia, Captain Falconer, from this Port for London, all well.---The Ship Boyne, Captain Cunningham, for this Place, left Newry with Captain Russell, also arrived at New-York.---And Captain Stammers, likewise arrived there from St. Croix, on the 12th Instant, in Lat. 25, Long. 64, spoke a Ship, Captain Miller, belonging here, 18 Days from Jamaica for London, all well on board.

Last Thursday as a young Lad, Son of Mr. Johnson, Coach-maker, in this City, was riding along Market-street, by some unhappy Accident he fell from the Horse, and received so much Hurt, that he died a few Minutes afterwards.

On Saturday the 16th Instant, as Henry Philips, and Richard Kelly, two labouring Men, were at Work on the Plantation of Mr. David Davis, of Tredyffrin Township, in Chester County, a Quarrel arose between them, in which Kelly struck Philips, who thereupon went and acquainted Mr. Davis, that Kelly had struck him, and that he was resolved to go to a Magistrate, and get a Warrant for him; Mr. Davis advised him to stay and consider of it till Morning, thinking the Affair might be made up between them; but Philips took a Gun, charged it, went to the Woods where Kelly was, and shot him dead on the Spot. He then went and told Mr. Davis what he had done; who (as he bore the Character of a harmless Fellow) did not at first believe what he said, but on finding it true, he was secured, and committed to Chester Goal.

Arrived from this Port. Captains Hanse, Stimson, Davidson, and Taylor, at Jamaica; and Captain Harr, at Lisbon.

By His EXCELLENCY WILLIAM FRANKLIN, *Esq; Captain General, Governor and Commander in Chief, in and over the Province of* New-Jersey, *and Territories thereon depending in* America, *Chancellor and Vice-Admiral in the same, &c.*

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS I have received Information, that on the Night of the Twenty-second Day of this instant *May*, a barbarous and horrid Murder was committed on the Body of one *Elizabeth Knight*, in the Township of *Evesham*, by some Person or Persons as yet unknown; the said *Elizabeth Knight* having been found dead in her House, early in the Morning of the Twenty-third Instant, with her Scull broken in two Places, and her Right Arm broken below the Elbow. I HAVE THEREFORE thought fit, by and with the Advice and Consent of His Majesty's Council, to issue this Proclamation, hereby strictly charging and commanding all Justices of the Peace, Sheriffs and other Officers, within this Province, to be particularly vigilant in endeavouring to detect the Perpetrator or Perpetrators of this atrocious Murder, so that he or they may be brought to condign Punishment. And in order to encourage a Zeal and Activity in this Pursuit, I do hereby promise a Reward of FIFTY POUNDS, to be paid out of the Public Treasury of this Province, to any Person or Persons, who shall apprehend and secure the said Murderer or Murderers, so that he or they be convicted thereof. And I do farther promise His Majesty's most gracious Pardon to any Accomplice in the said Crime, who shall discover and prosecute to Conviction the principal Perpetrator of the same.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at Burlington, *the Twenty-fifth Day of* May, *in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King* George *the Third, Anno Domini One Thousand Seven Hundred and Seventy-two.*

WILLIAM FRANKLIN.

By His Excellency's Command,
CHARLES PETTIT, *D. Secretary.*

GOD save the KING.

Messieurs HALL and SELLERS,

Please to insert the following in your next Week's Paper, and oblige your ready Friend, and humble Servant,

HERCULES HABAKKUCK.

Cæcil County, Maryland, May 11, 1772.

I HAVE often been astonished at reading the Boston News, having generally in it very extraordinary Occurrences, of Accidents and Providence, &c. among which Acts of Providence, they tell us of one very extraordinary and remarkable Event which should have happened on the 23d of April last, to wit, That the Wife of Mr. Stetson, of Braintree, was delivered of her fourth Pair of Twins, and two single Births, within eight Years.------I suppose this was communicated to the Public, in order to aggrandize Mr. Stetson's Ability and Character, and more especially as a Gentleman of that Place. And if it becomes practicable, that such Feats be communicated to the Public, I think with no less Propriety may I inform the Public, that the Wife of Richard Dobson, near the Head of Elk, was delivered of five Children in fifteen Months, three still-born Children, and at another Birth Twins. And of a Gentlewoman, near Whiteclay-creek, New-Castle County, who was delivered of four live born Children at one Birth, and in twenty Months after of Twins. These two Matters are real Facts; and unless the Gentlemen of Boston and the Northward, can out-strip us here of the Southward, I beg they may not cram the News-papers with such inconsiderable Matter.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 20s. Wheat 7s. 9d. Indian Corn 4s. Ship Bread 21s. Middling Ditto 32s. White Ditto 60s. Pipe Staves 10l. Barrel Ditto 4l. Hogshead Ditto 6l. 10s. Red Oak Ditto 5l. Beef 3l. Pork 4l. 15s. West-India Rum 3s. 2d. New-England Ditto 2s. 2d. Pennsylvania Ditto 2s. 2d. Madeira Wine 40 to 60l. Muscovado Sugar 50s. to 56s. Melasses 20d. Pennsylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 14s. Tar 14. Turpentine 16s. Tobacco 25s. to 40s. Rice 25s. Lisbon Salt 20d. Bohea Tea 4s. Hemp 6d. Cotton 18d. Bar Iron 27l. Pig Iron 8l.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia,* INWARD ENTRIES.

Snow Molly, T. Woodhouse, from Liverpool. Brig Charlestown Packet, S. Wright, and Brig Prince of Wales, W. Moore, South-Carolina. Brig Georgia Packet, J. Souder; Georgia. Schooner Massachusetts, J. Smith, Boston. Schooner Molly and Fanny, J. Buck, and Sloop Bentham, R. Albertson; South-Carolina. Sloop Sally, E. Chappell, New-London. Sloop Charming Sally, T. Dewick, Virginia. Brig Rachel, E. Doane, and Ship Pennsylvania Farmer, R. Johnston, Madeira. Ship Morris, A. Hamilton, Lisbon. Brig Polly, J. Shields, Jamaica, Brig Charming Nancy, J. Cox; Cadiz. Ship Polly and Peggy, C. Wallace, and Snow Minerva, J. Scott, Lisbon. Brig Betsy, R. Inkson, from St. Eustatia.

OUTWARDS. *Sloop Dove, D. Ferguson, for New-York. Sloop Industry, Z. Hinson, Bermuda. Brig Georgia Packet, J. Souder, Georgia. Snow Sally, J. Gilbert, and Ship Charming Sally, J. Cooper, Jamaica. Ship London Packet, J. Cook, for Lisbon.*

CLEARED. *Sloop Peace and Plenty, J. Anthony, and Sloop Molly, J. Wightman, to Rhode-Island. Sloop Sally, W. Montgomery, Virginia. Brig Mary, D. Edwards, Newfoundland. Sloop Molly, E. Rogers, Boston. Brig Carpenter, S. Williams, Antigua. Schooner King Tammany, R. Shewell, Hispaniola. Sloop Hope, N. Hyman, and Sloop Sidney, J. Sanderlin, North-Carolina. Ship Concord, J. Volans, and Schooner Kingston, R. Patterson, Jamaica. Ship Newry Packet, D. Campbell, and Ship George, S. Martin, Lisbon. Sloop Dove, J. Higgs, Dominica. Schooner St. Augustine Packet, R. Harris, Georgia. Ship Mercury, J. Steel, Barbados. Sloop Sally, J. Prince, Tortola. Sloop Sally, E. Chappell, New-London. Ship Tryon, J. Hamilton, to Vigo.*

The MEMBERS of the
St. ANDREW's SOCIETY,

ARE desired to meet at Mr. MULLEN's Tavern, on Monday next, at 7 o' Clock in the Evening.

WILLIAM SEMPLE, Secretary.

SPERMACETI CANDLES, warranted GOOD; JAMAICA SUGAR, in Hogsheads; a large Parcel of good FLAX; and a few Dozen of FRONTINIAC,
To be SOLD, by
JOSIAH HEWES, in Chestnut street. 6w.

LATELY IMPORED, and now opening for sale, at
DANIEL DRINKER's Warehouse,
In WALNUT-STREET, between SECOND & THIRD-STREETS,

A Large assortment of china, glass and delph WARES, cream-coloured ditto, enamelled white and enamelled stone, black, agate, pencilled and best Nottingham wares. Also a neat assortment of japanned waiters, baskets and cannisters, best cut glass and common castors, chimney tiles, Dutch stone pickling jars, bottles, &c.

A BRIDGE, consisting of Stone Piers, Frame Platform, &c. being proposed to be built this Summer, over Wissahickon Creek, near Morris's Mill, in Whitemarsh Township. Any Person, or Persons, qualified to furnish Stone, Lime, Timber, &c. and to build the said BRIDGE, *are desired to meet the County Commissioners, at* CALEB CARMALT's *Office, in Church Alley, on the Sixth Day of* JUNE *next, at Ten o'Clock in the Morning, in order that the Proposals then offered, respecting the Undertaking the Building of the said Bridge, may be considered and determined on.* Philadelphia, May 25, 1772.

WANTED,

A PERSON to attend a SHOP, in the GROCERY BUSINESS, whose Character is indisputable; one who speaks the Dutch Language will be most acceptable. Enquire of the PRINTERS hereof. ¶

THE Subscribers, Auditors, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas, for the County of Philadelphia, to audit and settle the Accounts of the Creditors of JOHN KOPLIN, *late of Limerick Township, in the said County, do hereby give public Notice, to all the Creditors of said Koplin, to give their Attendance at the House of Archibald Thomson, in Norrington Township, on the Eleventh Day of* JUNE *next, in the Forenoon, with their Accounts, properly attested, in order that Distribution of the said Koplin's Estate may be made, according to Law.* CHARLES JOLLY, HENRY PAWLING, ISRAEL JACOBS. ‖ May 17, 1772.

RUN-AWAY,

PETER WEISDORF, a German servant man, about 36 years of age, pretty well built, about 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high; had on his own brown straight hair, and leather breeches, speaks but little English; he was delivered at the side of Delaware river, about a mile above the mouth of Anecus, in April last, on the Jersey shore, with a letter enclosing his indentures, assigned to Charles Read, Esq; to go to Mr. Fenemore's, at the mouth of Ancocus, to be sent forward to Mr. Read, at Ætna Furnace, and went off with the letter and indentures enclosed. Any person who will bring him to Mr. Read, at Ætna Furnace, in Burlington county, or to Coxe and Furman, or Adam Aker, in Philadelphia, shall have charges paid, and TWENTY SHILLINGS reward. paid by
May 26, 1772. ‖ *COXE and FURMAN.*

To the PUBLIC.

WHEREAS ABRAHAM BICKLEY, STEPHEN SHEWELL, *and* JOHN JERMAN, *for themselves, and others, heirs of* Abraham Bickley, *deceased, have cautioned the public against purchasing a tract of land, advertised in the Pennsylvania Gazette for sale, by the subscriber.*

And whereas the invalidity of the claim of the person, under whom, as I am informed, they set up their pretensions, was made manifest, upon a suit brought by her in Kent county, in the year 1696, as appears upon record ----And no persons, under whom they claim, ever had possession, nor ever thought it worth their while to revive their pretensions, from that time till now, it is surprizing, these Gentlemen should be at the cost of an advertisement.

As appeals to the public will not determine the point, the subscriber will not only satisfy the purchaser of the indisputableness of his title, but also warrant and defend the land, against the heirs of Abraham Bickley, *and all persons claiming by, from or under him.* ‖ *HUGH NEILL.*

FIFTY POUNDS Reward.

MADE his escape from Dover goal, in the county of Kent, upon Delaware, on the 21st of May instant, JOHN WINTERTON, who was committed on a charge of murder; he is a tall raw boned person, of a pale complexion, thin visage, wears his own hair, of a dark colour, generally tied behind, and has a large scar upon his nose: Had on, when he made his escape, a blue great coat, a blue close bodied coat and waistcoat, his other apparel unknown. Whoever apprehends the said John Winterton, within the county aforesaid, and brings him to the subscriber, shall receive the sum of Twenty-five Pounds; and if taken out of the said county, and secured, so that he may be brought to justice, the above reward of Fifty Pounds, paid by

Dover, May 21, 1772. ¶ JAMES CALDWELL, Sheriff.

JACOB BROOM,

SURVEYOR and CONVEYANCER, at his Office the Corner of Market-street and Third-street, in the Borough of Wilmington, and opposite David Buss, *Esquire,*

TAKES this Method to acquaint the Public, that he was regularly instructed in the Practice of Surveying and Conveyancing, and is now determined to follow it with the closest Application, and hopes to give general Satisfaction, to those who may be pleased to employ him; they may depend upon having their Business done authentically, and with the greatest Care, Secrecy and Dispatch. Any Person, wanting to place out Money at Interest, may be assured that he will procure them undoubted Security, by Mortgage, or otherwise. Said BROOM, *upon Application, will peruse and examine Titles to Lands, &c. and inform the Possessor or Owner of the Deeds, relating to such Lands, of any Defect in their Titles, also what will be needful to remedy or supply such Defect.* †

For CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

The BRIGANTINE
CHARLESTOWN PACKET,
SAMUEL WRIGHT,
MASTER;

Will sail with all convenient speed, having extraordinary accommodations for passengers, and part of her cargoe now ready to go on board. For freight or passage, apply to JOSHUA CRESSON, URIAH WOOLMAN, or the Master on board, at Millnor and Hough's wharff. *Fifth Month 26th.* 1772. ⊖

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away on the 24th of May, 1772, from the subscriber, living in Springfield, Burlington county, an apprentice lad, named JOHN WARREN, between 17 and 18 years old, small of his age, swarthy complexion, grey eyes, drak hair; had on, when he went away, a homespun shirt and trowsers, a striped Bengal jacket, double breasted, an oldish felt hat, a pair of pumps, that have been mended; he likewise took with him a fine white shirt, a pair of linen trowsers, striped with blue. Whoever takes up said apprentice, and secures him, so that his master may get him again, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by DAVID RIDGWAY.

N. B. The said *Warren* was born near Princetown, and bound to one *John Saunders*, who formerly traded in tin, but lived, at the time he parted with the said *Warren*, at Philadelphia, or Wilmington, which gives his master reason to think he has gone that way. All masters of vessels, and others, are forewarned harbouring or carrying him off, at their peril. †

Germantown, May 25, 1772.

TWENTY-FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscribers, living in Germantown aforesaid, on the 24th instant, viz. from John Jones, a Dutch or Switzer servant man, named HENRY SCHOUP, about 20 years of age, near 6 feet high; wears his own black hair, speaks broken English, a Tanner by trade, of a fair complexion, large mouth; had on, when he went away, a second hand beaver hat, a mixed nap grey coat, almost new, a cotton-velvet jacket, new sheepskin breeches, white home-made stockings, a pair of dog skin shoes, and had with him one ditto calf-skin, with plated silver buckles, two white shirts, one whereof new, and a blue striped cotton jacket.

Also run away, at the same time, from Daniel Lucken, an Irish servant man, named JOHN FAIR, of a sandy complexion, wears his hair, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, about 19 or 20 years of age, well set, has a down look, speaks good English; had on, when he went away, a blue cloth coat, with yellow carved metal buttons, a flowered cotton-velvet jacket, without sleeves, a fine white homespun shirt, almost new, buckskin breeches, mottled worsted steckings, also a pair of white thread ditto, new black-grained calfskin pumps, with large carved plated silver buckles, a silk handkerchief, and good felt hat. It is supposed they are both gone together. Whoever apprehends them, or either of them, and secures them, so that their masters may have them, or either of them again, shall have 16 Dollars for the first mentioned, and 8 Dollars for the last, paid by us, JOHN JONES, senior, DANIEL LUKEN.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry said servants off, or either of them, at their peril. § 7s6. tbetf.

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the subscriber, about the 10th of April last, a large bright BAY HORSE, between 15 and 16 hands high, black mane and tail, trimmed before, the hair worn off his withers by drawing, trots and paces, but very clumsy; had no shoes on, was 4 years old this spring, has no brand, nor other mark known. Whoever will bring said horse to the subscriber, in Lombard-street, shall receive THIRTY SHILLINGS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN GUY. †

BROKE into the pasture of the subscriber, living in Blockley township, Philadelphia county, on the 20th of this instant, a dun coloured MARE, about 14 hands high, appears to be 6 or 7 years old this spring, having a star in her forehead, her hind feet white, a natural pacer, and is shod before. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. *EDWARD GEORGE.*
May 25, 1772. †

RUN away, from the subscriber, on Sunday, the 12th of April last, an English convict servant man, named JOHN BAKER, about 20 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high, full faced, has short curly hair, and has lost the two fore fingers of the left hand: Had on, and took with him, when he went away, two hunting shirts, one of deer leather, the other of tow linen, two jackets, without sleeves, one blue cloth, the other white half thick, a tow linen shirt, leather breeches, blanket leggings, grey woollen stockings, and middling good half-soaled shoes. Whoever takes up and secures said servant in any of his Majesty's goals, so that his master may have him again, and gives information thereof to Mr. JOHN GRATTAN, Merchant, in Augusta county, near Breck's Gap, Virginia, shall have FIVE POUNDS, Pennsylvania currency, reward.
April 12, 1772. ¶ JOHN THOMAS.

Thornbury township, Chester County, Fifth Month 6, 1772.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away last evening, from the subscriber, a Welsh servant man, named JOHN WILLIAMS, *about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, 39 years of age, has long black hair, sometimes tied with a string; he had on, and took with him, an old felt hat, tow shirt, a white flannel jacket, blue cloth ditto, without sleeves, tow trowsers, white yarn stockings, a pair of dark worsted ditto, one striped silk and cotton handkerchief, one brown silk ditto, strong shoes, nailed, and an old sheepskin apron: He is backward in conversation; and can turn his hand to many branches of business, both on land and by water. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so as his master may have him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, from* JOHN BRINTON.

All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off, at their peril. ¶

TO BE SOLD BY
TOBIAS REHM, Stone-cutter in *Lancaster*,
A Variety of Marble TOMB and HEAD-STONES, for the lowest prices. †

Qui dat videre, dat vivere. Etc.

THE infinitely wise Author of nature has assigned the Eyes and Ears the most useful and important offices of life: The structure of those delicately tender organs, is so exquisitely minute, the mechanism and properties of their various parts so admirably curious, that they may be stiled, with propriety, the miracles of nature. The great variety of dangers and diseases, manifest and occult, to which those precious senses are exposed; the little attention that hitherto has been paid to the improvement of this noble science; and so few properly qualified, have engaged in its practice, that to study them in any degree suitable to their importance, is full business for life.

The ineſtimable blessing and great advantages which attend a perfect enjoyment of the sight and hearing, are obvious to all; but the deplorable and truly pitiable condition of the blind and deaf, is attended with such solitary discomfort, such gloomy ideas, and constant uneasiness of mind, as no one can be truly sensible of, who has not in some measure experienced it himself.---How noble therefore, how deserving of the nicest cultivation, must that art be, that can restore sight to the blind, hearing to the deaf, speech to the dumb, and keep in order the springs of those masterpieces of creative wisdom! That art must needs be divine, because, thus assisted, our minds are inspired with the grandest apprehensions of Almighty God!

To the INHABITANTS *of* BRITISH AMERICA.

DR. GRAHAM, OCULIST and AURIST,

MOST respectfully offers his best services; and acquaints them that he may be consulted at his house in Arch-street, between Front and Second-streets, in this city, in all disorders of the eye and its appendages; and in every species of deafness, hardness of hearing, ulcerations, noise in the ears, &c. Those persons who have had the unspeakable misfortune of being born deaf and dumb, and those who labour under any impediment in their speech, by applying personally, as above, will, probably, be assisted.

The anatomy and diseases of the human body, in general, have always been his favourite study; but the structure and disorders of those sympathetic and nearly connected organs, just mentioned, have, for several years, particularly engaged his attention and practice: From thence he hath deduced on rational principles, methods of cure, improved and confirmed by the most accurate observations, in the course of a most extensive and peculiarly successful practice.

The candid and intelligent inhabitants of these parts of the British colonies can readily distinguish true merit from pretended knowledge. All, therefore, that Dr. Graham chooses to say concerning his medical abilities is, that after several years study at the justly celebrated University of Edinburgh, he has travelled in pursuit of knowledge, in his favourite branches, attending the infirmaries and hospitals, as well as the lectures of the most eminent Professors in Europe. These considerations, added to his having had far more experience as an Oculist and Aurist, than any other of the profession on this vast continent, encourage him to hope for some share of the confidence of the public, for whose service and benefit, he thus publicly declares his utmost abilities shall be exerted.

Notwithstanding it has ever been a custom with the professed Oculists and Aurists of Europe, to conceal their method of practice, and to refuse to communicate to any one the knowledge they possessed; yet, as his concerns in England will not permit him to remain long in America, and in order that his method may be rendered of as diffusive utility as possible, he proposes to instruct and appoint, after a series of actual practice, *one* person in every province through which he may pass, to succeed him in treating, after the most improved method, the diseases of the eyes and ears; and to communicate to them, from time to time, such discoveries and improvements, as may result from future practice. A premium will be expected, and none need apply but those who have been regularly bred to the profession of physic or surgery.

Since the first of November last, upwards of an hundred and fifty patients have been cured or relieved of the following disorders, many of whom had been of very long standing, and deemed altogether incurable by other practitioners, viz. Total and partial blindness; weakness and diminution of sight; pain, swelling, and inflammation of the eyes; weak, watery, red, spongy, and ulcerated eye-lids, involuntary weeping of the tears; tumours and excrescences; *fistul. lachrym.* &c.---Total and periodical deafness; thickness of hearing; pain and inflammations, cracking, itching, continual and remitting noises and sounds in the ears; offensive runnings, occasioned by colds, swelling, swimming, picking and improper applications, long and severe sickness; ulcerations, with caries of the bones; *polypi*, &c.---and several persons born deaf and dumb, who have made considerable advances in speaking and hearing.

*** The poor, who apply properly recommended, will be assisted *gratis*, with advice, medicines, and manual operations, as their respective cases may require; and for that purpose, he will appropriate every morning, Sundays excepted, between the hours of six and eight.

May 24, 1772.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN in the night between the 22d and 23d instant, out of the yard of Mr. Hoffman, at the sign of the Blue Ball, in Campington, a red HORSE, between 13 and 14 hands high, has a small star in his forehead, and some white hair at his nose, a short tail, with some white and black hair, a black mane, hanging down on his off side. He paces, and sometimes trots a little, and is very apt to bite. Whoever takes up the Horse and Thief, and secures them, and gives notice thereof to Mr. Hoffman, at the sign of the Blue Ball aforesaid, so that the owner may have his horse again, and the thief brought to justice, shall have the above reward of THREE POUNDS, *or* FORTY SHILLINGS *for the horse only, and reasonable charges, paid by me* JACOB SPECHT. ‡

TWO POUNDS Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in East-Fallowfield township, Chester county, an indented apprentice lad, by trade a weaver, named DUNCAN M'FERRICH, a thick set lad, fair faced, with fair hair, which curls when it is combed, speaks coarse, with a kind of stoppage or stammer in his talk, and one of his eyes is bigger than the other: Had on, and took with him, when he went away, one brown thick cloth jacket, one white linen corded ditto, one blue broadcloth ditto, with the backs of a lighter blue than the fore parts, one fine linen shirt, one common shirting ditto, and one tow cloth ditto, one pair striped trowsers, and two tow linen ditto, two pair of stockings, one woollen, the other thread, one pair of shoes, with three books, and several other things, not yet known. Whoever takes up said runaway, and brings him to his master, or secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, so that his master may have him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by WILLIAM PARKHILL. ¶

EIGHT DOLLARS *Reward.*

RUN away from his bail, in Tuskarora, Cumberland county, in Pennsylvania, one THOMAS MOORE, *an Englishman, a Taylor by trade, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, 30 years of age, of a swarthy complexion, spare faced, with a blemish on one of his eyes, a very large beard, and a remarkable long nose, much pock-marked; had on a new pair of buckskin breeches, too large for him, an old short coat, of a lightish brown colour, an old patched jacket, old shoes, with buckles, and an old wool hat, but may change his clothes; took with him an iron grey mare, 3 years old, and a whitish shagged dog, lately clipped about the head and neck, says he worked in Baltimore, and in Philadelphia, and in most parts of this province. Whoever apprehends said* MOORE, *and secures him in any goal, and gives me notice, shall have the above reward, paid by*

May 11, 1772. ‖ *THOMAS BEALE.*

Baltimore, May 14, 1772.

ALEXANDER LEWIS, *of Chester county, having published in the Pennsylvania Gazette, a pretended title and claim to part of a tract of land called New-Munster, brings his title from a grant in the year 1683, for 6000 acres from the Proprietor of Maryland, to Edward Odwire, and from Odwire to Toas, who became insolvent: That Robert Roberts obtained an act of Assembly of Maryland, to sell and convey said Toas's land,--so far is very right---and the title to said lands, so sold and conveyed, is deemed good and valid;---nor do I contend for any land that is contained within the metes and bounds of that tract or parcel of land, which said Roberts was impowered to sell and convey. The land for which I contend is another clear and distinct tract, and lies totally out of the metes and bounds of the abovementioned tract or parcel of land, and is patented to me in the land-office of Maryland, by the name of Alexander's Lot. I return to Robert Roberts, from whom (says Mr. Lewis) Abraham Emmit obtained a deed for 200 acres, and sold 100 to Dr. Kennedy, and Kennedy to him. I now tell Mr. Lewis, and all whom it may concern, that said Roberts sold and conveyed all the lands he was impowered to sell, in and about the years 1712 to 1718, which doth appear by his deeds, duly executed, and on record, in Cæcil county, and the name of Emmit is not to be found in any of said deeds or conveyances: But there is on the records of said county, a deed from Robert Roberts to Abraham Emmit, bearing date the eighth of November, in the year 1762, at least 44 years after those lands had been all sold and conveyed; and I am well informed, that about 20 years after the decease of Robert Roberts, (who was impowered to sell and convey said lands.) In the year 1767, Susanna Alexander, widow of John Alexander, who had possessed the lands, now called Alexander's Lot, in peace, for upwards of 50 years, became tenant to me during her natural life, and rented out part thereof to one John Jordan. That upon the decease of said Susanna Alexander, Doctor Samuel Kennedy did, by large promises, influence said Jordan (then my under tenant) to turn tenant unto said Kennedy, and executed an article of agreement between them. Upon this footing, and this only, did Dr. Kennedy set up his right of possession, and on my ordering said Jordan off the premises (who went off) said Kennedy came and endeavoured with all his power to put me out of said house, but did not; and after resting himself for some time in the house, went away with Mr. Ruston and Emmit, who came with him: Then did said Kennedy get a jury of enquiry to find the right of possession, which jury sat at the Cross-roads, in Chester county, Pennsylvania, about eight miles distant from the premises, nor did they suffer one man to sit on said jury who lived within seven miles of said lands, nor did they admit any evidence, but such as Dr. Kennedy produced, saying, they would hear no evidence against the King. This jury, as it is said, found either Force or Detainer, and sent the Sheriff of Chester county, with near an hundred armed men, who mutinied at the Provincial Line, and about fifty men, with the Sheriff, came over, and drove out my tenants, threw out their goods, and put in a tenant for Dr. Kennedy, although the very lands of which they took possession, were about one mile south of the reputed temporary line, and farther south of the new lines, as settled by the province commissioners. And the very title upon which Dr. Kennedy contended, was from the Proprietor of Maryland, an act also to confirm said title, was from the Assembly of Maryland; the deed of conveyance likewise from Emmit to Kennedy, in the same year, 1767, was acknowledged before George Cato, and Joseph Gispin, Esqrs. of Cæcil county, Maryland, and recorded in said county. They also left several hired men, bearing arms, to protect their tenants for some time. But John Jack, the person who was put into possession, shortly after committed some crimes, for which writs were issued from the court of Cæcil county, against him, upon which he moved off, in order to escape being brought to justice. A complaint was then made by said Jack and others to the Governor and Council in Pennsylvania, from whom a requisition was sent to the Governor and Council of Maryland, who, willing to redress all grievances, appointed a commission to sit near said premises, and take the evidences and allegations of both parties, where the said John Jack and others were summoned to attend; but they rather than have the matter brought to a fair and just determination, chose not to attend, and to let their complaint, and all their proceedings fall, and I have since that time remained in peaceable possession, until Mr. Lewis, thinking himself more wise, and more mighty, than other men, has renewed the old contention, without so much as ever making any survey to ascertain the land, which he claims.*

If either Dr. Kennedy, Jack, or Lewis, had but sense enough to have surveyed this tract of land, for which they have alternately contended, they might have saved themselves all the trouble and cost attending this contention.

Let the abovementioned Champions in Politics take notice of his Majesty's orders, published by Proclamation, bearing date the 29th of August, 1738; after settling the temporary line, between the provinces of Pennsylvania and Maryland, in which are these words, that, "South of said line, the temporary jurisdiction over the same, is agreed to be exercised by the Proprietor of Maryland, and his Governor, Courts and Officers."

If Mr. Lewis's title be as good as he pretends, why will he not bring suit at law, which if he does I will answer, and for the future not otherwise. MARK ALEXANDER. ‖

CAME to the Plantation of the Subscriber, in Bethlehem Township, Northampton County, on the First Day of May inst. a small black HORSE, about 13 Hands and a Half high, supposed to be about five Years old, paces and trots, but most natural to pace, branded on the near Thigh B, and his Right Ear seems to lop, as if hurt when young. The Owner is desired to come, prove his Property, pay Charges, and take him away.

May 15, 1772. ¶ ROBERT FITZ RANDOLPH.

JUST IMPORTED, and to be SOLD, by

MICHAEL HILLEGAS,

At his House, in Second-street,

A GREAT Variety of *Music*, consisting of SOLOS, OVERTURES, CONCERTOS, SONATAS, DUETTS, LESSONS, &c. of the very best Authors; TUTORS, or BOOKS of INSTRUCTION, for the VIOLIN, GERMAN FLUTE, COMMON FLUTE, FIFE, and HAUTBOY; beside an Assortment of ruled Music-paper, Violin and Guittar Strings, Hautboy Reeds, and some very neat Guittars, Violins, German Flutes, Fifes, French Horns, &c. &c. 6 W.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On the 29th day of this instant May,

A Valuable Tavern and Tract of Land, situate in Lower Merion, Philadelphia county, on Lancaster road, where Darby, Chester, the County Line, and John Roberts, Miller's roads come in and cross each other, near twelve miles distance from Philadelphia, containing 42 acres; there is on said land three dwelling houses, viz. a licensed public house, known by the name of the Rose and Crown, being two stories high, with four rooms on the first floor, and two above, a good cellar under the whole, a good garden, stables, and a large new barn, a thriving young orchard, with about 130 bearing apple trees, about 31 acres of cleared land, part well limed, 5 acres whereof is good meadow, and more may be made, the remainder is well timbered; another is a well built new square log dovetail house, with a good cellar under the whole, and stone chimnies; the third house is not so good: Likewise to be sold, at the same time and place, a lease for 11 years and 11 months, of a lot of ground, about one acre, in Radnor, joining the County Line, opposite the above tavern, whereon is a large dwelling-house, shop, and good cellar, very convenient for a store, weaver, potter, waggoner, or any tradesman; the whole rents at upwards of 34l. per year; to be sold for less than 500l. On paying one half of the purchase money, credit will be given for the remainder, paying interest. Any person inclining to purchase the whole, or part, may enquire of Peter Evans, on the premises, John Smith, in Radnor, John Jones, Watch-maker, in Germantown, or the owner John Jones, near Bethlehem. ‡

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the London Coffee-house, on Seventh Day of the week, the 30th instant, at 7 o'clock in the evening (pursuant to the last will and testament of Joseph Town, deceased)

A GOOD two story BRICK HOUSE, two rooms on a floor, with fire-places in each room, with a good cellar, and a kitchen in part of it, situate on the south side of Christian-street, between Front and Water or Swanson-streets, not far from Joseph Wharton's wharff, Southwark; the LOT is 20 feet front, and 80 feet deep, on a 30 feet alley. Also one other LOT, adjoining the above-mentioned lot, of the same dimensions, with a wooden shop thereon. The whole is subject to a groundrent of Two Shillings currency a foot, per annum.

JANE TOWN, Executrix, JOHN PARRISH, Executor.

Said *Parrish* has for sale, a quantity of neat and well polished Flag-stones and Chimney-pieces, lately imported from England.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the London Coffee-House, on Friday, the 5th of June, at six o'clock in the evening, (if not sold before, at private sale)

A LOT or PIECE of GROUND, situate on the east side of Fifth-street, near Arch-street corner, containing in breadth on Fifth-street 16 feet, and in length or depth 60 feet, clear of groundrent. For further particulars, enquire of the Printers.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Friday, the 29th of May next, at the house of Jacob Hall, Esq; in Lower Dublin township, a certain messuage and plantation, or tract of land, situate in Lower Dublin township, containing 27 acres, and 20 perches, or thereabouts, be the same more or less; bounded by ground of John Peters, and others, late estate of John Hall (at present in the tenure of Jacob Hall) seized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Wednesday, the 3d of June next, (if a fair day, if not the first fair day after) precisely at 3 o' clock in the afternoon, and to be struck off at 6 o' clock, on the premises, a tract or piece of land, situate in Moyamensing township, containing about 3 acres and 127 perches, be the same more or less, having a fine commodious brick house, brick kitchen, stables, &c. erected thereon (having been a well accustomed Tavern for many years) bounded by ground of Stephen Carmick, Conrad Kimmel, and others; late the estate of Adam Weaver; seized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

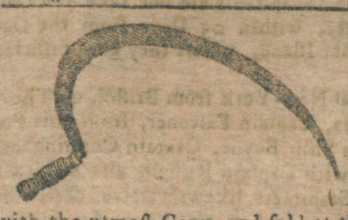
FOURTEEN HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, in Derry township, Lancaster county; 281 acres thereof at the mouth of Conewagoe creek, and up the river Susquehanna; the land exceeding good, and well timbered; upwards of 40 acres of meadow, on the said creek, may easily be made and watered; also very convenient seats for a merchant and saw-mills, it being bounded on the river, and above the Conewagoe falls, and therefore has the convenience of water-carriage to the heads of said river. There are 30 acres clear, a log-house, 16 by 20, and some bearing apple trees.

Also 223 acres, part of an Island in the river Susquehanna, and opposite the above mentioned tract, 30 acres whereof are clear, the remainder rich, and well timbered. Also 500 acres of land, 2 miles above the mouth of Conewagoe creek, and adjoining the river Susquehanna. There are two tenements, with tolerable good log-houses, about 80 acres clear on the whole, some meadow already made, and a large quantity more to be cleared, and may be easily watered.

Also 400 acres, 3 miles from the river, and near the Round Top; at least 100 acres of meadow may be made on this tract; the whole remarkably well watered and timbered, and the greatest part of the upland very good for grain.

Any person or persons inclinable to purchase the whole, or any part of the said land, are desired to apply to the subscriber, on Friday, the 12th of June, at the house of Mr. SLOUGH, in Lancaster. Any person desirous to view the lands, before the day of sale, are requested to apply to JACOB METSKER, adjoining one of the tracts, who will shew the lands.

¶ 10s. JOSEPH GALLOWAY.



ONE HUNDRED and Twenty DOZEN of SICKLES, now preparing for the HARVEST, by JAMES HENDRICKS, Cutler, South Side of Market-street, the fourth Door above the Prison, they will be done with the utmost Care, and sold at the lowest Rates, and ensured to be good. ¶ 6W.

A LARGE Quantity of SCYTHES and SICKLES, prepared for the ensuing Harvest, and to be sold Wholesale or Retail by the Subscriber, living in Third-street, between Market and Arch-streets. Also Iron Work for Grist and Saw-mills, Clothier and Timber Screws, Smith's Bellows, and most Sorts of Smith's Work. Tbc. WILLIAM DAWSON.

FOR CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

The BRIG PRINCE OF WALES, WILLIAM MOORE, Master; WILL sail with all convenient speed, having great part of her cargo ready to go on board. For freight or passage apply to MASON and HARTLEY, or said Master on board, lying near Arch-street wharf.

To be sold, by said Mason and Hartley, at their store, nearly opposite the Old Ferry, a neat assortment of East-India and European goods, choice RICE, sheathing nails and paper. ¶

FOR LONDON,

The Ship *CAROLINA*, BENJAMIN LOXLEY, Master; WILL sail with all Expedition. She is a good Ship, and has extraordinary Accommodations for Passengers. For Freight or Passage, apply to JEREMIAH WARDER, and SONS, or said Master, at the London Coffee-House. *May* 14, 1772.

FOR BRISTOL,

THE ship Severn, James Hathorn, Master, expected to sail in 3 weeks, having a great part of her cargoe ready to go on board; she is a fine cedar built ship, sails fast, and has good accommodations for passengers; for freight, or passage, apply to said Master, or to STOCKER and WHARTON, at their warehouse, next door to Mr. Joseph Sims, where they have to dispose of, the following articles,----3d. 4d. 8d. 10d. 12d. and 20d. nails, both sharp and flat points; sheathing nails and paper; white lead ground; Bristol beer; Taunton ale; Cheshire and Gloucester cheese; pipes, of various sizes, in boxes and kegs; crates of phials; forge hammers; grindstones; baskets of quart and half gallon empty bottles; sail duck, No. 1 to 8; glass 8 by 10, 9 by 11; pigeon, duck, and goose shot; powder; sheet and bar lead; boxes of tin; also rum, sugar, sweet oil, &c. *May* 14, 1772.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.